

Lithium abundances in extremely metal poor turn-off stars

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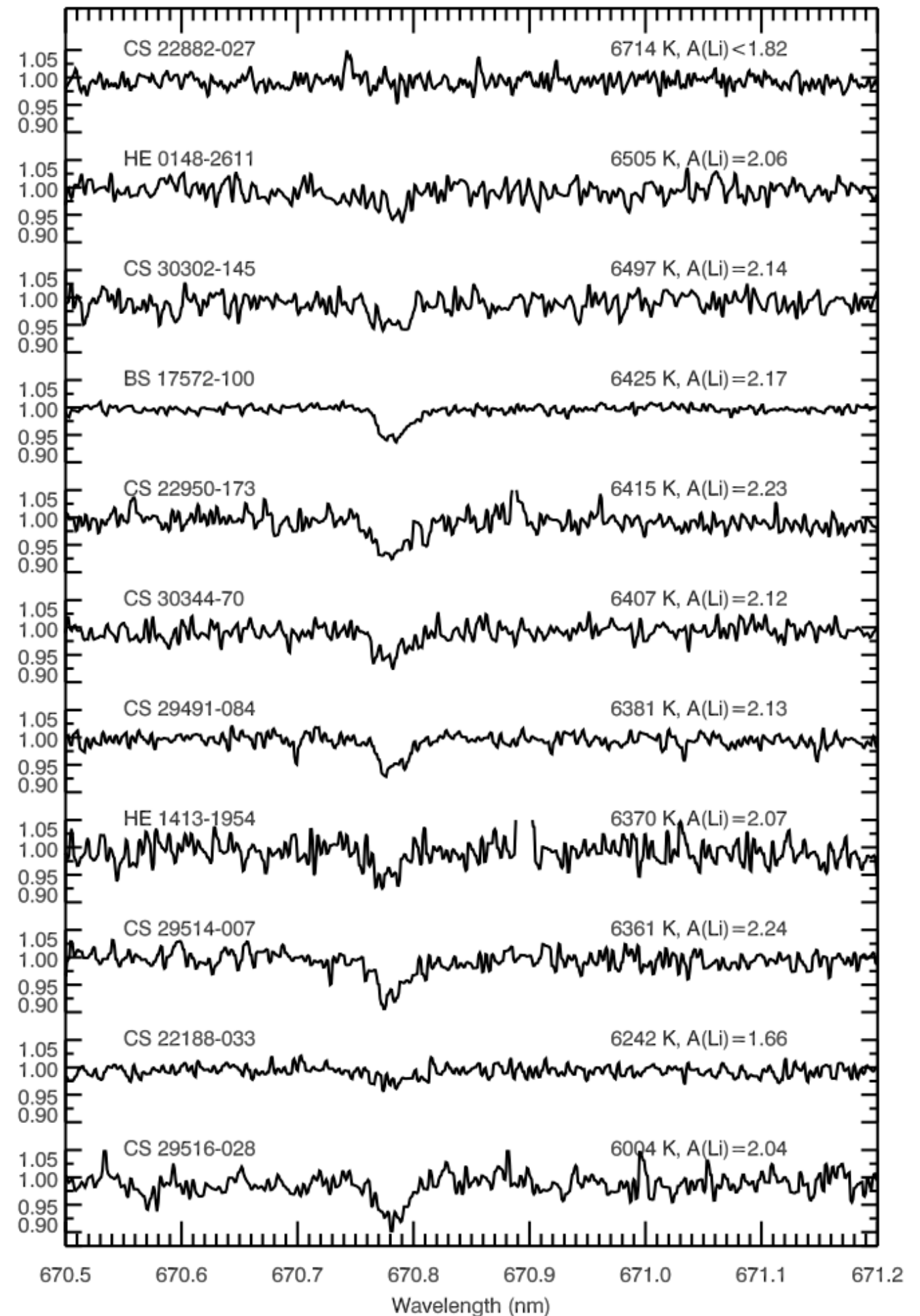


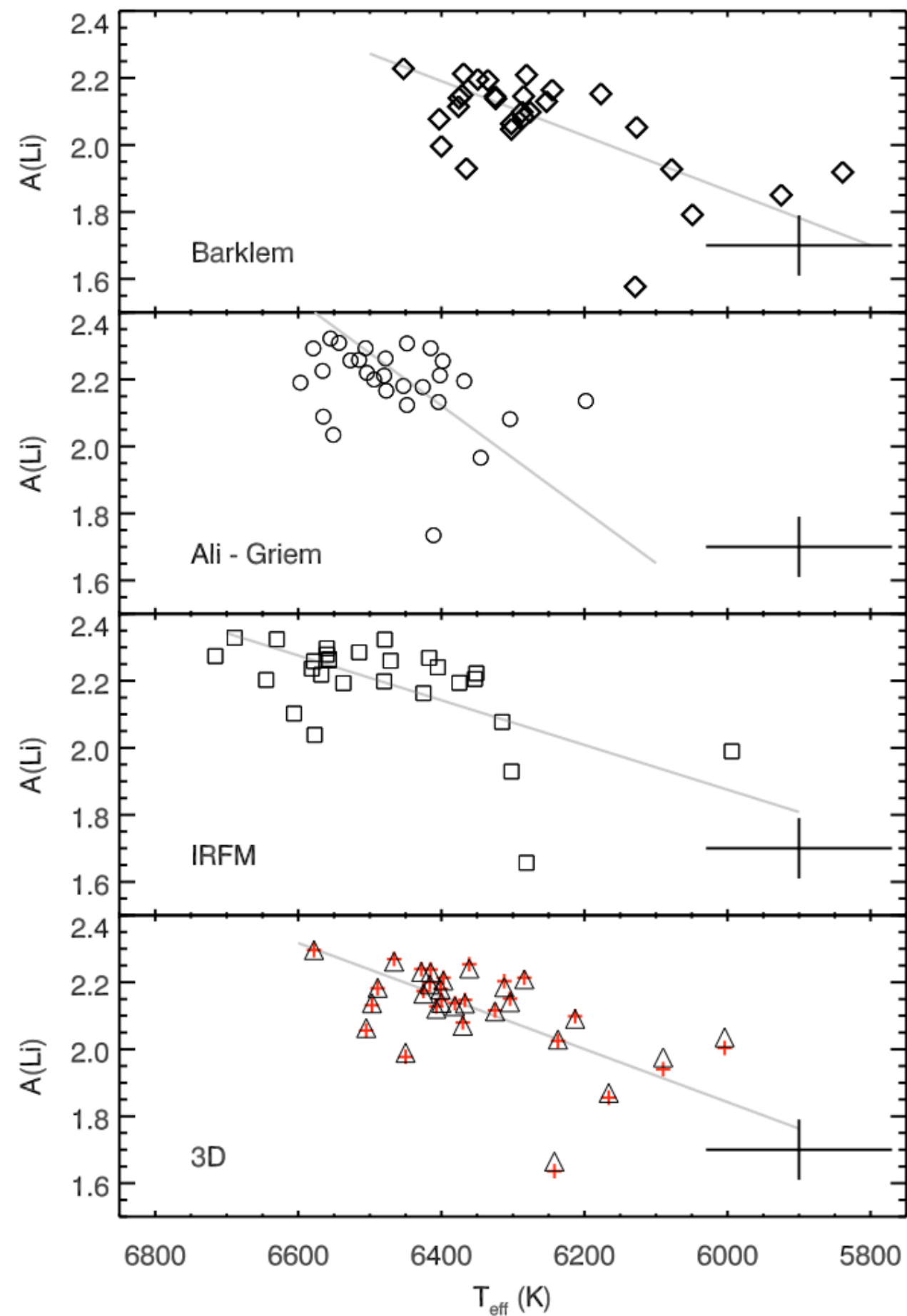
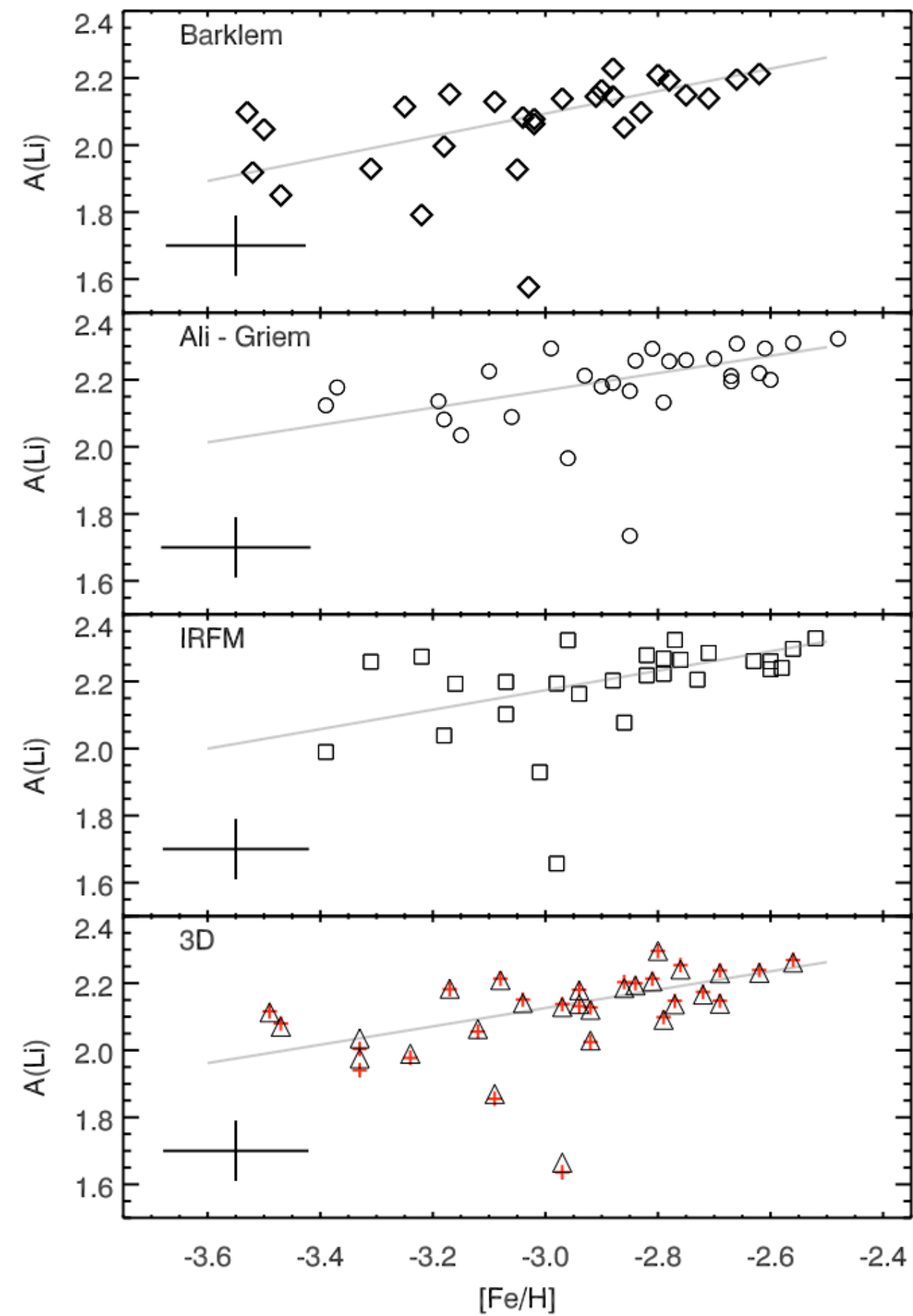
And with...

P. Bonifacio, E. Caffau, R. Cayrel, P. François, B.
Freytag, L. Monaco, M. & F. Spite, H. G. Ludwig, M.
Steffen...

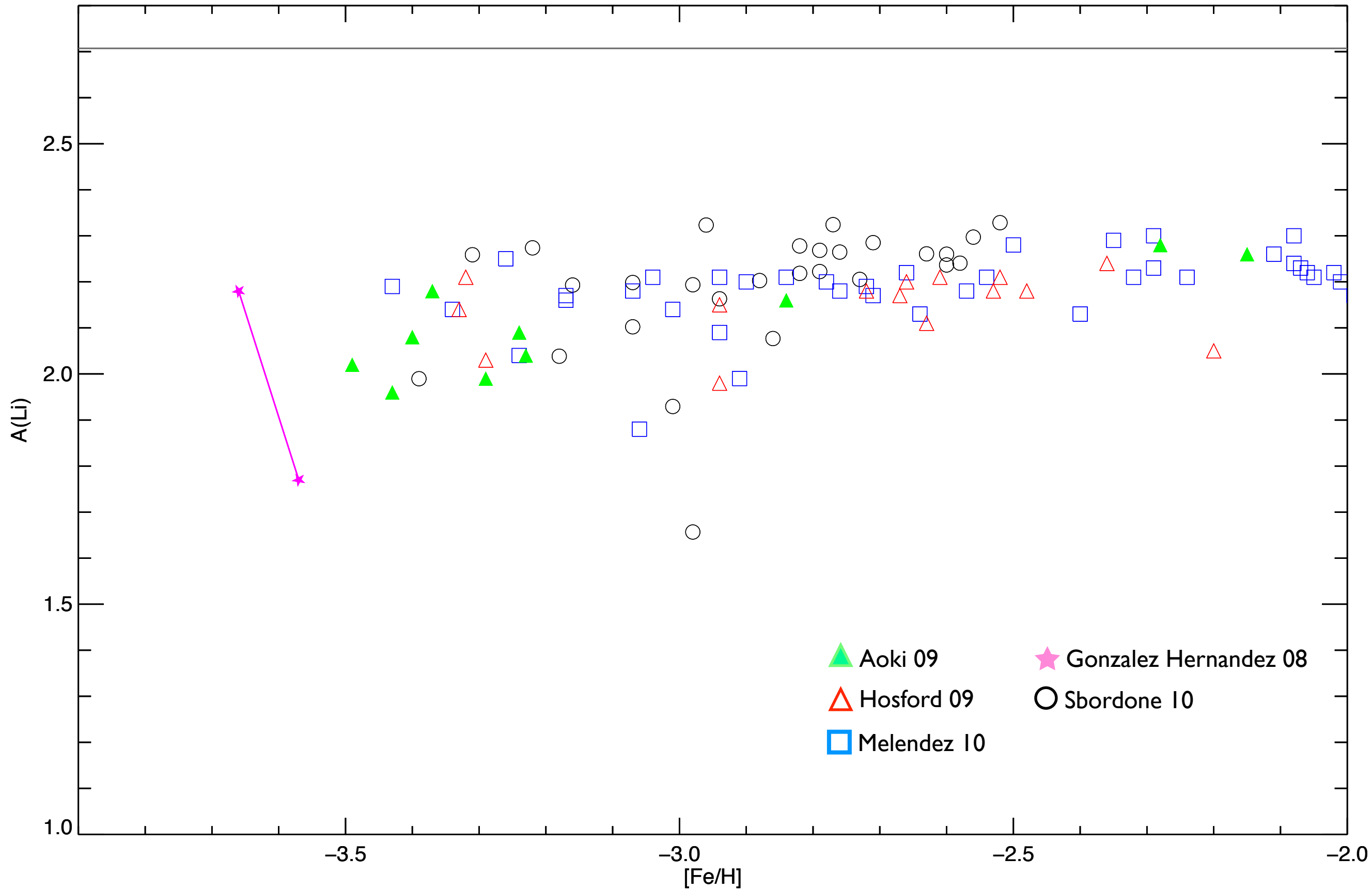
Sbordone et al. 2010 sample...

- 28 Halo dwarf/To stars between $[\text{Fe}/\text{H}] = -2.5$ and -3.5
- Full parameter determination with 4 different temperature scales: 3 $\text{H}\alpha$ - based, and IRFM
- “Preferred” T_{eff} and parameters based on 3D CO^5BOLD $\text{H}\alpha$ wing profiles and full 3D-NLTE Li doublet spectroscopy.
- But I will use IRFM-based temperatures here for “consistency” with other studies.

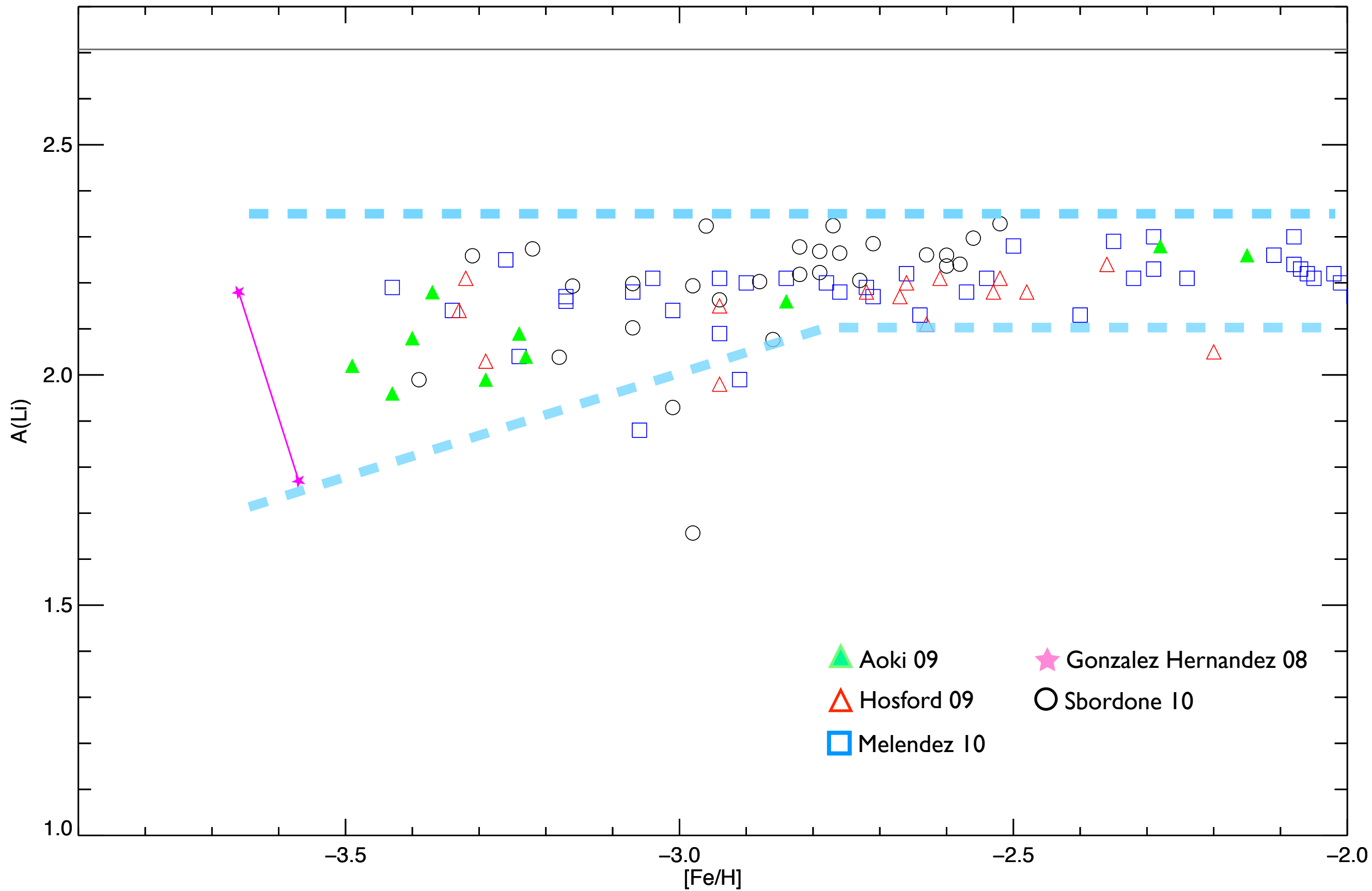




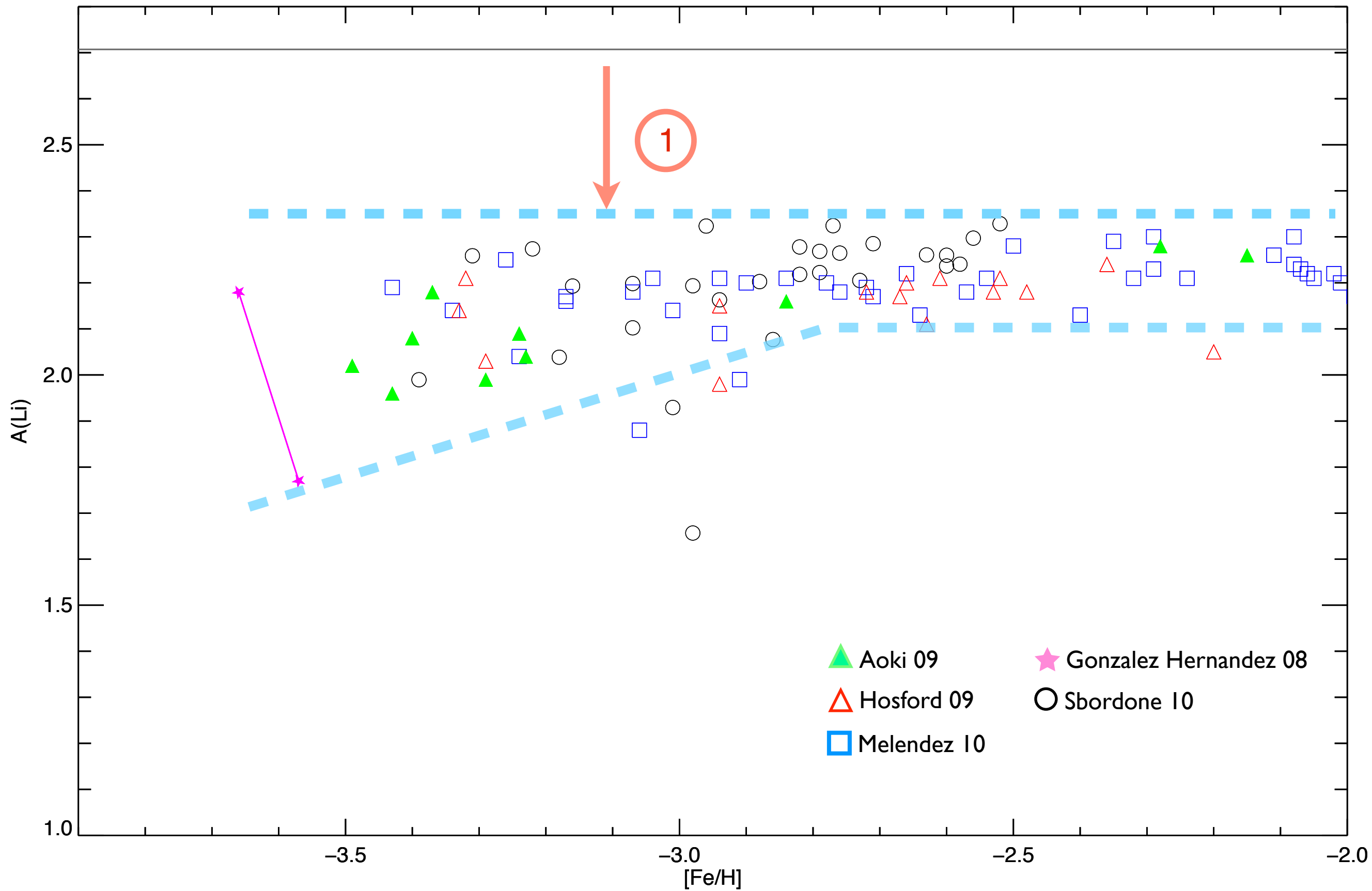
$A(\text{Li})$ vs $[\text{Fe}/\text{H}]$



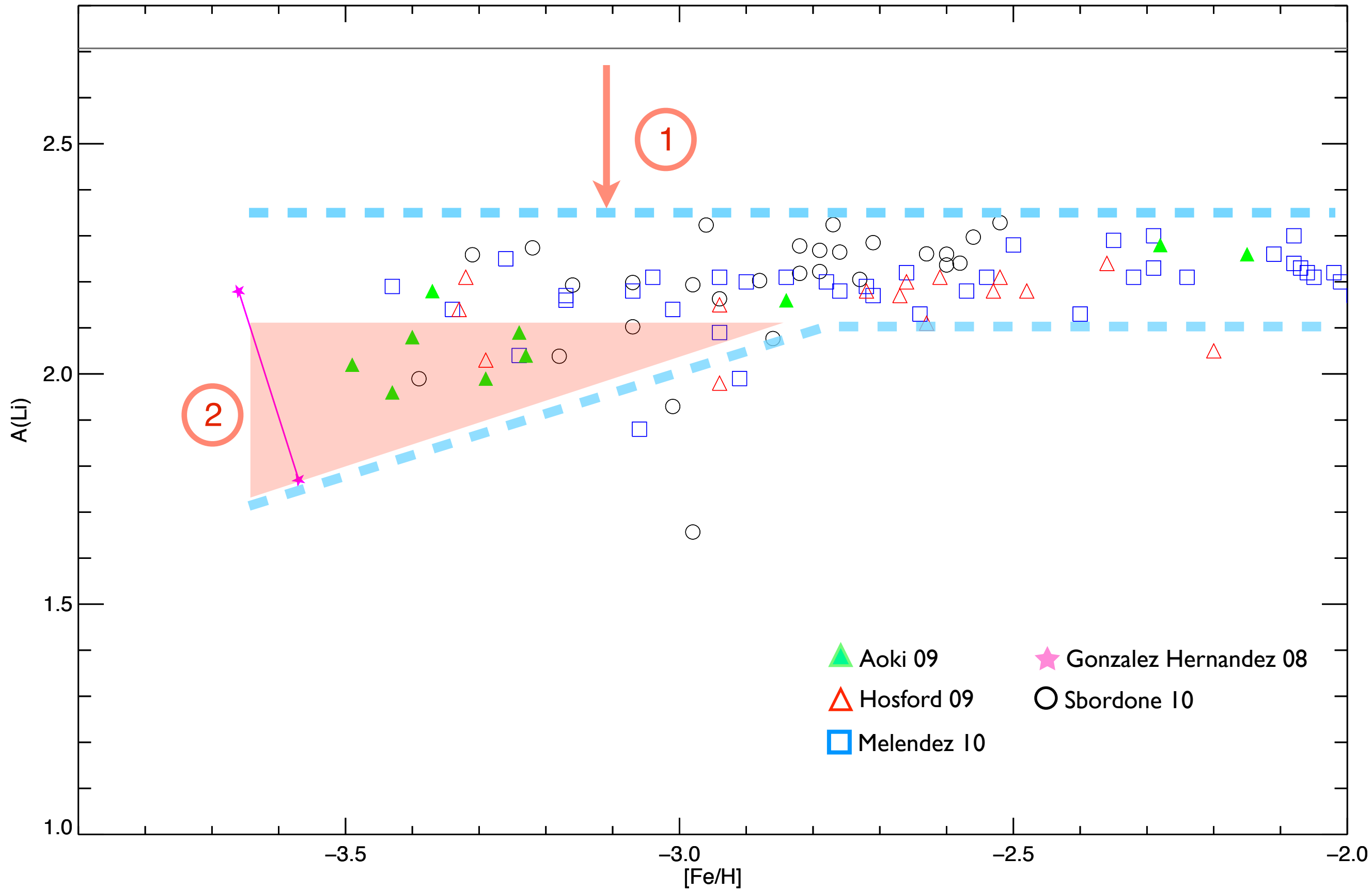
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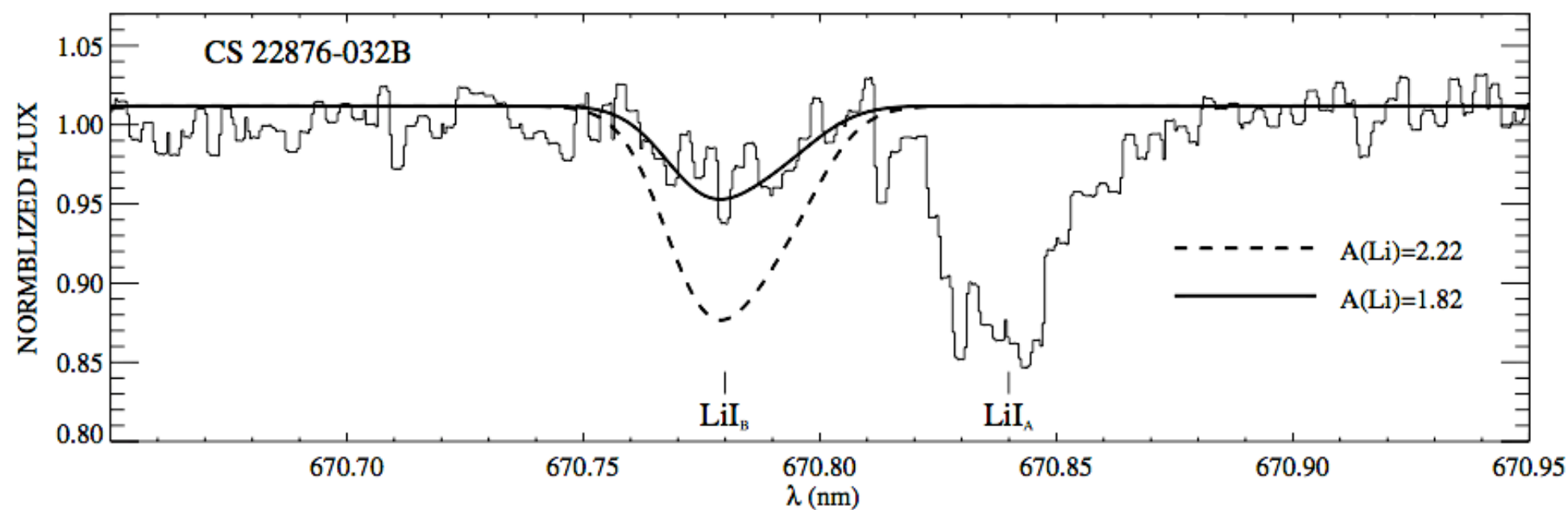
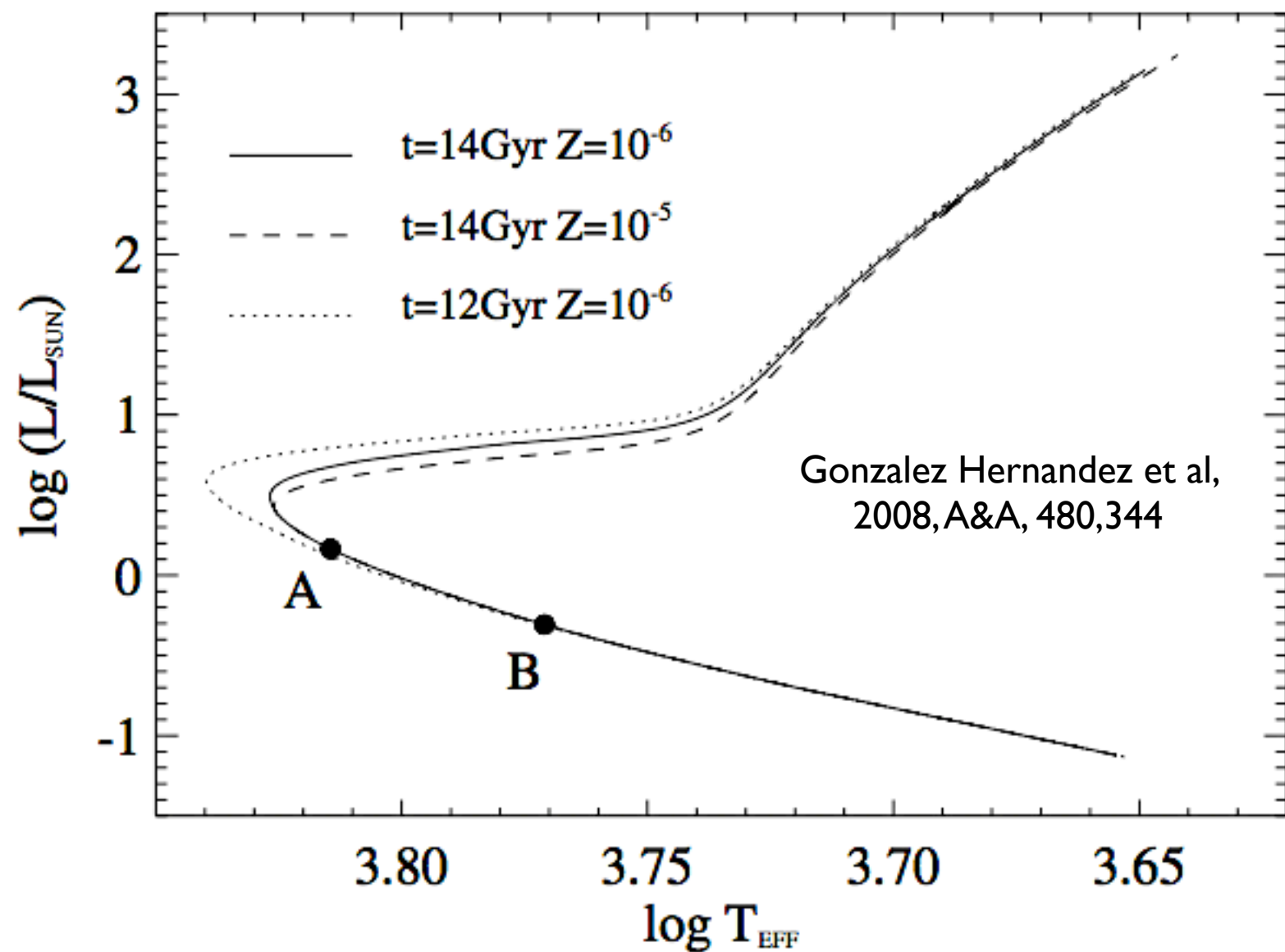
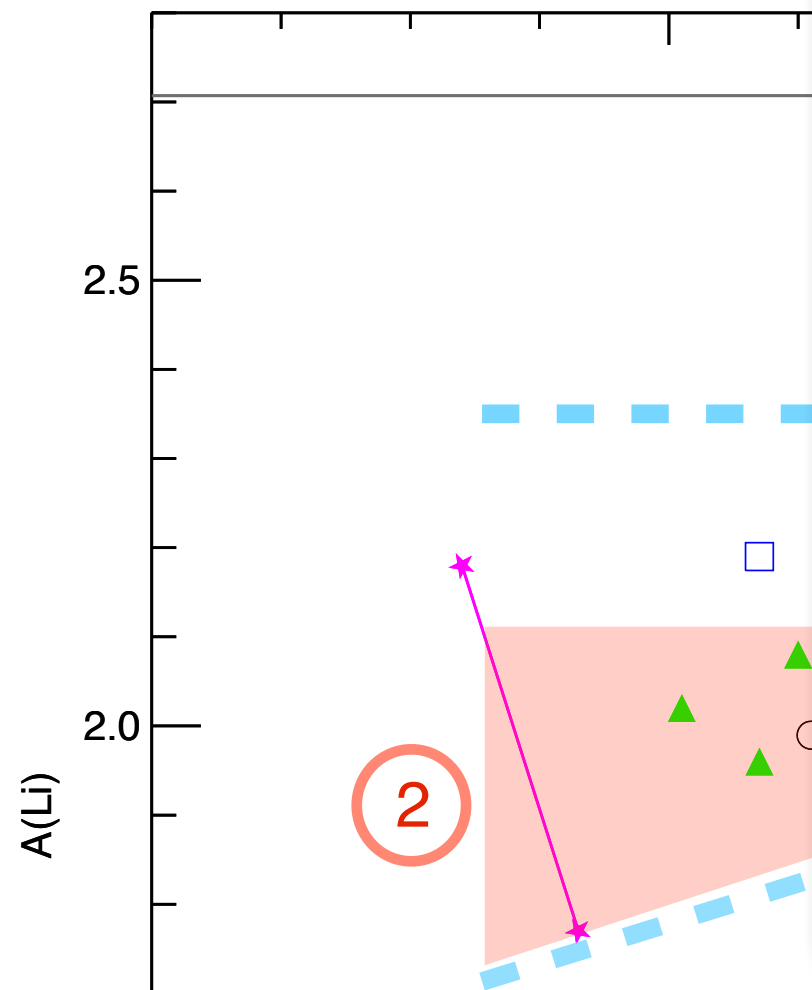
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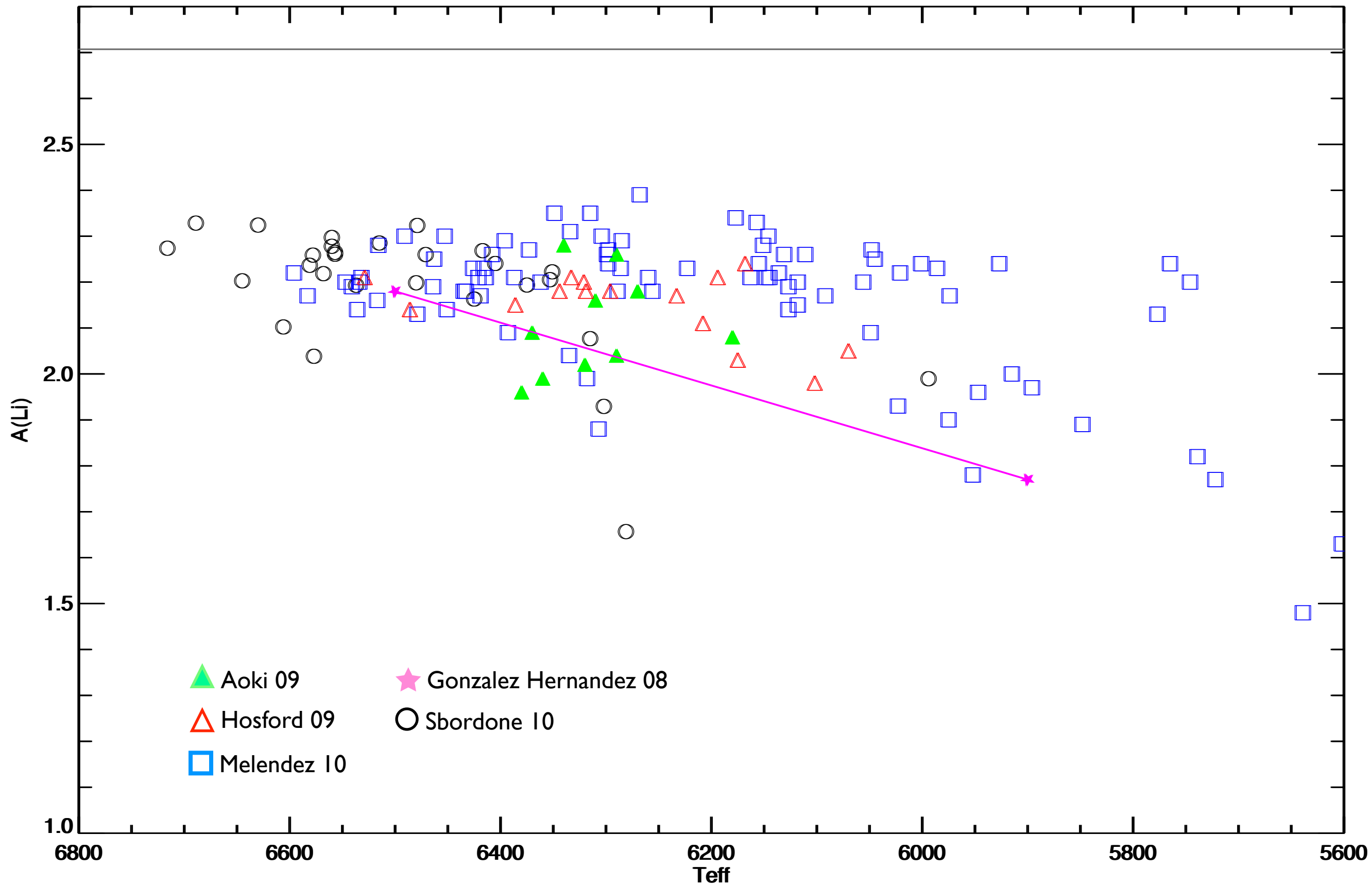


A(Li) vs [Fe/H]



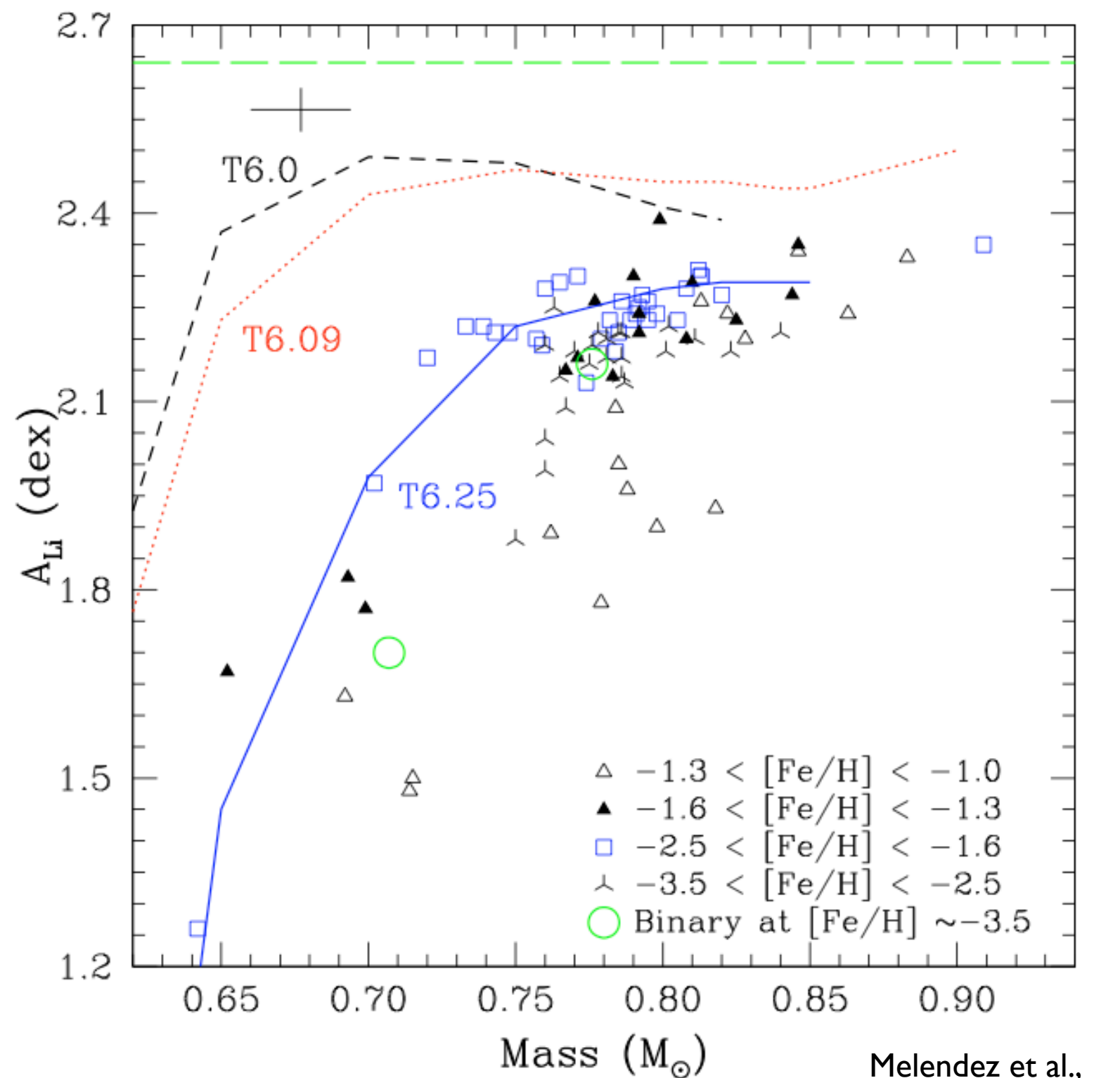
lez 08

$A(\text{Li})$ vs T_{eff}



Is depletion mass sensitive?

- Melendez et al. 2010 propose that the “meltdown” is the result of stronger Li depletion in lower mass stars.
- TO for given mass is hotter at lower $[\text{Fe}/\text{H}]$
- Suggest a temperature-metallicity cutoff:

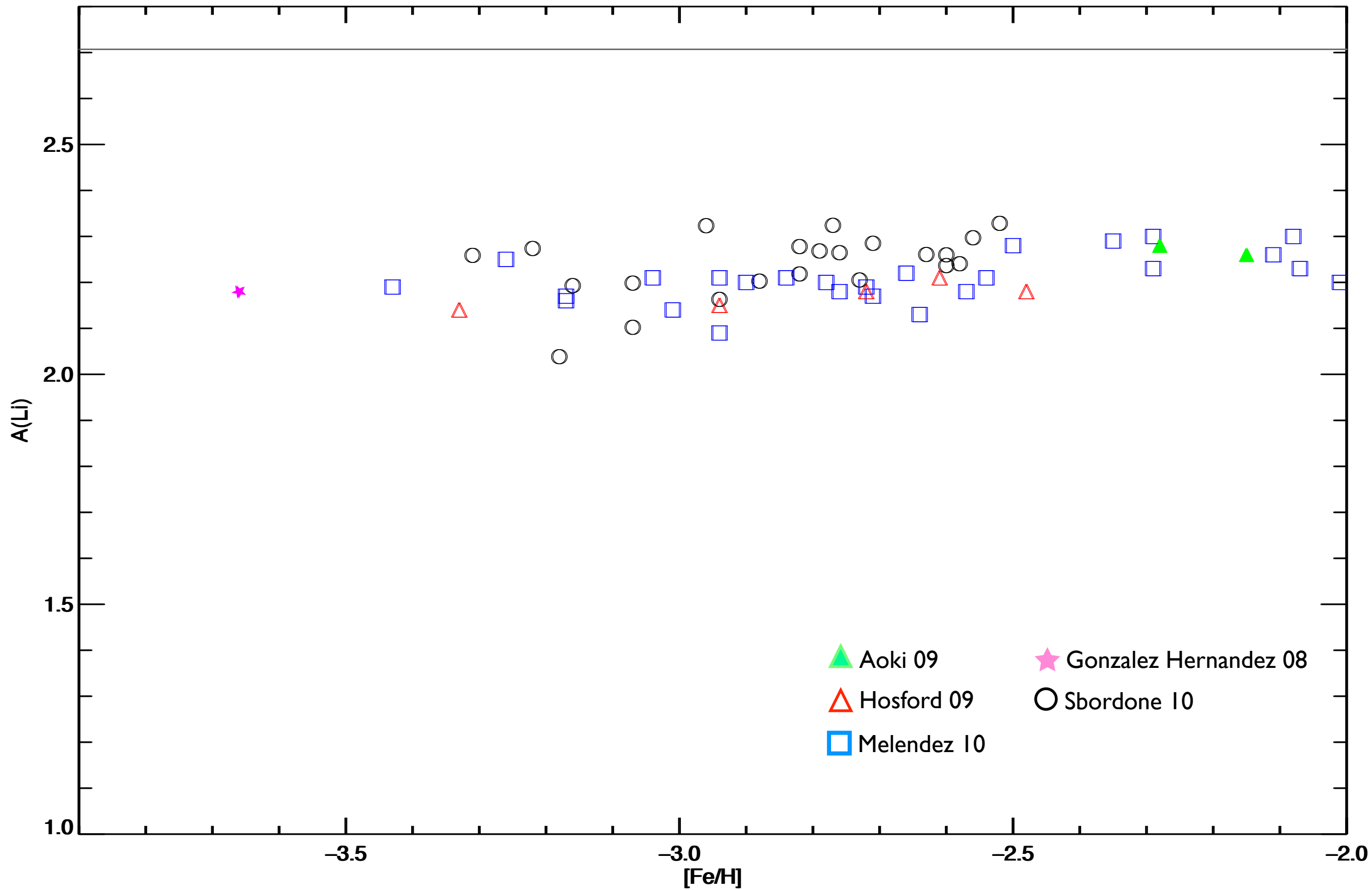


Melendez et al.,
2010, A&A, 515, L3

$$T_{\text{eff}} > 5850 - 180 * [\text{Fe}/\text{H}]$$

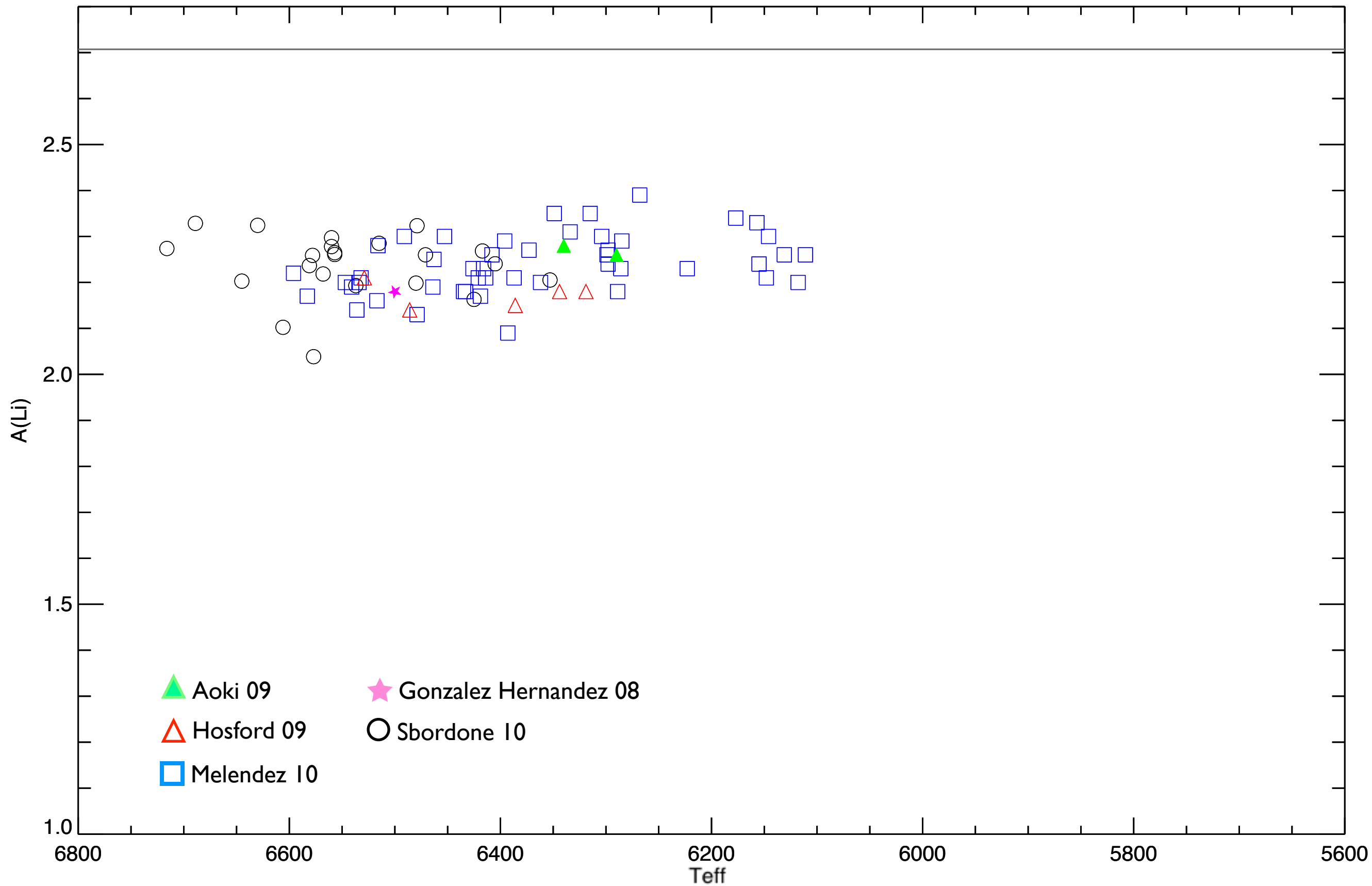
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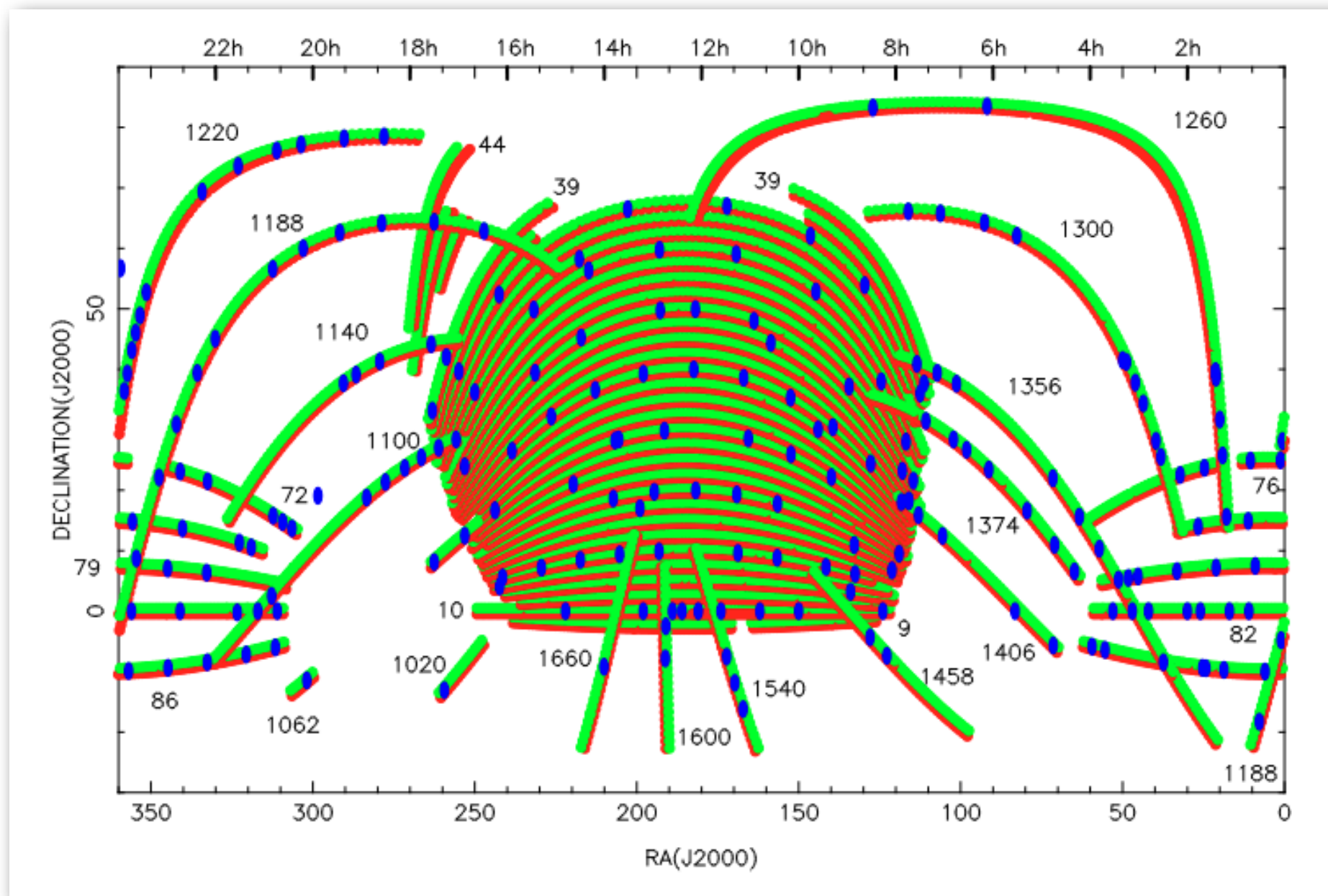


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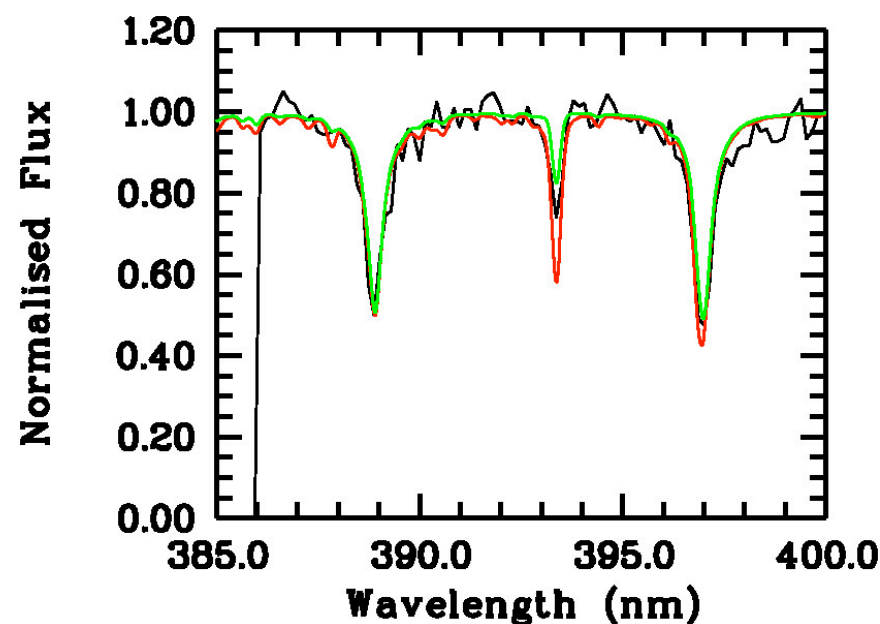
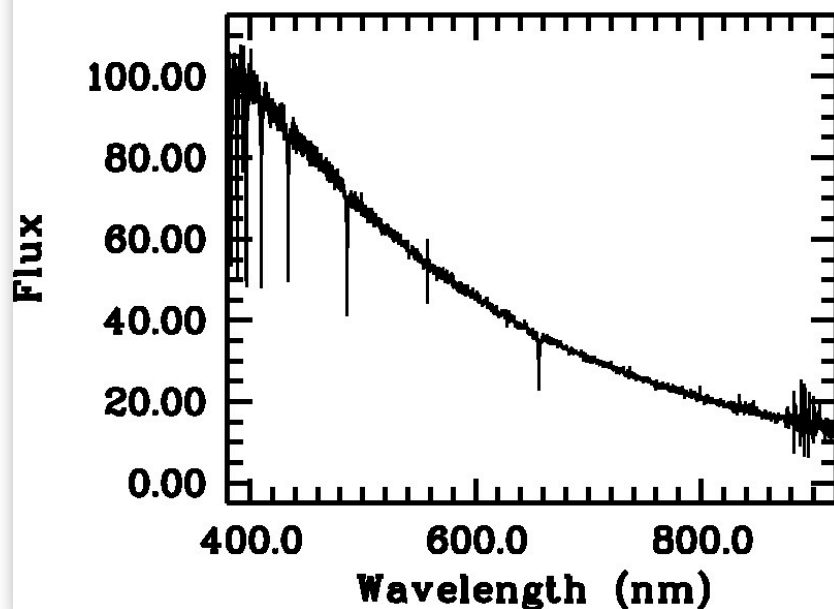
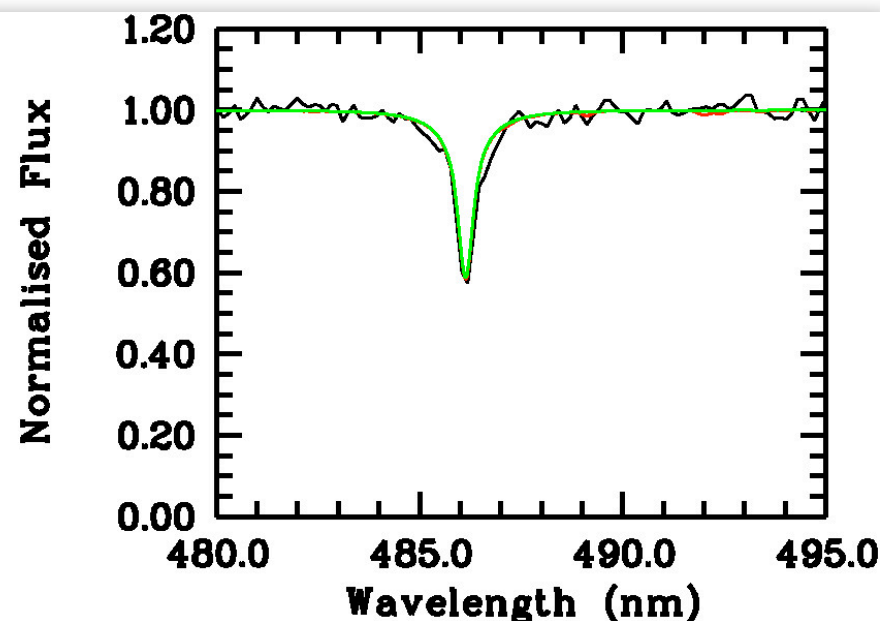
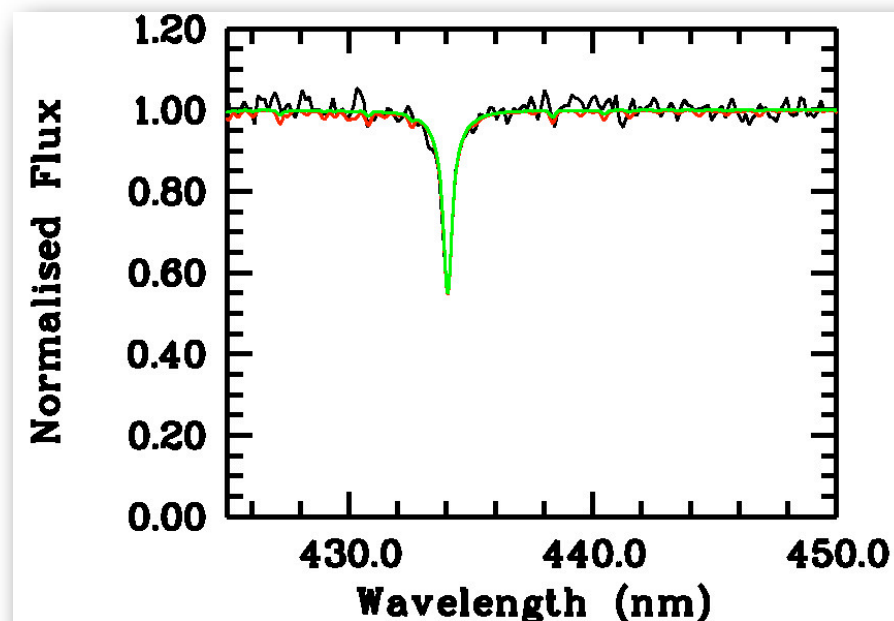


Searching for EMP in SDSS-SEGUE



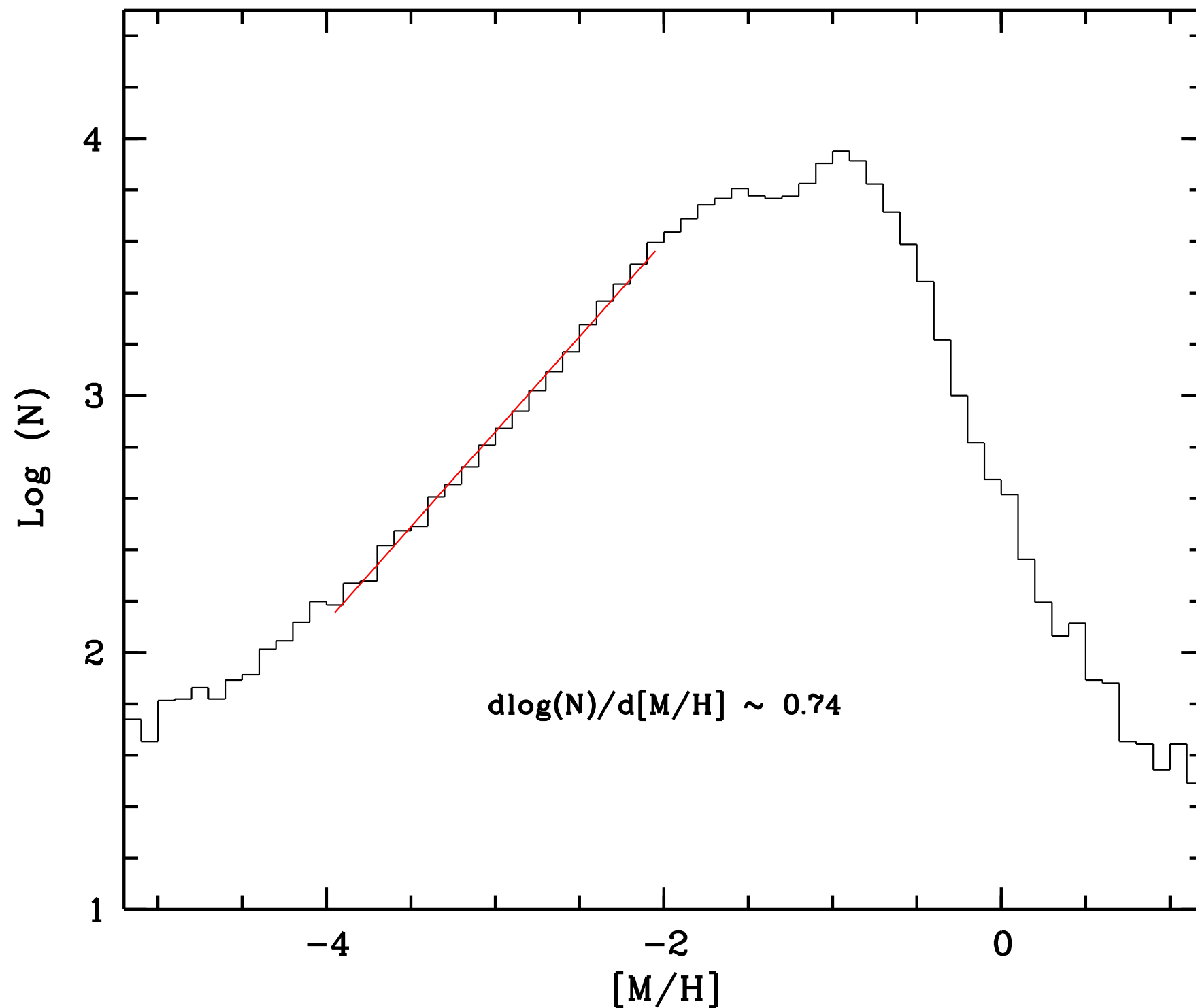
- $R=2000$, moderate S/N spectra for ~ 25000 candidates extracted from SDSS-SEGUE (DR 5-7)
- Pre-selected in $g-z$ color to pick TO stars ($T_{\text{eff}} > 5500\text{K}$)
- Preselection removes gravity degeneracy
- SPADA metallicity estimate
- Check by eye on every star with $[\text{Fe}/\text{H}] < -2.5$

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So far...

- 3 CEMP, UVES (Behara et al., 2010, A&A)
- 2 not-so-EMP (but α -poor) (Bonifacio et al., 2011, AN), farthest (?) dwarf studied, 9.1 Kpc, X-SHOOTER GTO
- 5 EMP ($-3.7 < [\text{Fe}/\text{H}] < -3.2$) X-SHOOTER GTO (Caffau et al., 2011, A&A)
- 16 EMP ($-3.7 < [\text{Fe}/\text{H}] < -3.0$) UVES (Bonifacio et al., 2012, A&A submitted), MyGIsFOS automated analysis
- 1 EMP, Mg-rich, C-rich (Sbordone et al. 2012 in prep.)
- 1 HMP, Caffau et al. 2011, Nature, lowest Z star known to date.

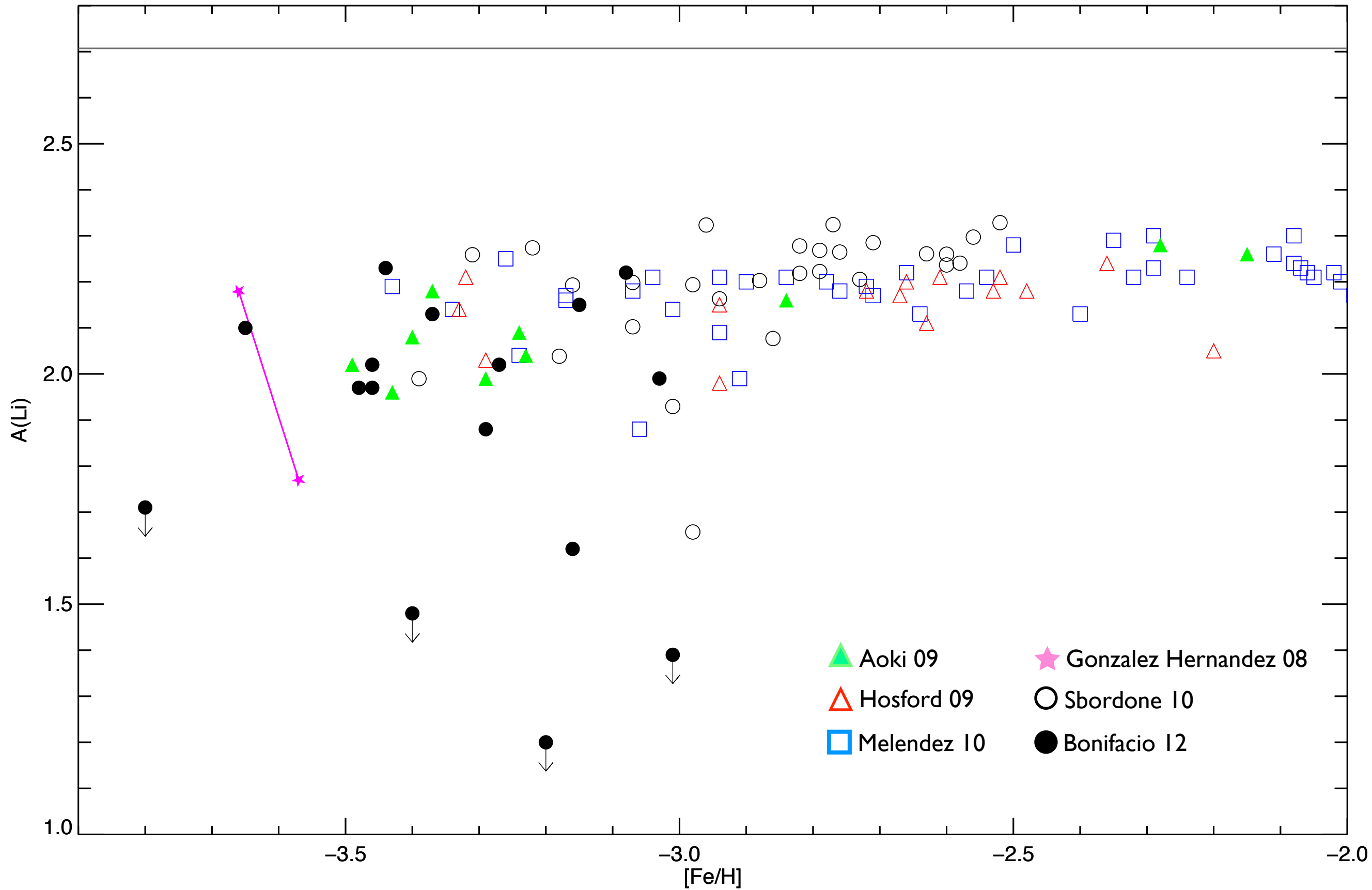
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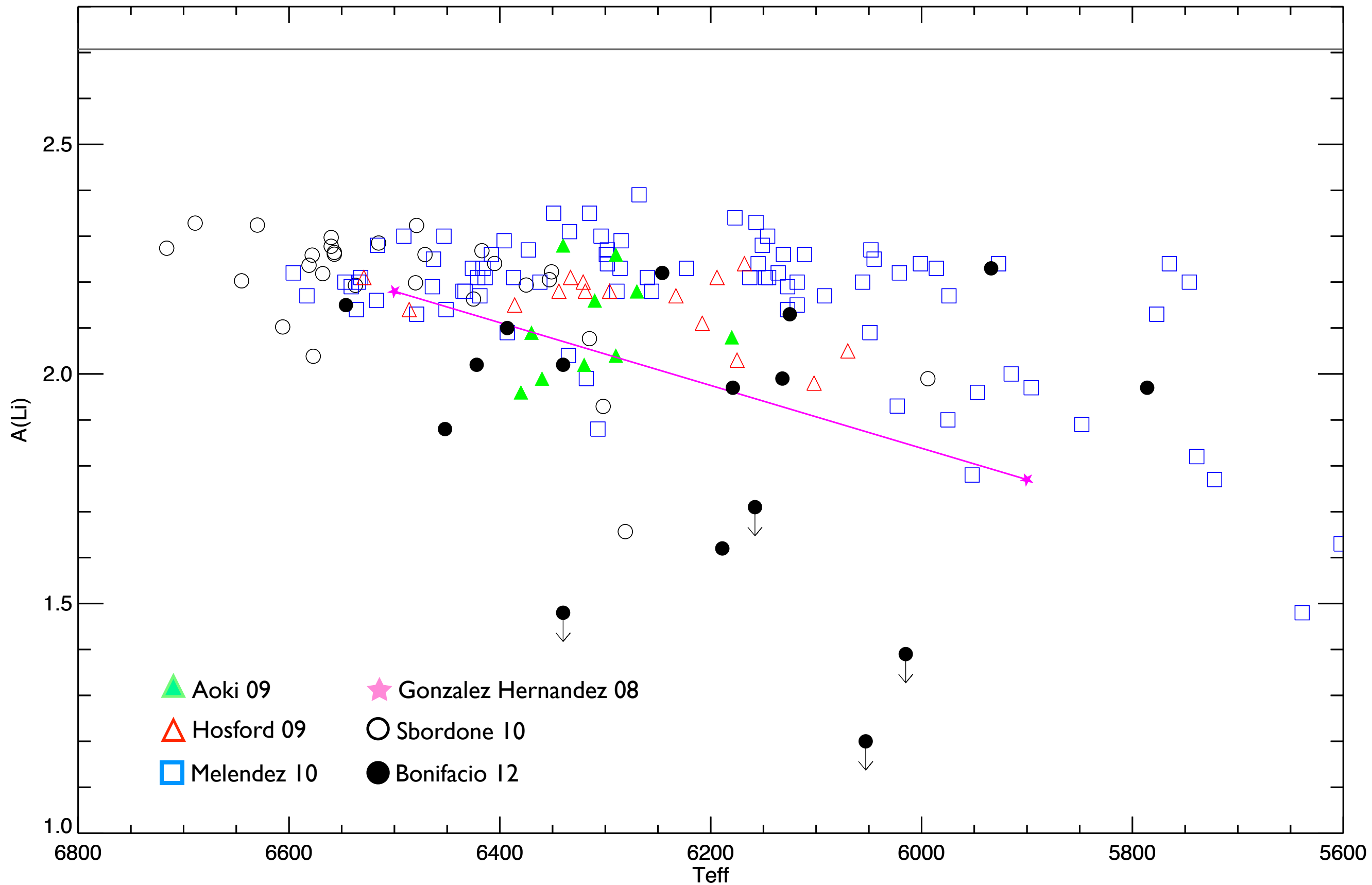
Bonifacio et al 2012 sample

- T_{eff} based on $(g-z)_0$ colors, SDSS reddening used
- Cross-check with $H\alpha$ profiles, IRFM on SDSS calibrators
- Gravity, V_{turb} , abundances through automated MyGIsFOS analysis
- $-3.8 < [\text{Fe}/\text{H}] < -3.01$, $5786 < T_{\text{eff}} < 6546$, $3.7 < \log g < 4.6$
- 12 Li abundances, 4 upper limits
- Sbordone et al. (2010) 3D NLTE fitting function used

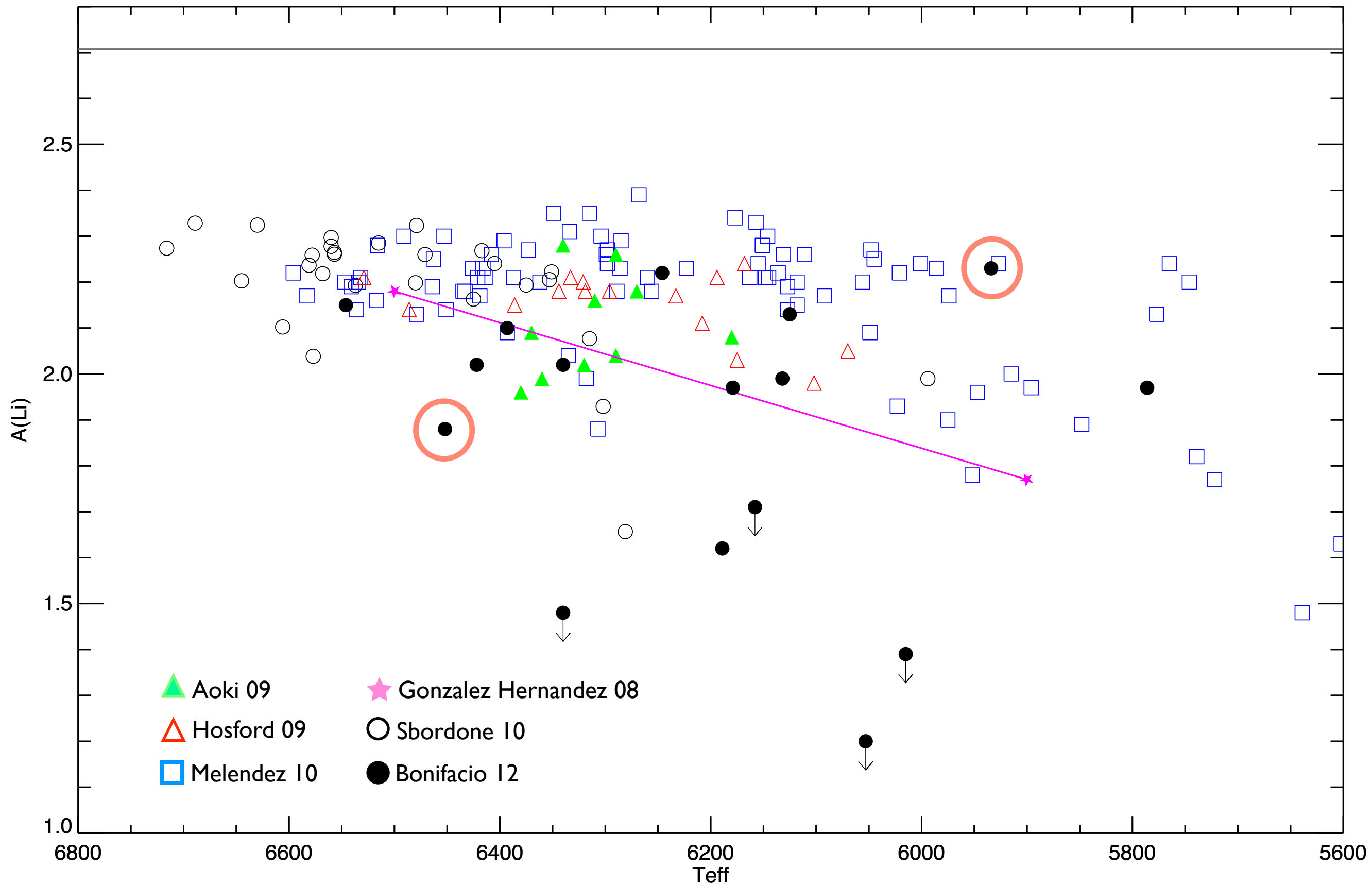
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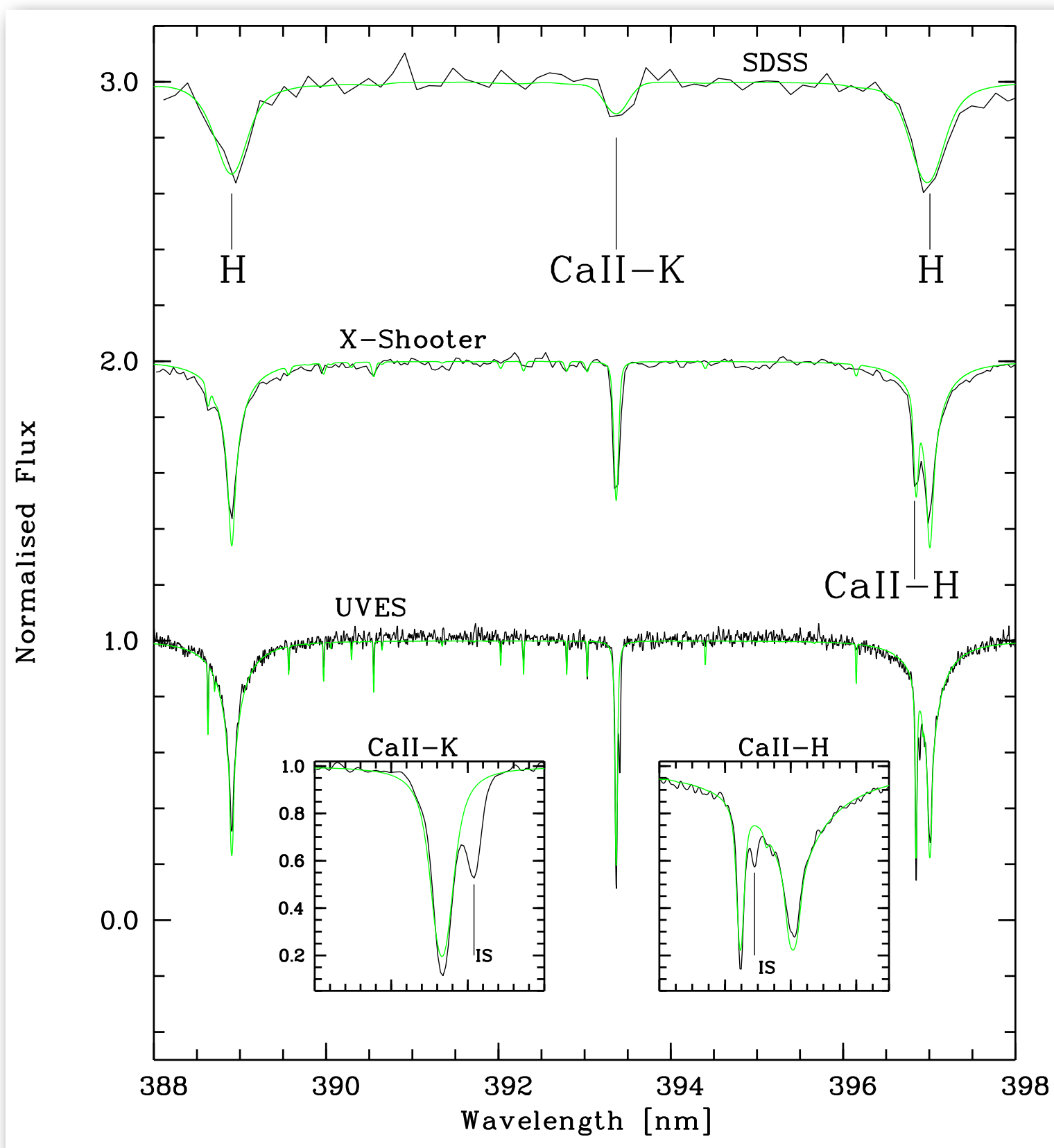
$A(\text{Li})$ vs T_{eff}



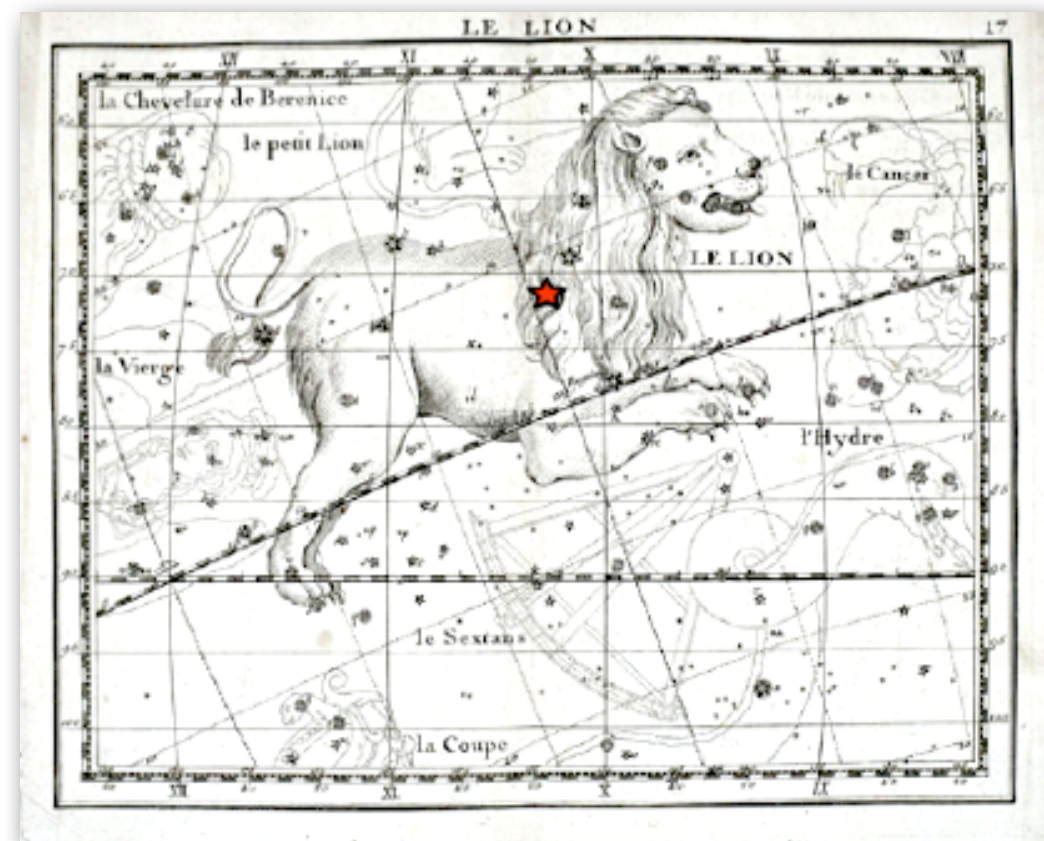
$A(\text{Li})$ vs T_{eff}



The lion's share: SDSS J102915+172927



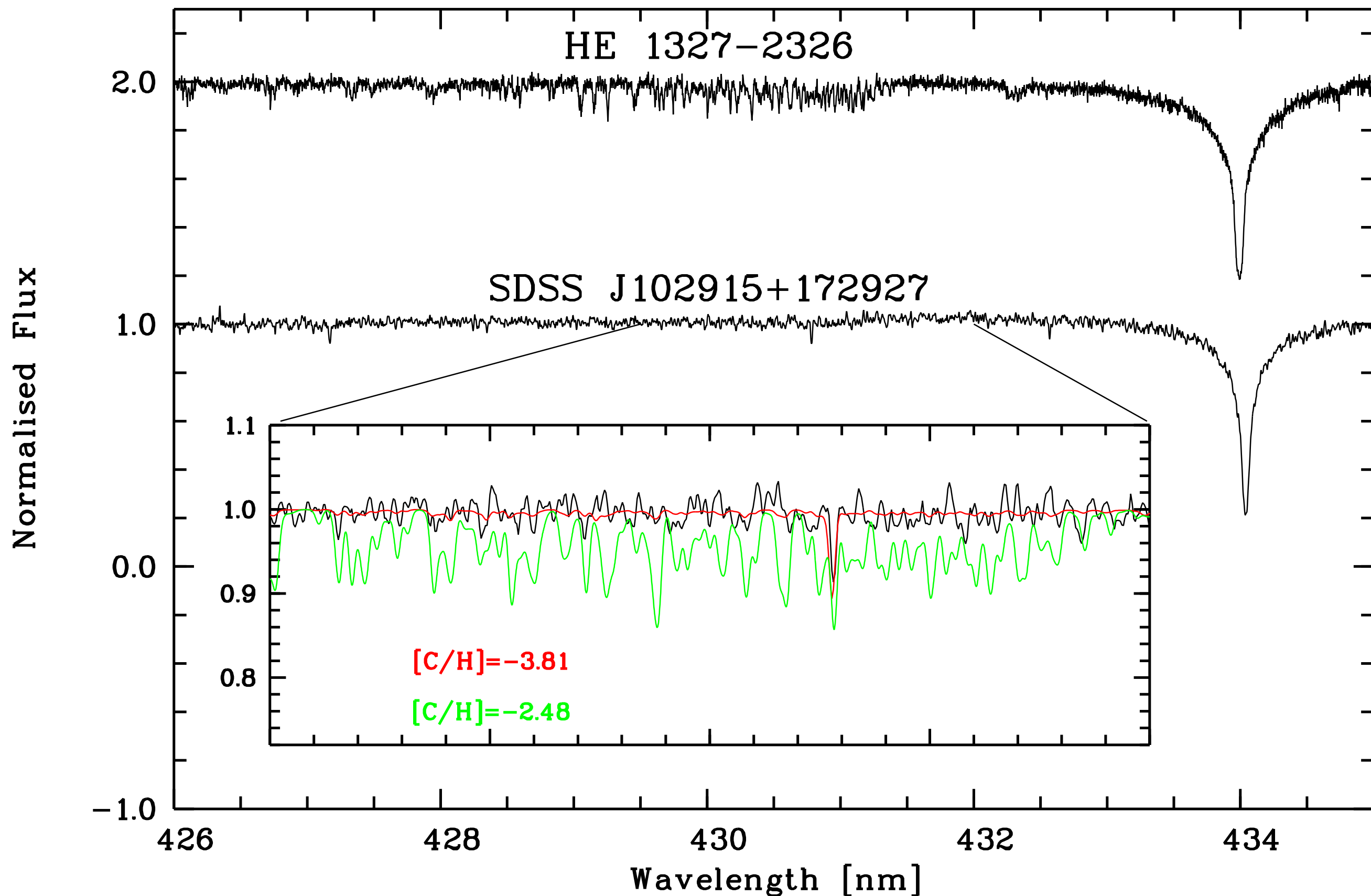
Caffau et al., 2011, Nature, 477, 67



Star	SDSS J102915+172927
RA	10h 29m 15.15s
Dec	+17° 29' 28"
u, mag	17.73
g, mag	16.92
r, mag	16.53
i, mag	16.41
z, mag	16.33
V_{rad}	-35.5
T_{eff} , [K]	5811
$\log g$	4.0
ξ , km s^{-1}	1.5
$[\text{Fe}/\text{H}]_{3\text{D}}$	-5

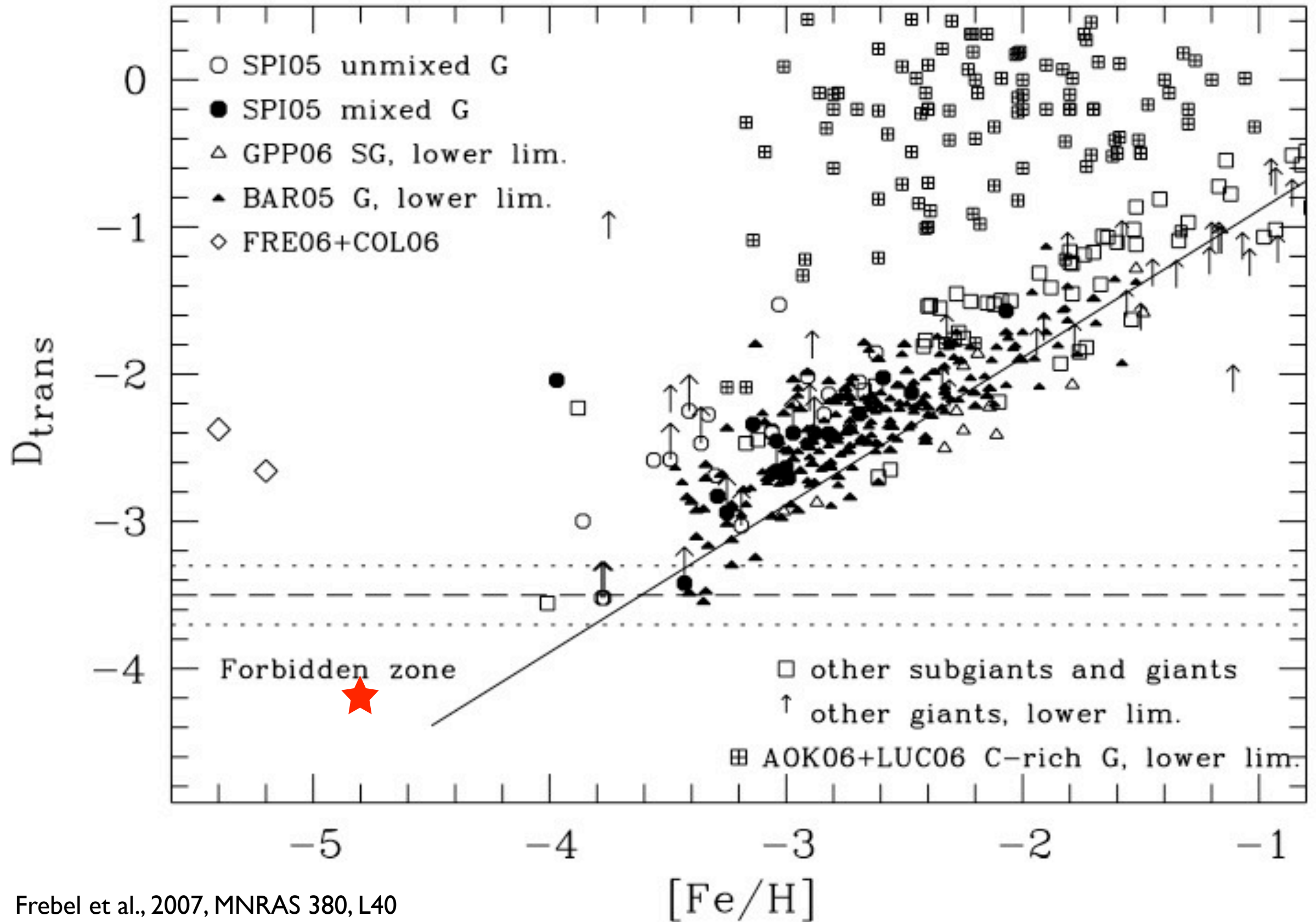
At last, no carbon...

Caffau et al., 2012, A&A subm.



At last, no carbon...

Normalised Flux



Frebel et al., 2007, MNRAS 380, L40

Wavelength [nm]

In fact, exceptionally ordinary

Element	$A(X)$, 3D	$[X/H]$, 3D	$[X/Fe]$, 3D	$[X/H]$, 1D	Number of lines	$A(X)_{\odot}$
C	≤ 4.2	≤ -4.3	$\leq +0.7$	≤ -3.8	G band	8.50
N	≤ 3.1	≤ -4.8	$\leq +0.2$	≤ -4.1	NH band	7.86
Mg I	2.95	-4.59 ± 0.10	+0.40	-4.68 ± 0.08	4	7.54
Si I	3.25	-4.27 ± 0.10	+0.72	-4.27 ± 0.10	1	7.52
Ca I	1.53	-4.80 ± 0.10	+0.19	-4.72 ± 0.10	1	6.33
Ca II	1.48	-4.85 ± 0.11	+0.14	-4.71 ± 0.11	3	6.33
Ti II	0.14	-4.76 ± 0.11	+0.23	-4.75 ± 0.11	6	4.90
Fe I	2.53	-4.99 ± 0.12	+0.00	-4.73 ± 0.13	44	7.52
Ni I	1.35	-4.88 ± 0.11	+0.11	-4.55 ± 0.14	10	6.23
Sr II	≤ -2.28	≤ -5.2	≤ -0.21	≤ -5.1	1	2.92

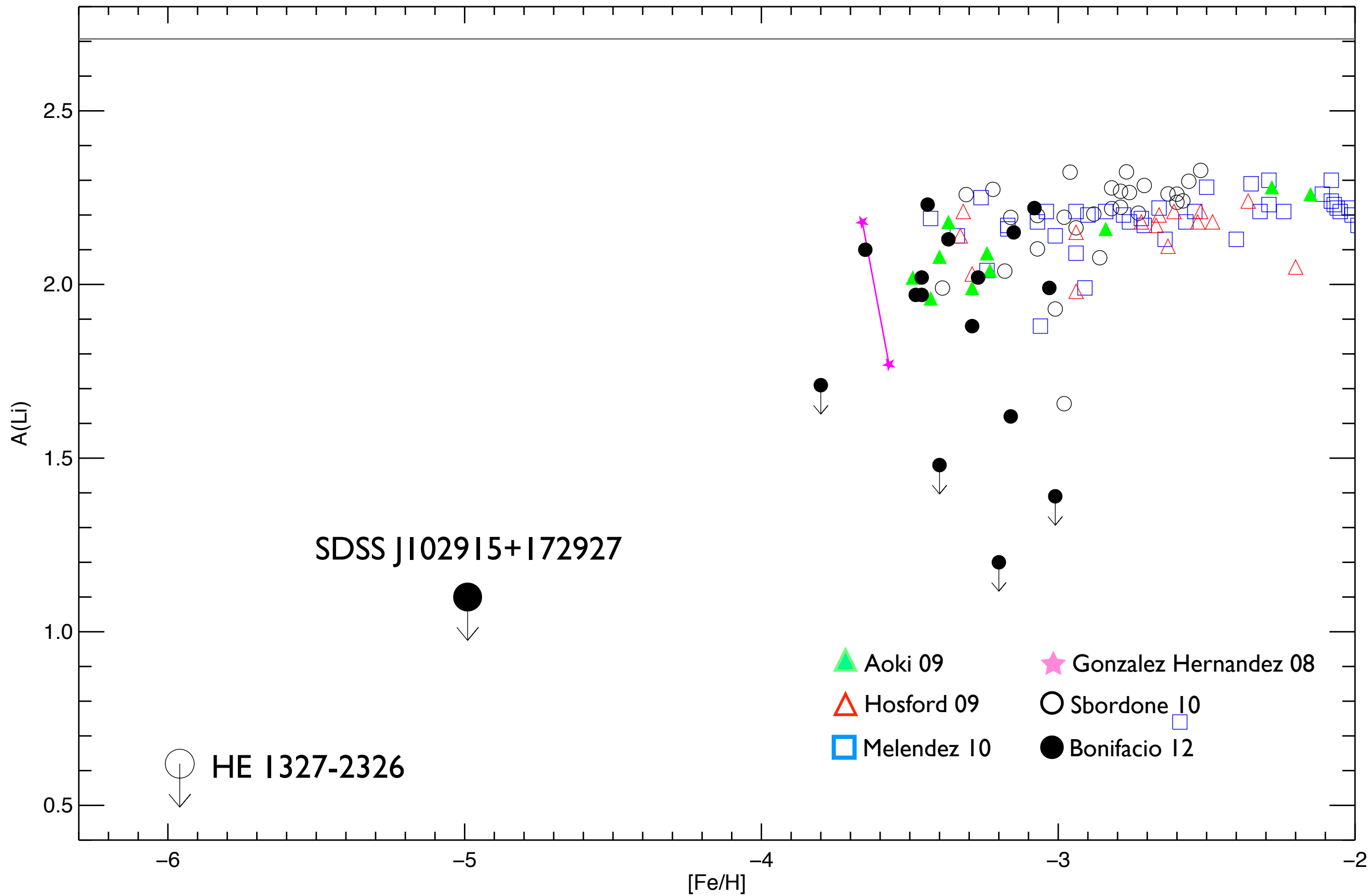
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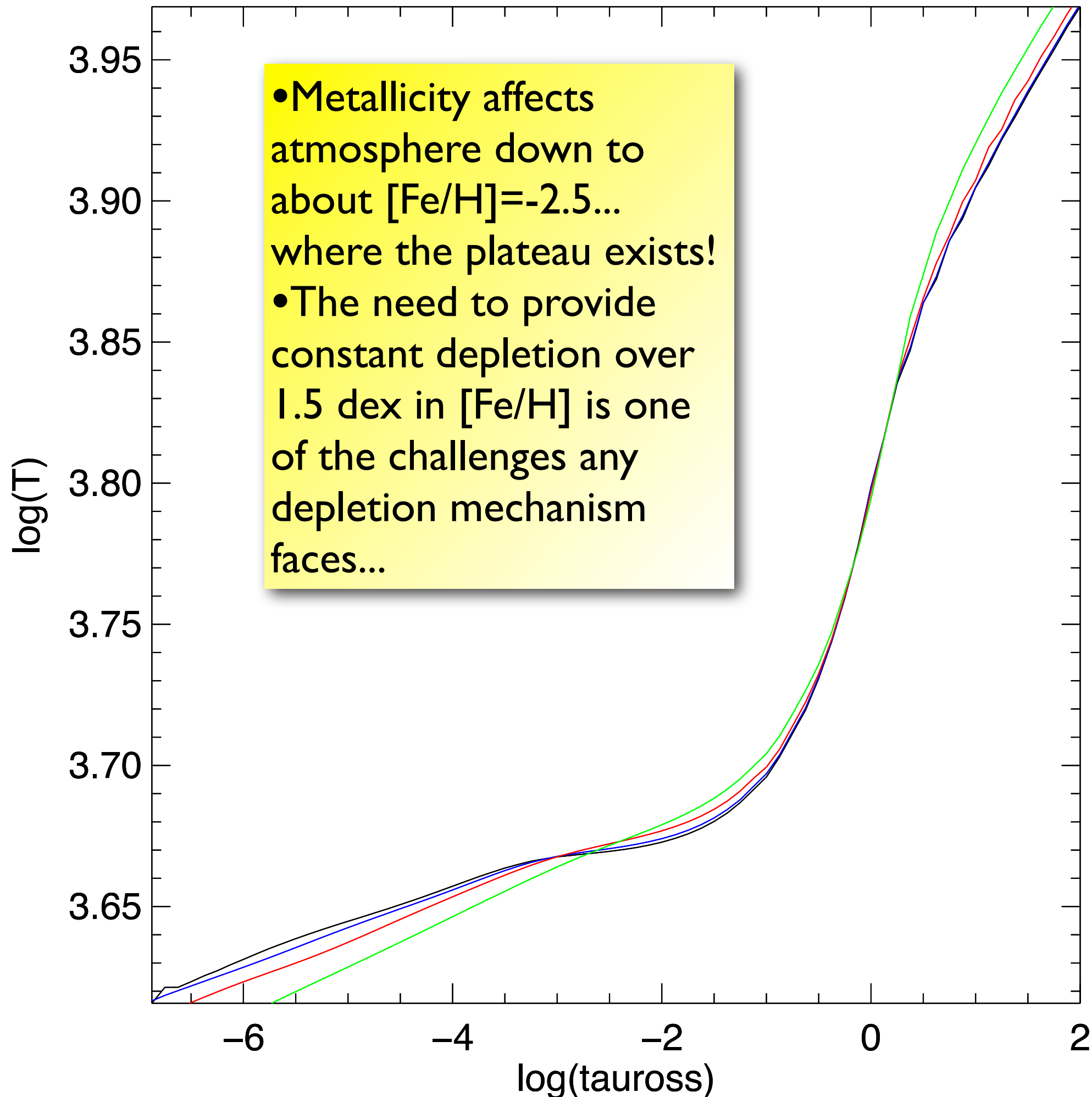
$Z=4.5 \cdot 10^{-5} Z_{\odot}$: the first **real** hyper-metal poor!

Going deeper...



Atmospheres & Metallicities

$T_{\text{eff}}=5800\text{K}$,
 $\log g=4.0$
 $[\text{Fe}/\text{H}]=-4$
 $[\text{Fe}/\text{H}]=-3$
 $[\text{Fe}/\text{H}]=-2$
 $[\text{Fe}/\text{H}]=-1$



A riddle
(at least for me)

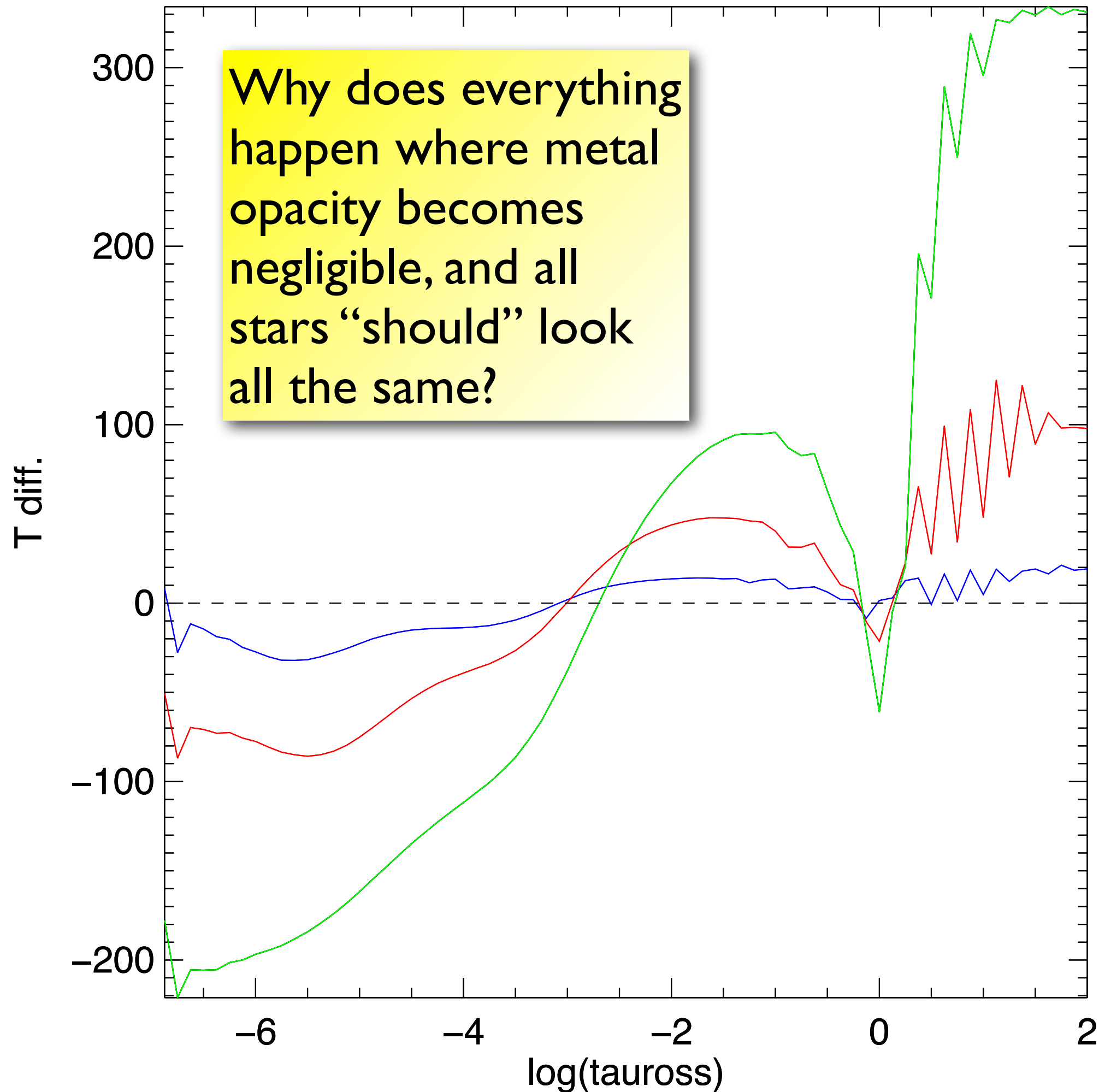
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T diff. w/r to
 $[\text{Fe}/\text{H}]=-4$
for

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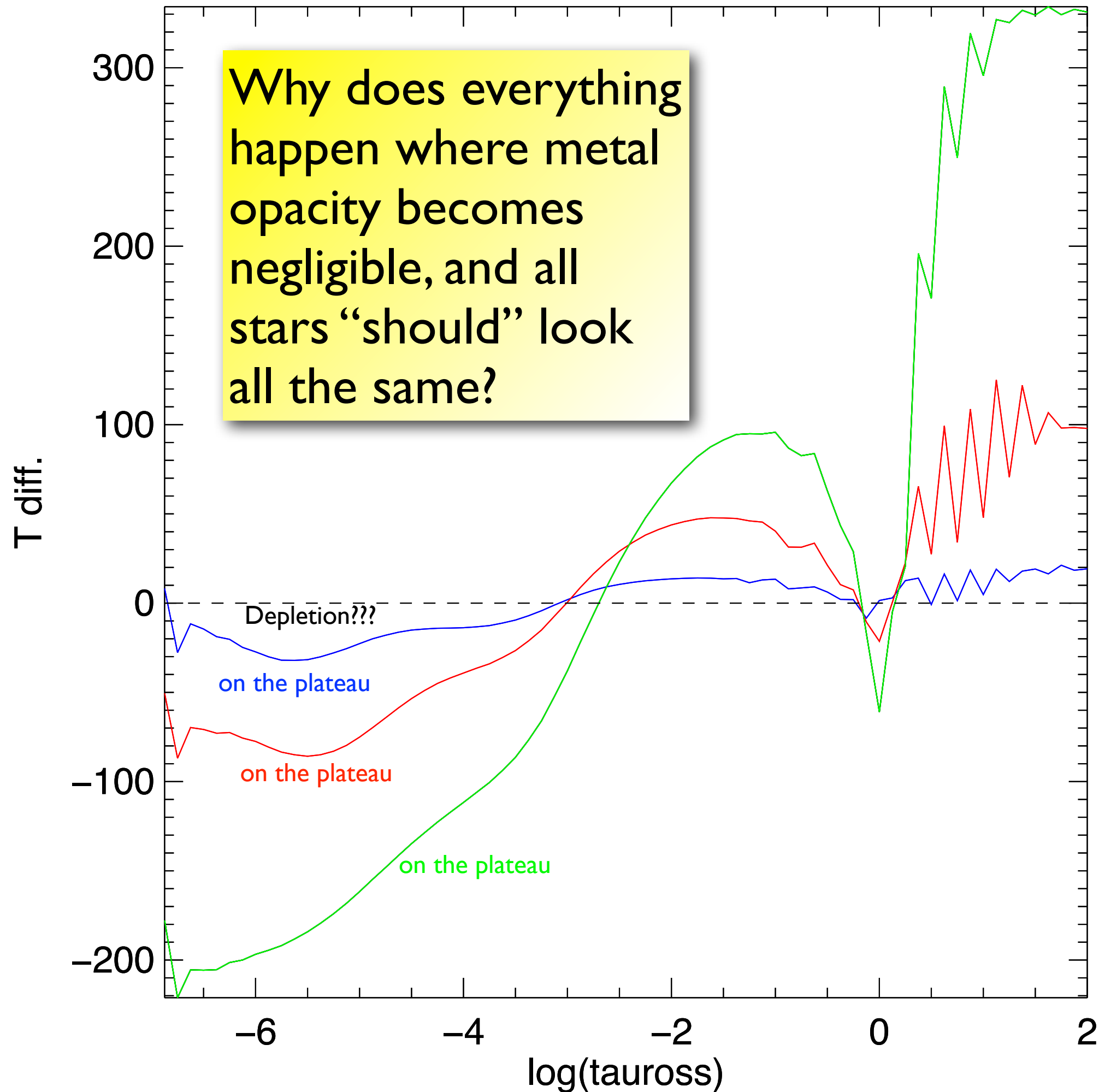
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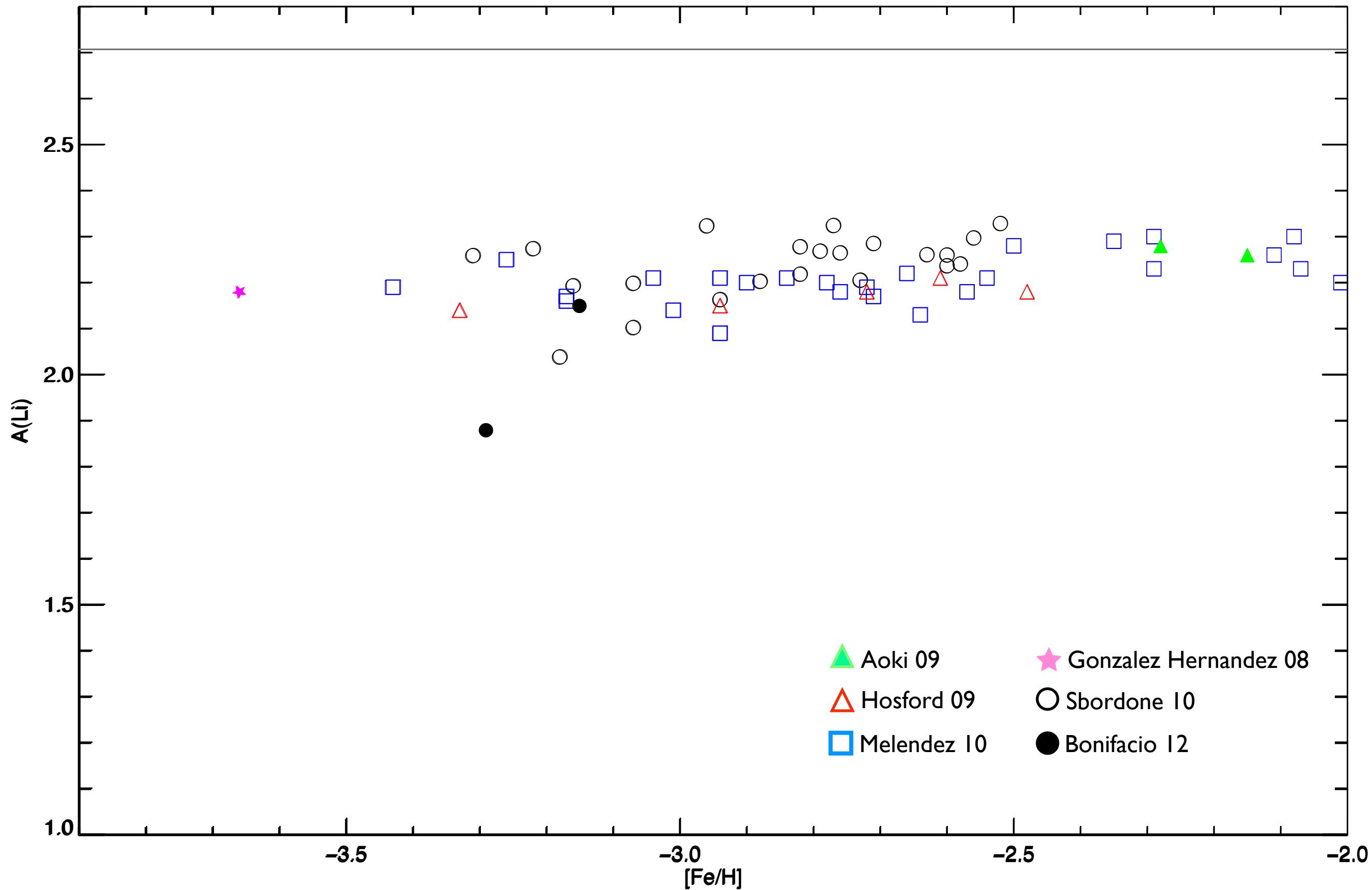
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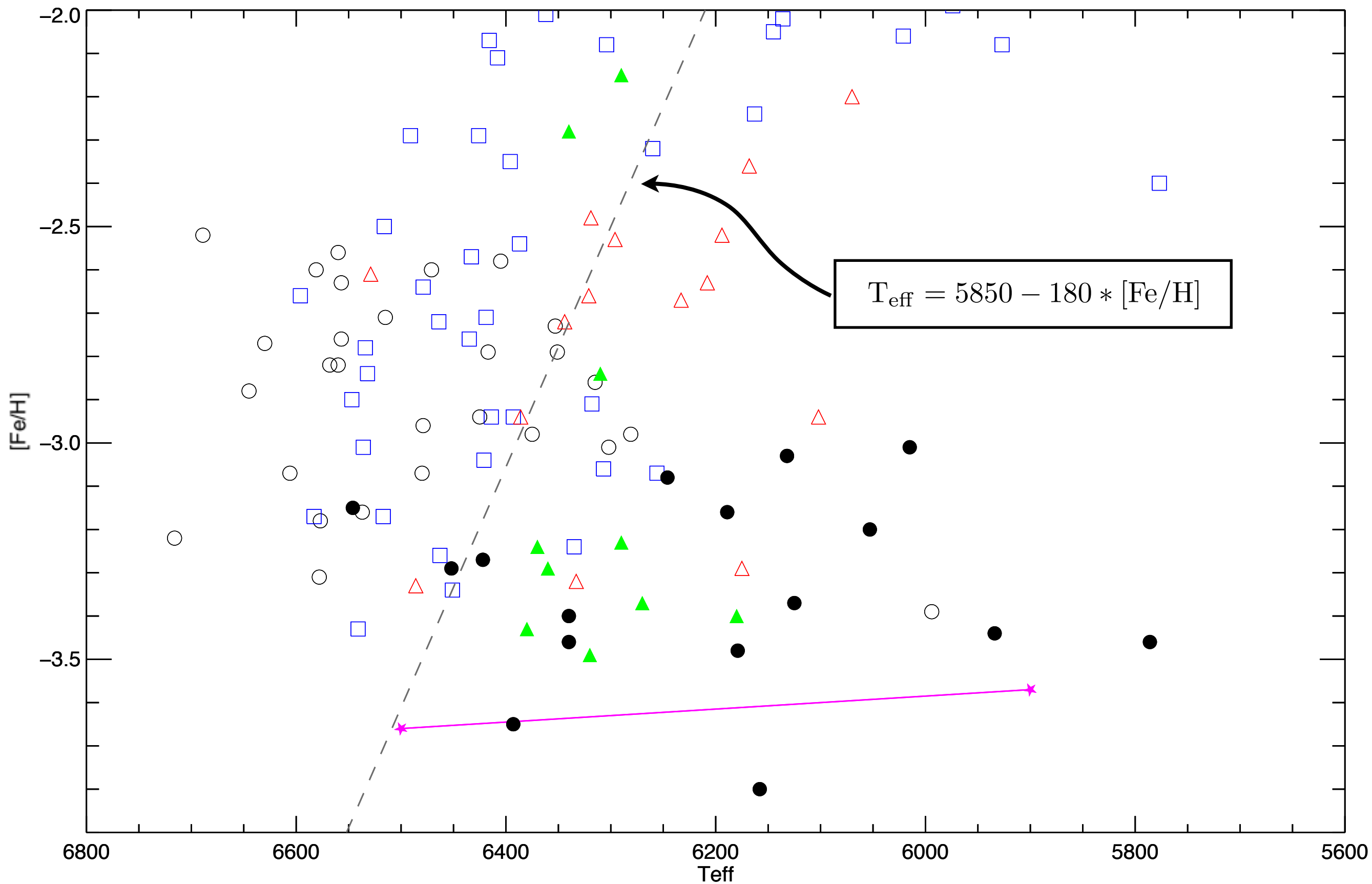
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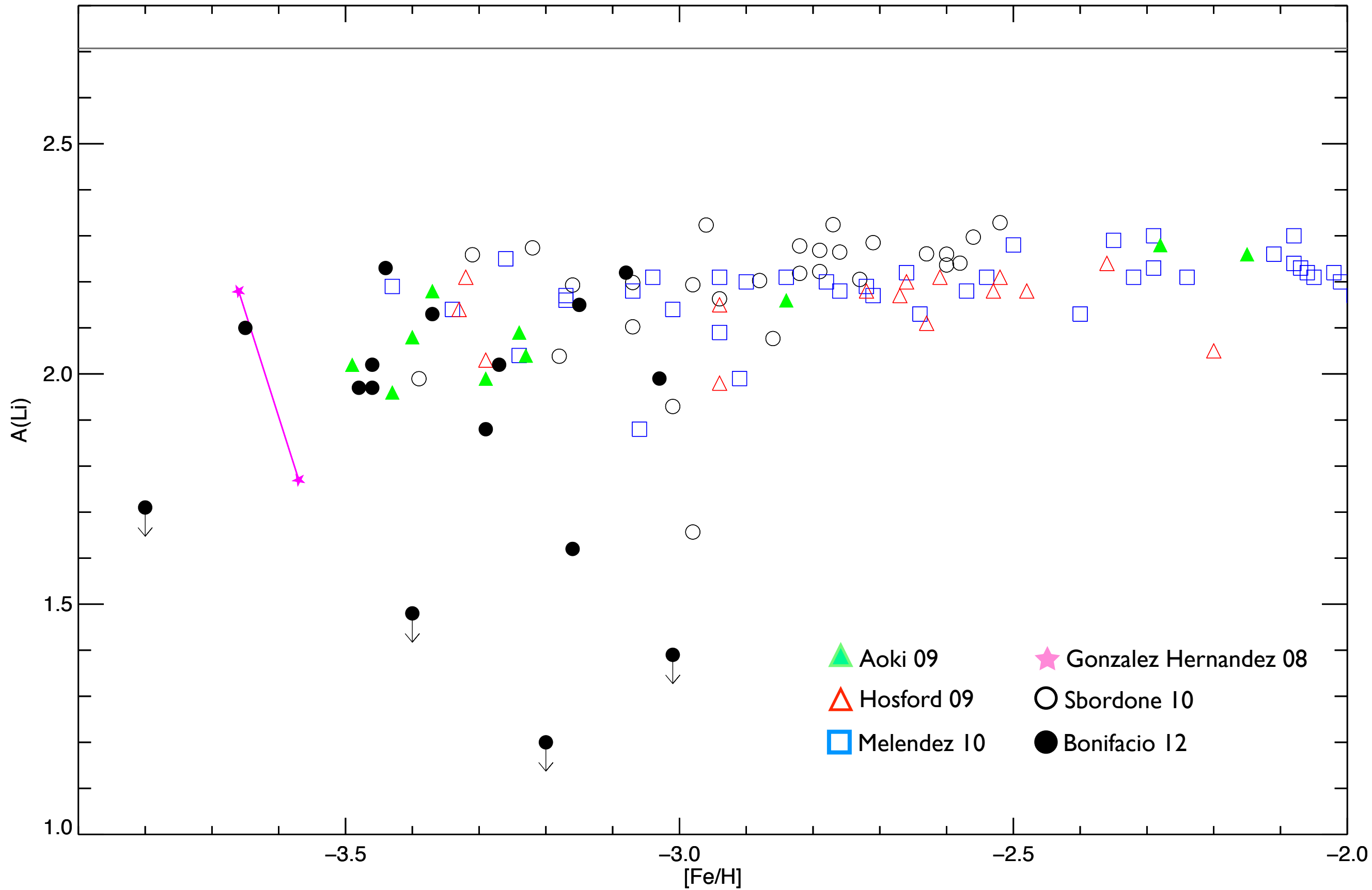


[Fe/H] vs T_{eff}

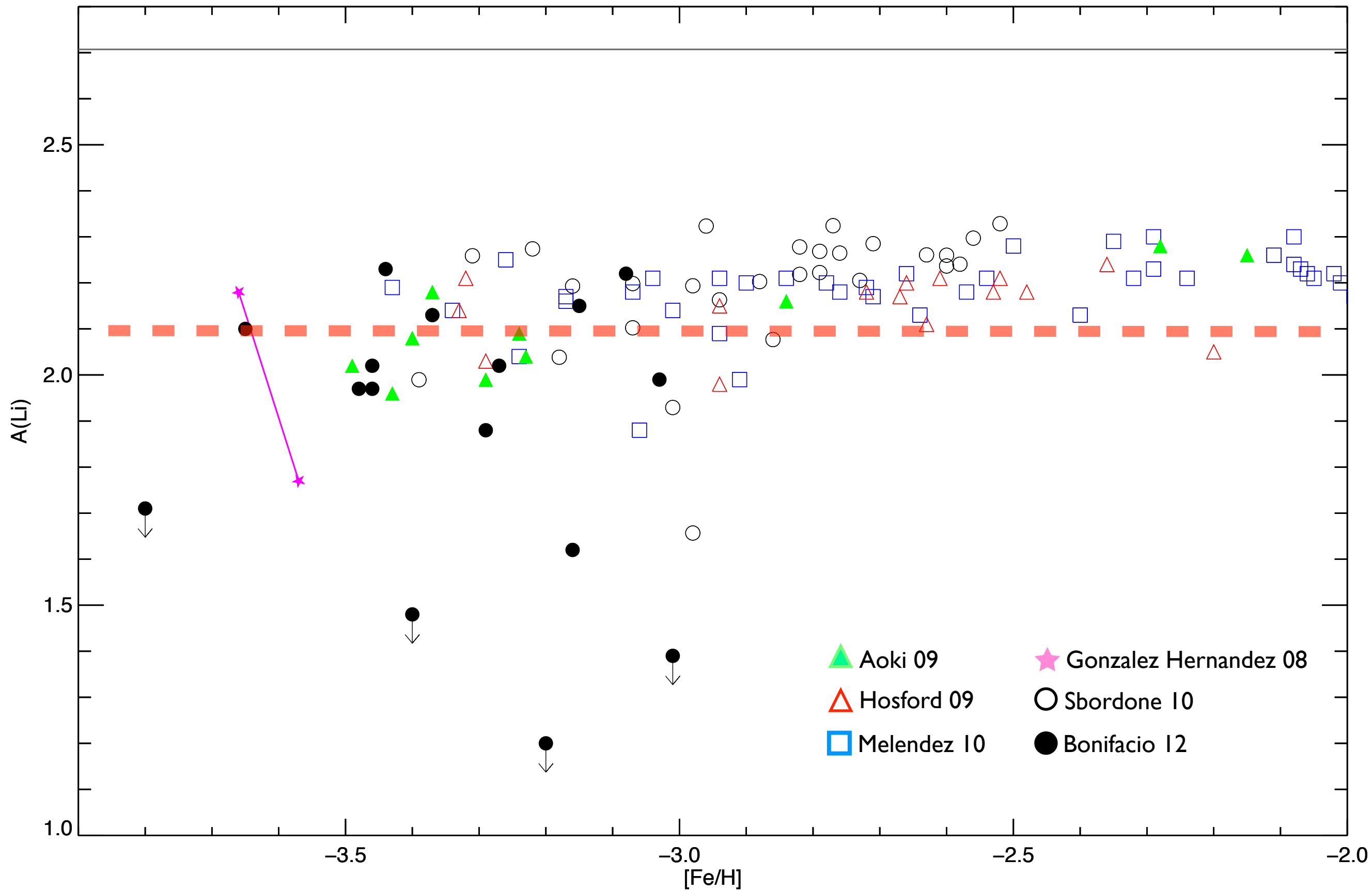
- ▲ Aoki 09
- ▲ Hosford 09
- Melendez 10
- ★ Gonzalez Hernandez 08
- Sbordone 10
- Bonifacio 12



$A(\text{Li})$ vs $[\text{Fe}/\text{H}]$



$A(\text{Li})$ vs $[\text{Fe}/\text{H}]$



[Fe/H] vs T_{eff}

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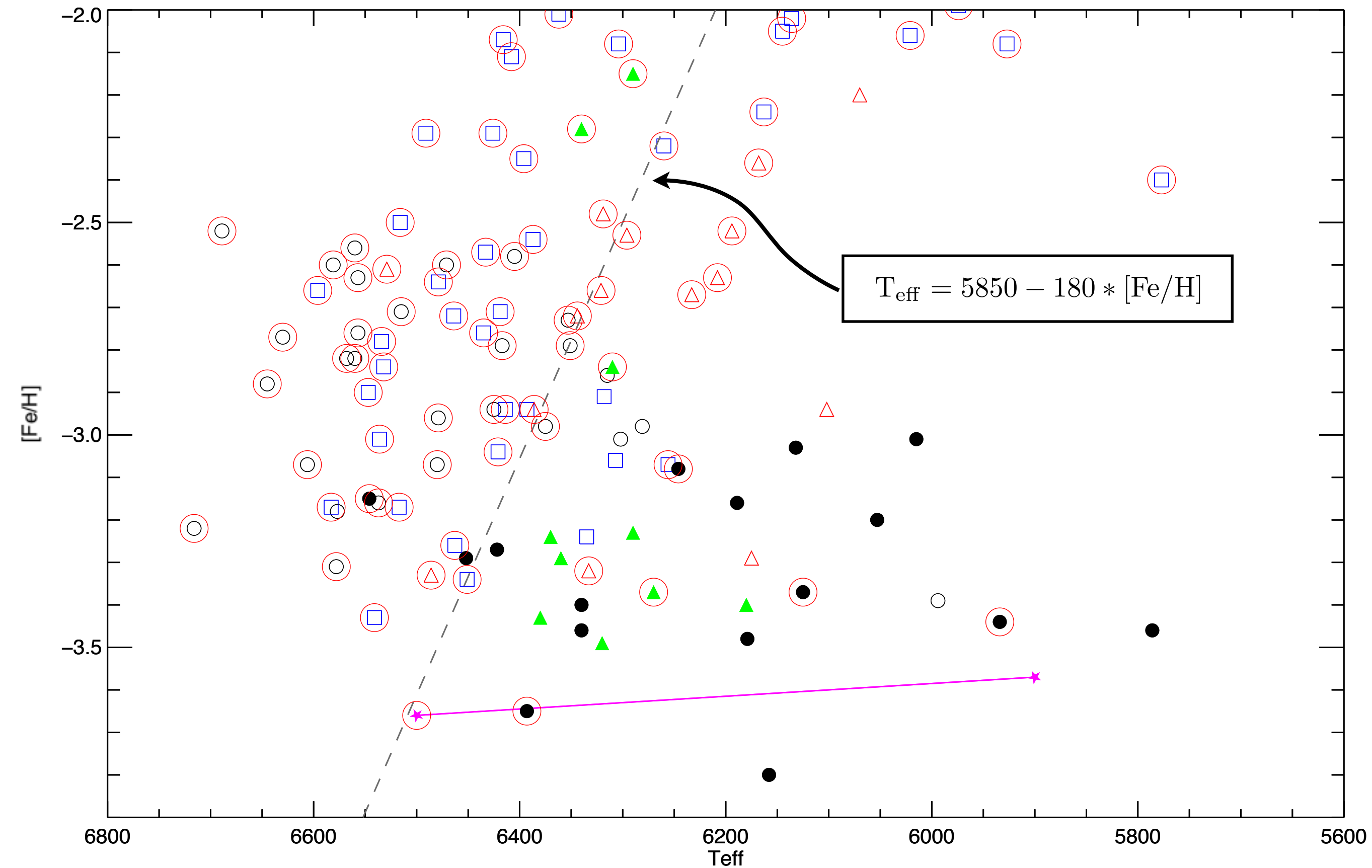
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○ A(Li)>2.1



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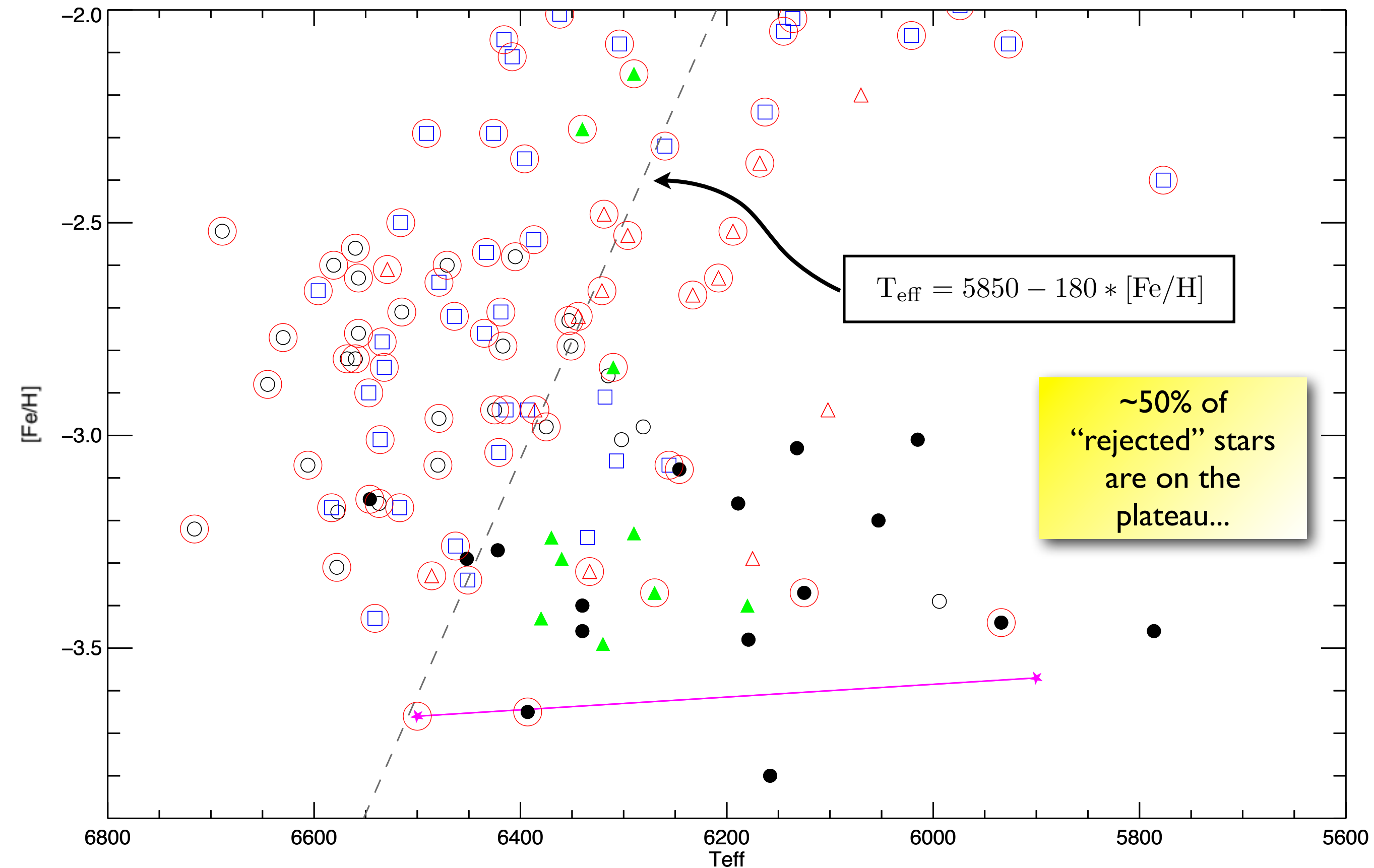
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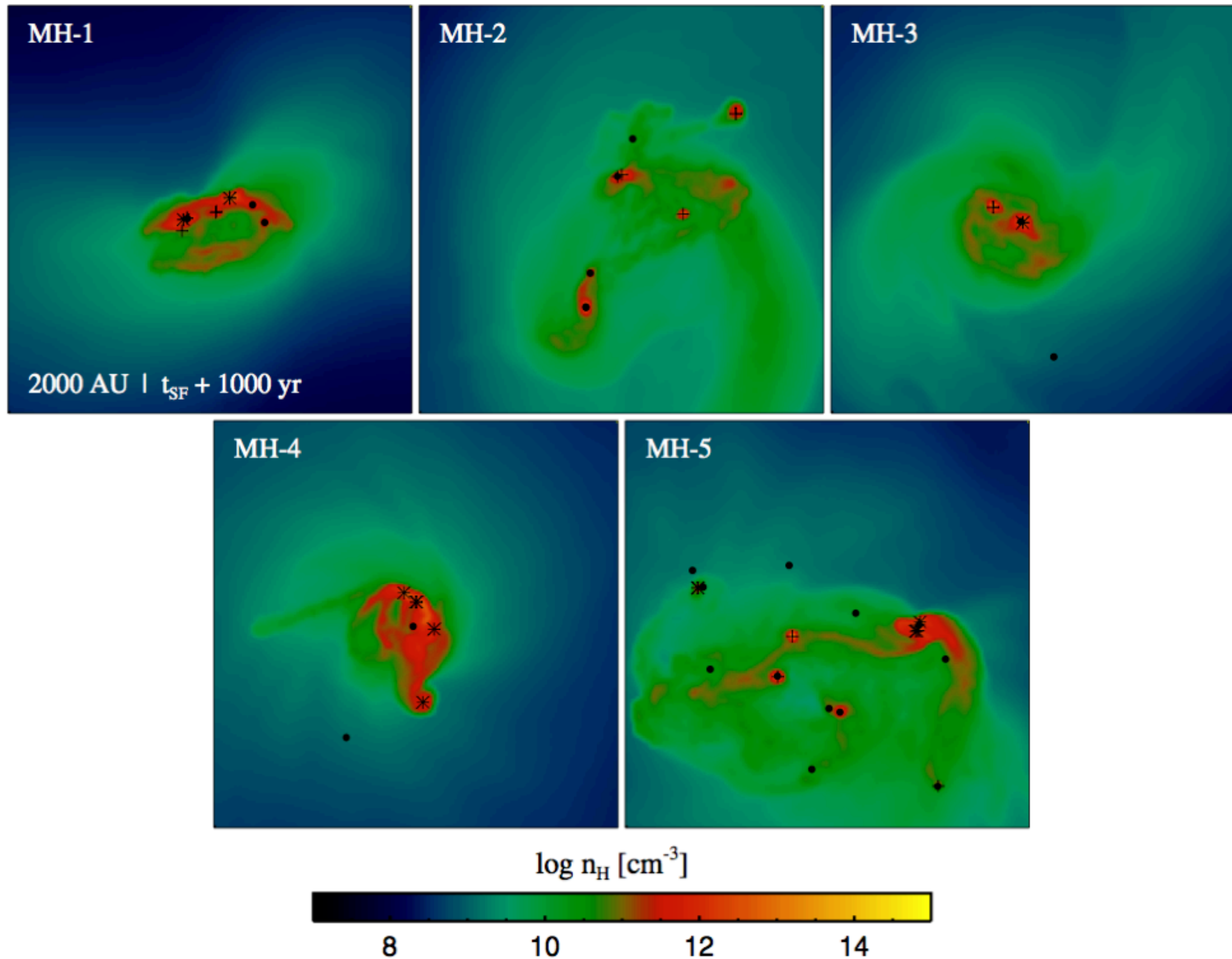
Conclusions...

... or rather , questions.

- The new SDSS sample confirms previous results: the Spite plateau is disrupted below $[\text{Fe}/\text{H}] \sim -2.8$
- Some cool stars, however, stay on the plateau even below $[\text{Fe}/\text{H}] = -3.5$
- First “real” HMP star appears quite ordinary chemically... but it has no detectable Lithium. And yet its structure should resemble a $[\text{Fe}/\text{H}] = -3$ way more than a $[\text{Fe}/\text{H}] = -2$ resembles a $[\text{Fe}/\text{H}] = -1$. What gives?
- Diffusion should be there. Depletion seem to favor cooler stars... but none of those seem to work alone. What are we missing?

Is it the way they are born?

Greif et al., 2011, ApJ, 737, 75



Interesting times ahead...

- The TOPoS (Turn Off Primordial Stars) ESO large program will observe ~ 100 candidate EMP-HMP TO stars extracted from SDSS... we badly need statistics at low metallicity.
- The Gaia ESO survey has begun! $\sim 10^4$ F-G local field dwarf will be observed with UVES...
- ... only very few will be very metal poor, but we will have a much less biased statistics of the Spite plateau, and of the high-metallicity Li behavior.