

# Lithium destruction and production observed in red giant stars

Stefan Uttenthaler, University of Vienna, Austria

in collaboration with:

Thomas Lebzelter, Bernhard Aringer (Vienna, Austria)

Maurizio Busso, Sara Palmerini (Perugia, Italy)

Mathias Schultheis (Besancon, France)

funded by the Austrian Science Fund (FWF): P 22911-N16

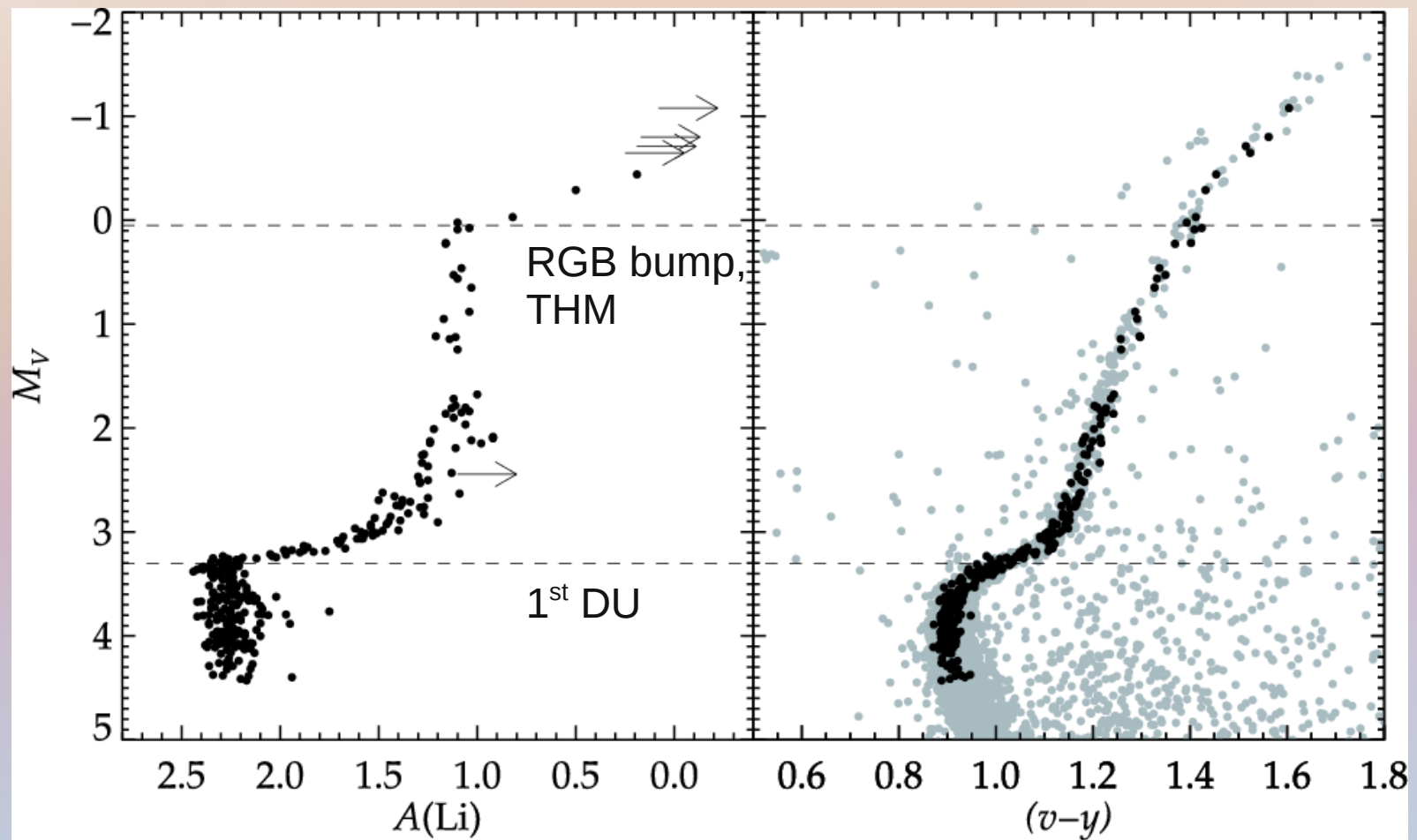
"Lithium in the Cosmos", IAP, Paris, 27 February, 2012

# Overview

3 topics:

- Lithium survey in Galactic bulge RGBs (Lebzelter, Uttenthaler et al. 2012)
- Correlation between Lithium and TDUP indicator technetium (Tc) in O-rich low-mass AGBs
- Lithium and hot bottom burning in long-period Miras (AGB)

# Destruction of Li throughout low-mass stellar evolution



Lind et al. 2009

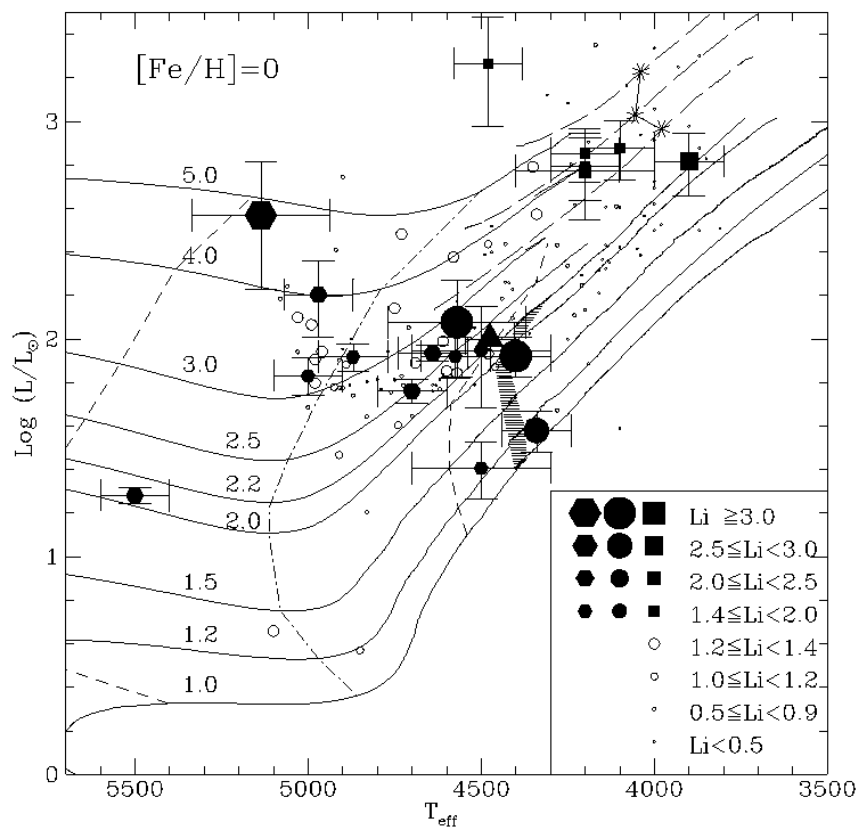
# Motivation for the Lithium Bulge survey

1 – 2% of K-type giants are known to be abnormally rich in Li.

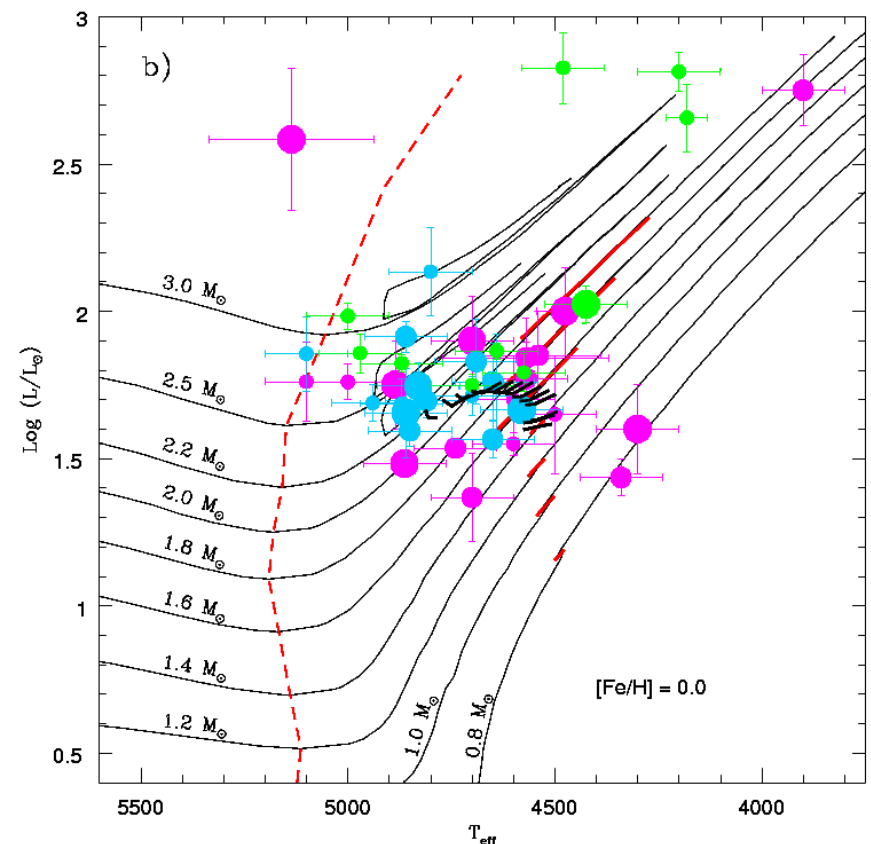
This disagrees with results of "standard models" of stellar evolution.

Previous claims for **distinct Li-rich episode** for low-mass stars at the RGB bump, and for intermediate-mass stars at the early AGB.

Charbonnel & Balachandran, 2000



Kumar, Reddy & Lambert (2011, blue sym.)

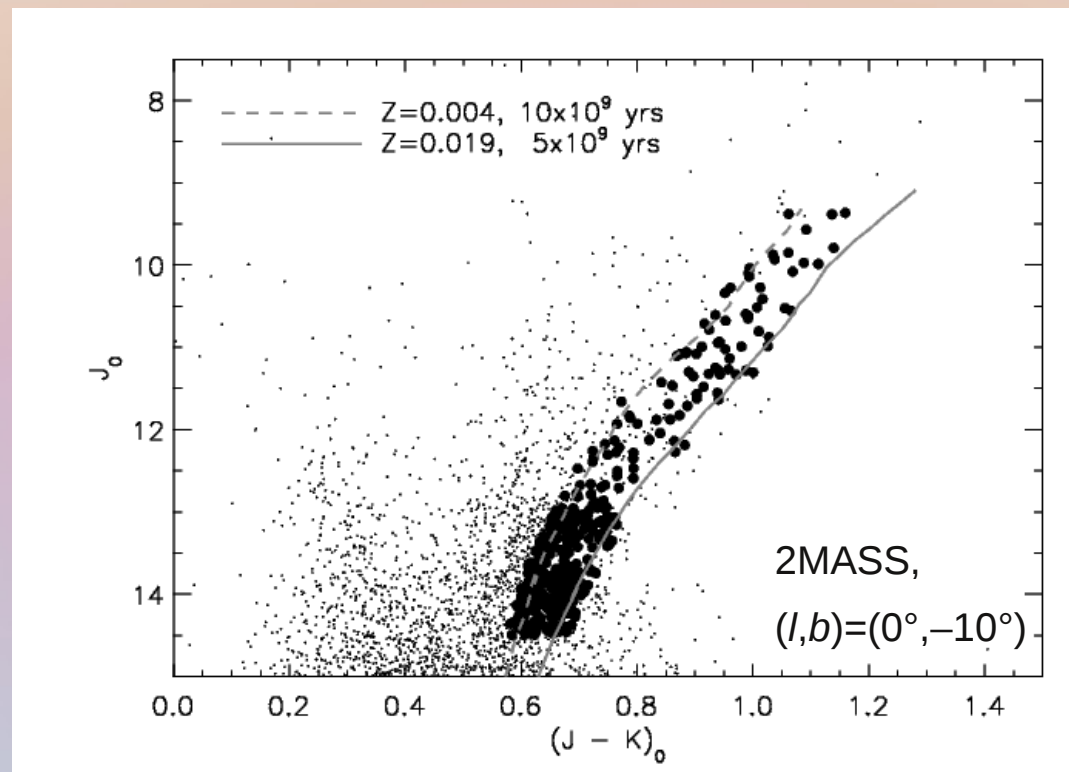


# Further motivation

Previous detection of **Li-rich AGB stars in the Galactic bulge**

(Uttenthaler et al. 2007). How much Li is already present in RGB stars?

Bulge offers a huge number of low-mass giant stars at roughly equal distance!

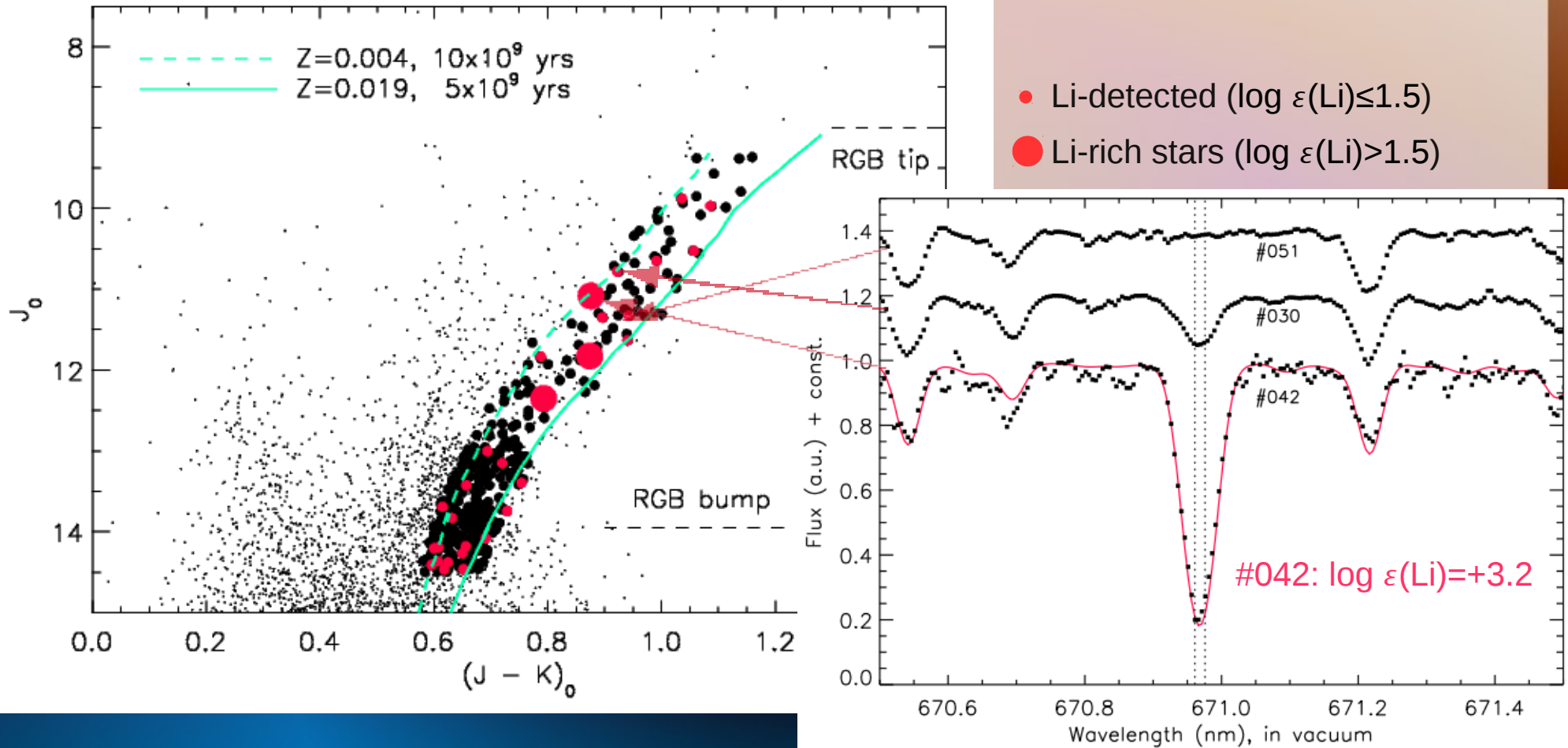


~400 bulge RGB stars observed with FLAMES@VLT

Published in Lebzelter, Uttenthaler, et al., 2012, A&A, 538, 36

# Results

- **Li already present on the RGB.**  
Use asteroseismology to disentangle RGB from E-AGB stars!
- **No distinct episode of Li enhancement**

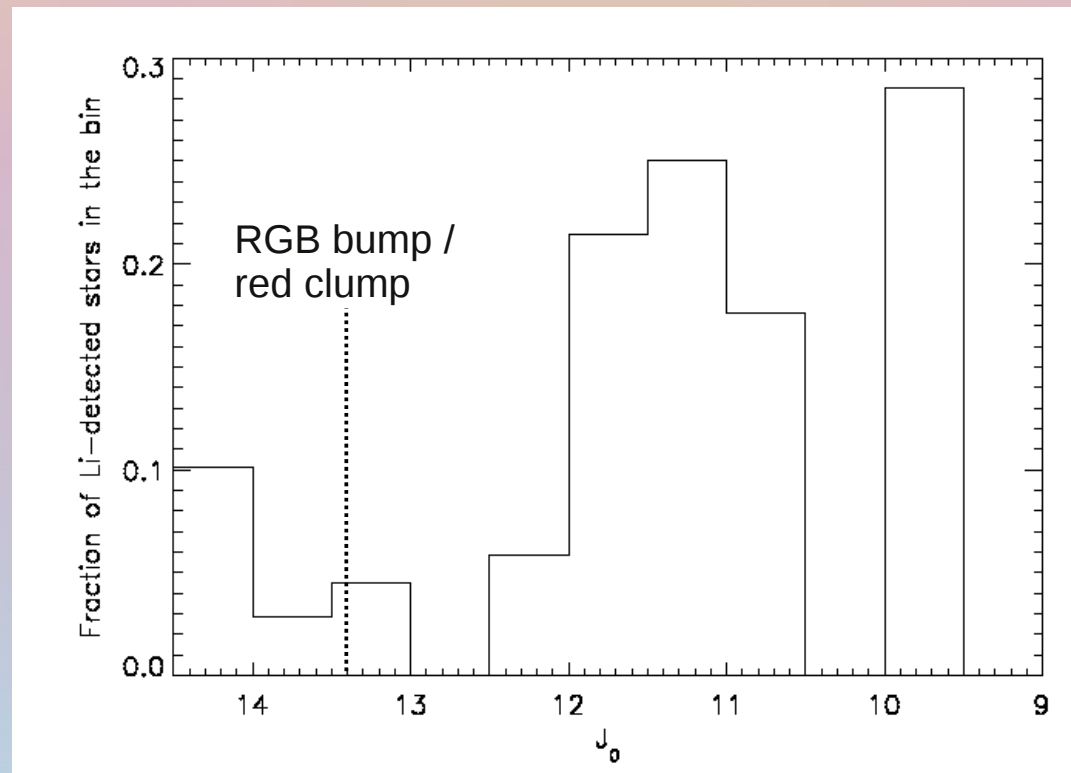


# Fraction of Li-detected stars

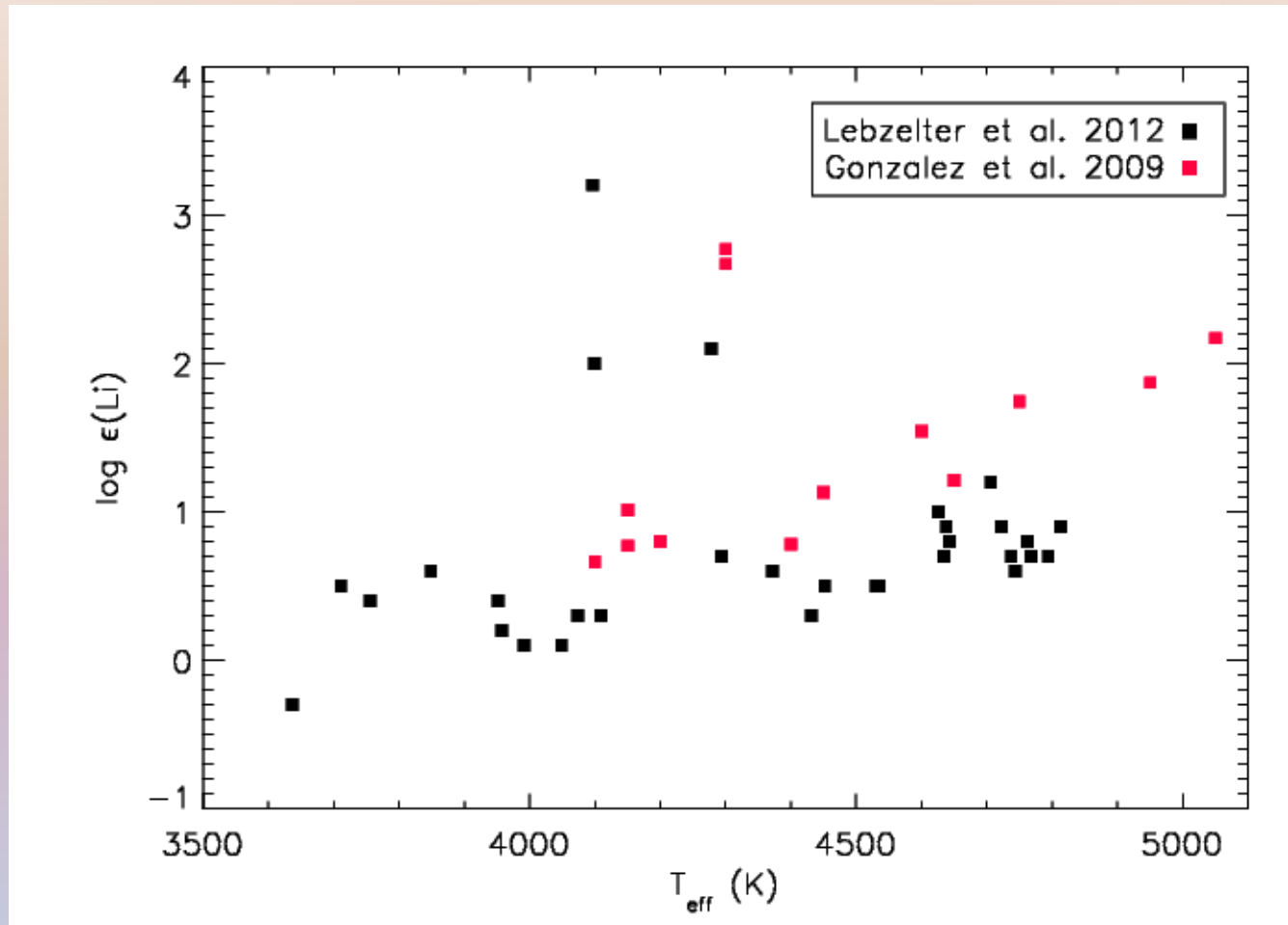
Fraction of Li-detected stars is higher on the upper RGB, but no obvious concentration at a certain magnitude.

Same conclusion in other recent studies (Gonzalez et al. 2009, Monaco et al. 2011, Ruchti et al. 2011).

A distinct episode of Li enhancement on the RGB is very questionable.



# Trend of $\log \epsilon(\text{Li})$ with $T_{\text{eff}}$ for Li-detected stars

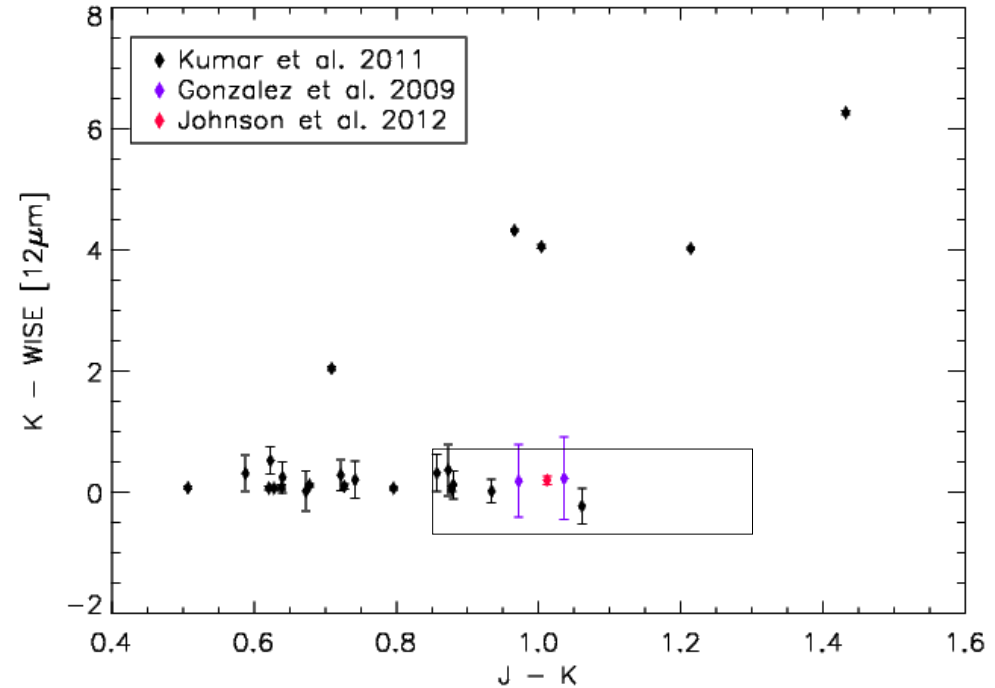
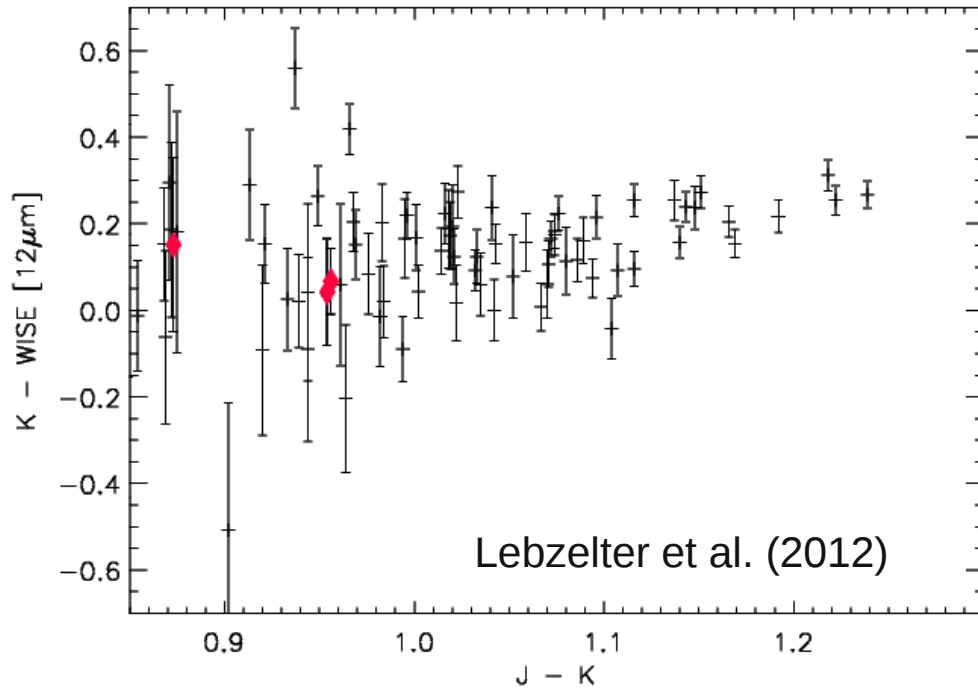


Where does this trend come from, and what does it tell us?



# Enhanced mass loss from Li-rich stars?

cf. de La Reza et al. (1996, 1997)



Photospheric colours  $\Rightarrow$  No enhanced dust mass-loss rate from Li-rich stars!

Most of  $K - [12]$  red stars are either T Tauri or post-AGB stars.

$\Rightarrow$  Externeal mechanism of Li enhancement (planet engulfment) unlikely!

Internal mechanism: Magnetic fields? (Busso et al 2007, Palmerini et al. 2011)

## Lithium in low-mass AGB stars (Miras)

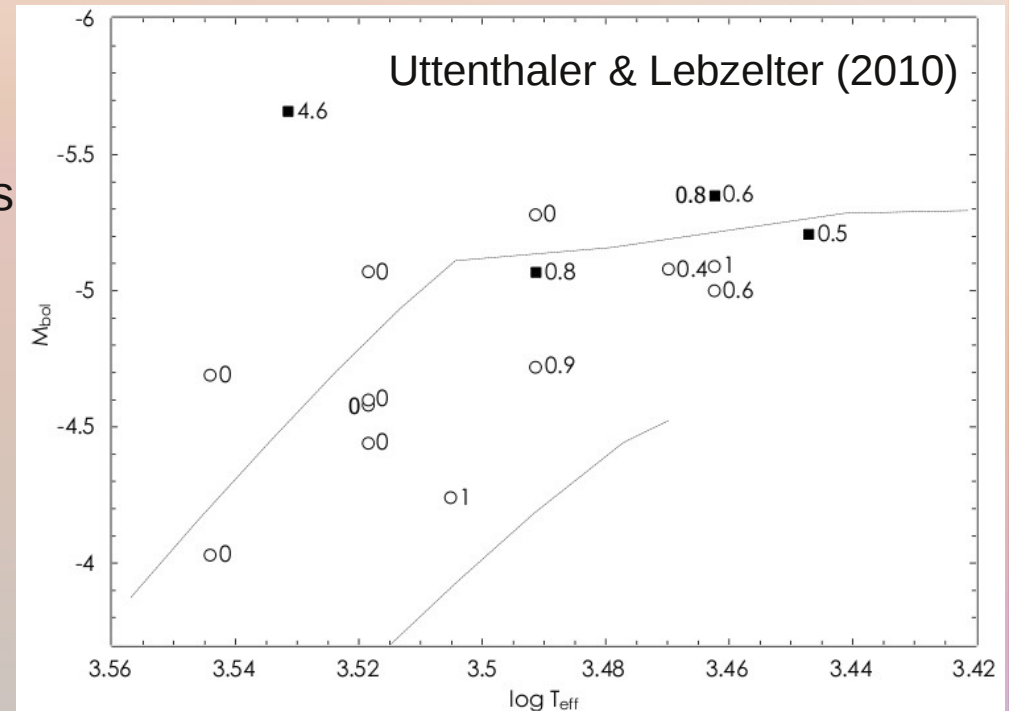
# AGB: Correlation between Li and TDUP indicator Tc

Analysis of Li and the radio-active s-process element technetium (Tc) shows that **these elements tend to go together**, and that more luminous stars tend to have Li with a higher probability.

Uttenthaler et al. 2007  
Uttenthaler & Lebzelter 2010  
Uttenthaler et al. 2011

O-rich disc AGB stars:  
 $p(\text{Li} \mid \text{Tc no}) = 43.8 \%$   
 $p(\text{Li} \mid \text{Tc yes}) = 80.0 \%$

Dredge-up of Li in low-mass AGB stars **predicted by standard models** (Karakas et al. 2010).



# Lithium and hot bottom burning in long-period Miras

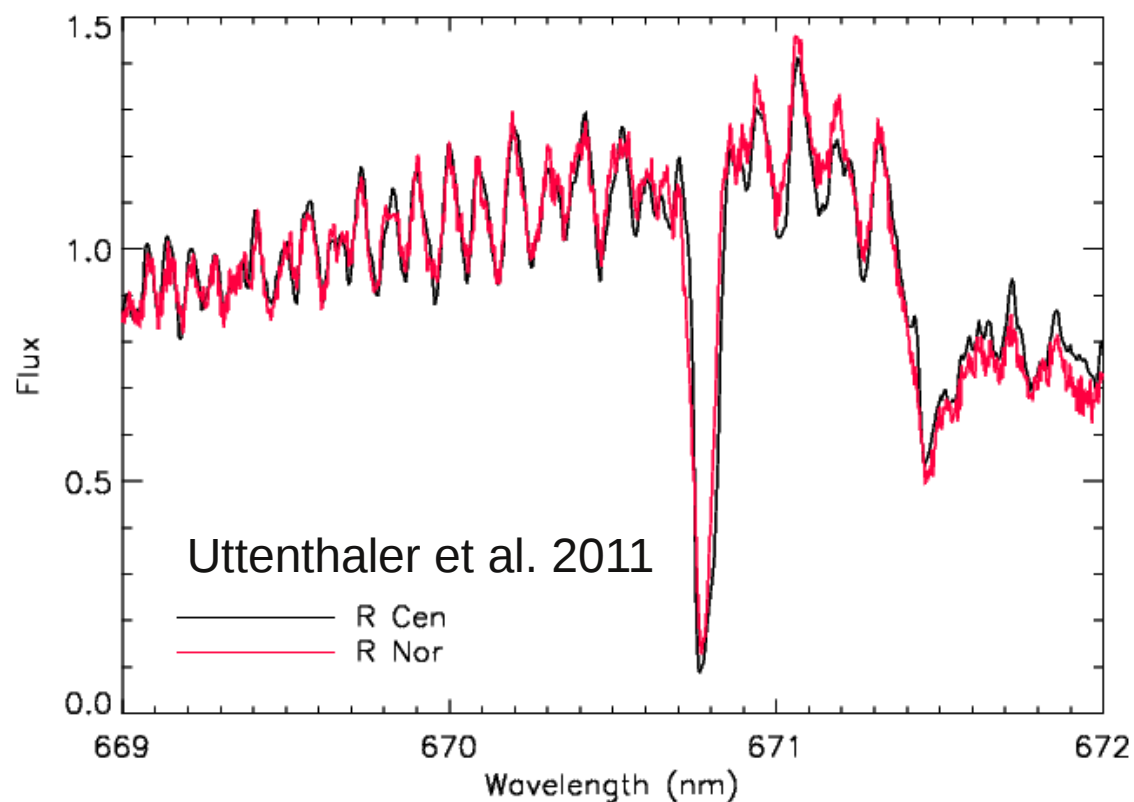
# Lithium and hot bottom burning in long-period Miras

Galactic super Li-rich Miras identified by García-Hernández et al. 2007.

Li very enhanced for  $P \geq 400\text{d}$ .

Also the O-rich Miras **R Nor** ( $P=496\text{d}$ , Uttenthaler et al. 2011) and **R Cen** ( $P=538\text{d}$ ) are found to be extremely enhanced in Li:  $\log \epsilon(\text{Li})=+4.8!$

Long pulsation period and high Li abundance are indicators of intermediate-mass AGB stars ( $M \gtrsim 4 M_{\odot}$ ).



These stars can be of importance in the cosmological context (Lind et al. 2009).

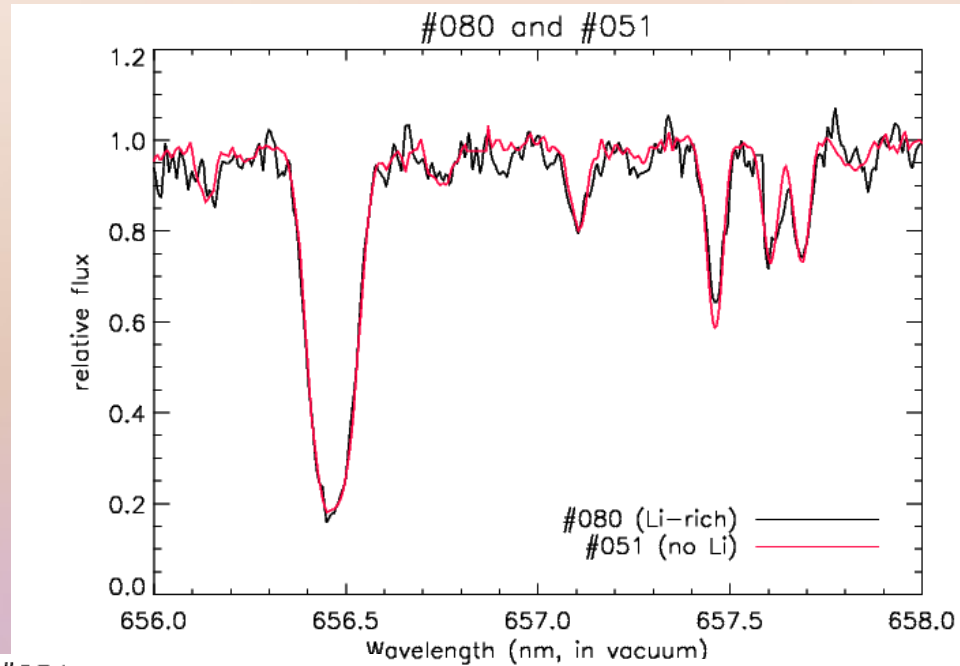
Thanks for your attention!

Note: The colour of the 671 nm Li transition is approximately the same as that of my shirt.

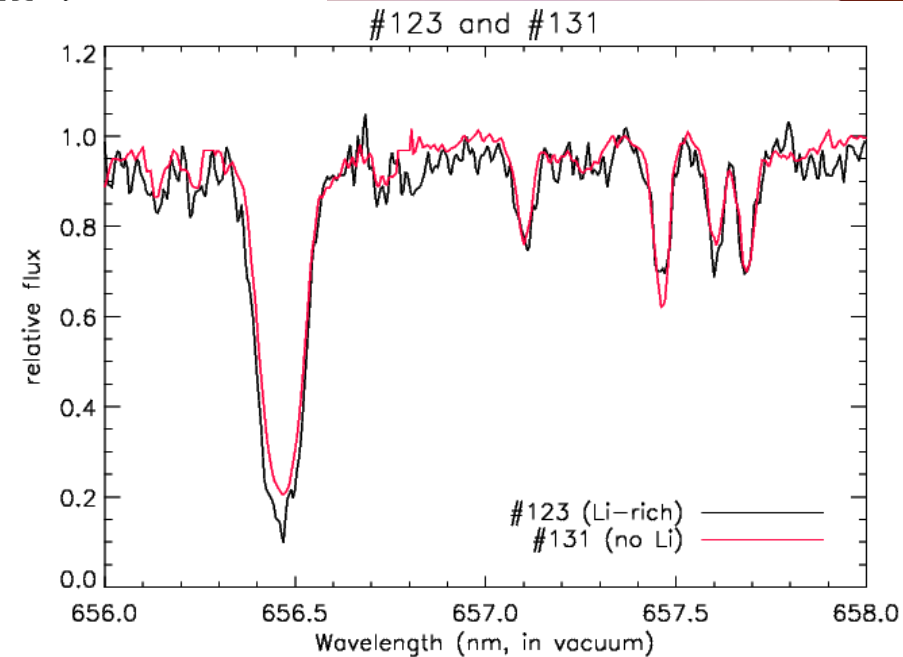
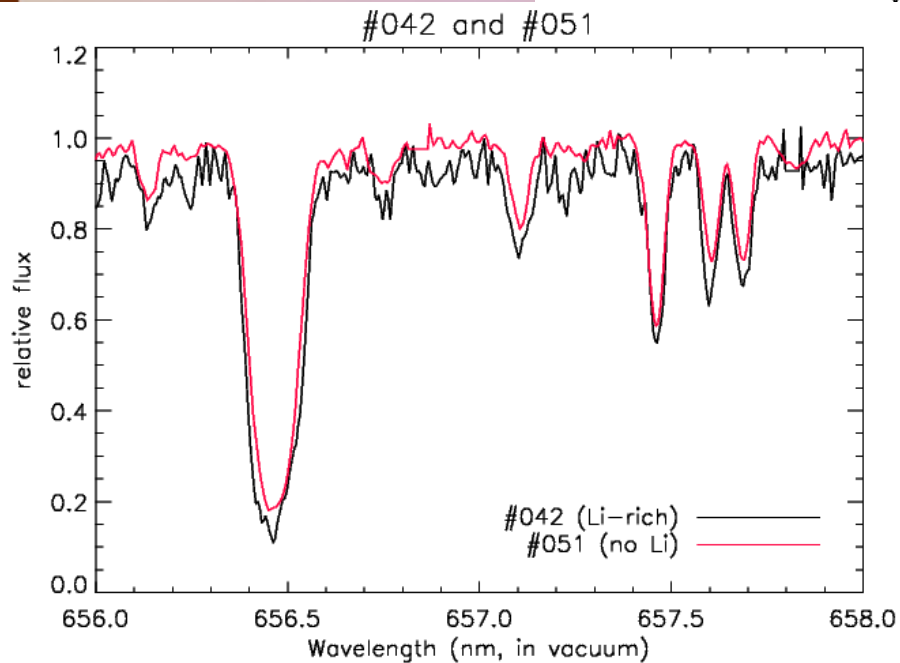
# Conclusions

- 1) Lack of distinct episode of Li enhancement in low-mass RGB stars.
- 2) No mass loss from Li-rich stars → internal enrichment mechanism?!
- 3) Trend of  $\log \varepsilon(\text{Li})$  with  $T_{\text{eff}}$
- 4) Fraction of Li-detected stars on the upper RGB comparable to fraction of Li-rich AGB stars. Li might be "inherited" from the RGB.
- 5) Dredge-up of Li in low-mass AGB stars.
- 6) Extreme Li abundance an indicator of high mass of long-period Miras, enrichment of ISM with Li in some phases.

# Enhanced mass loss from Li-rich stars?

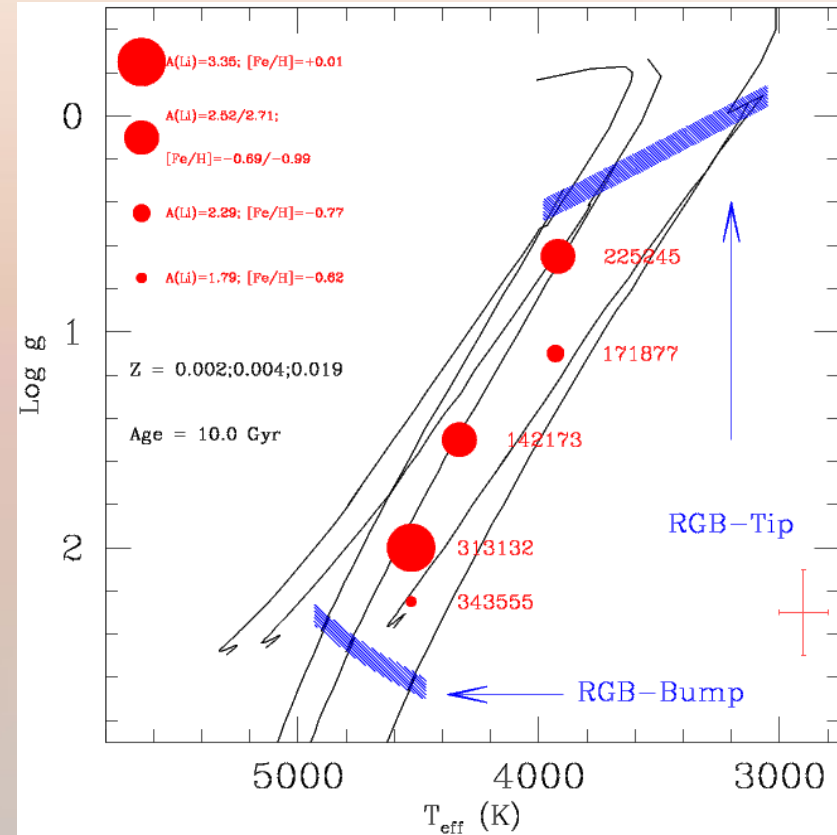
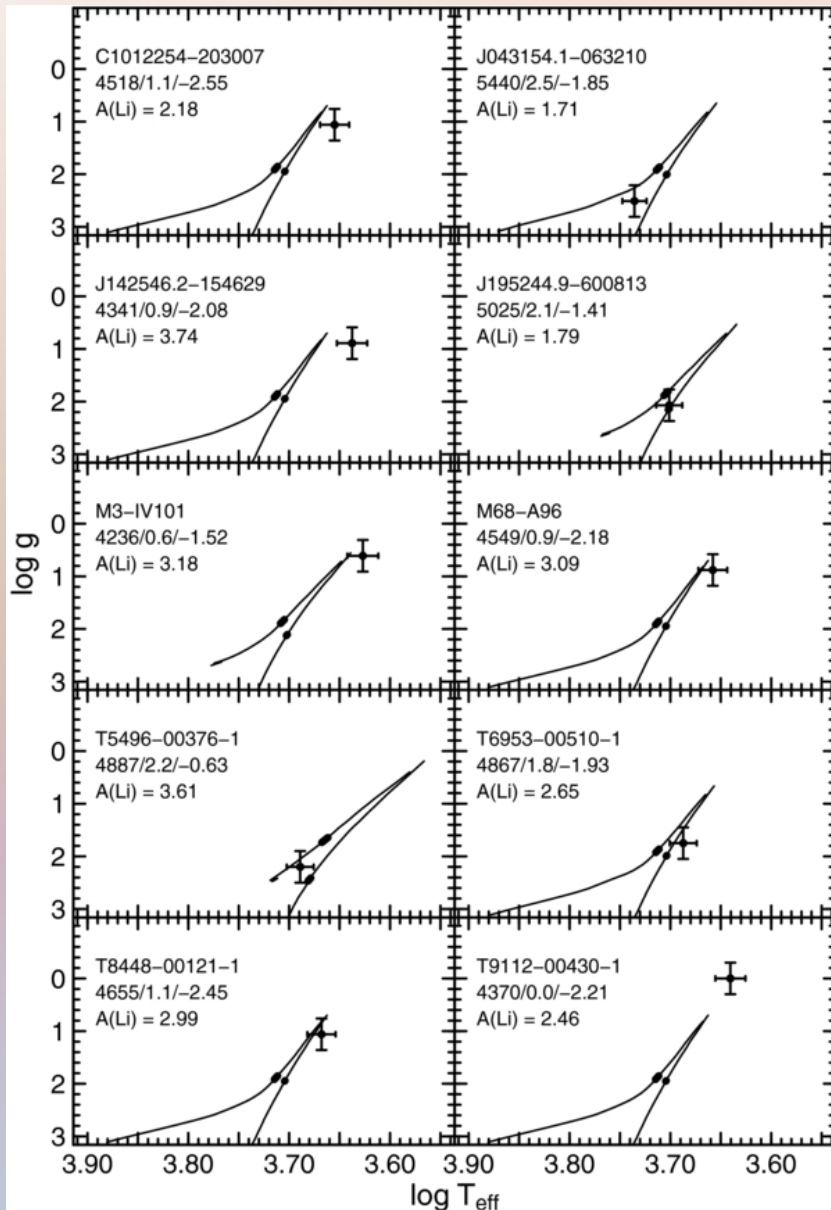


No asymmetries in  
H $\alpha$  line profile,  
no gas mass loss!





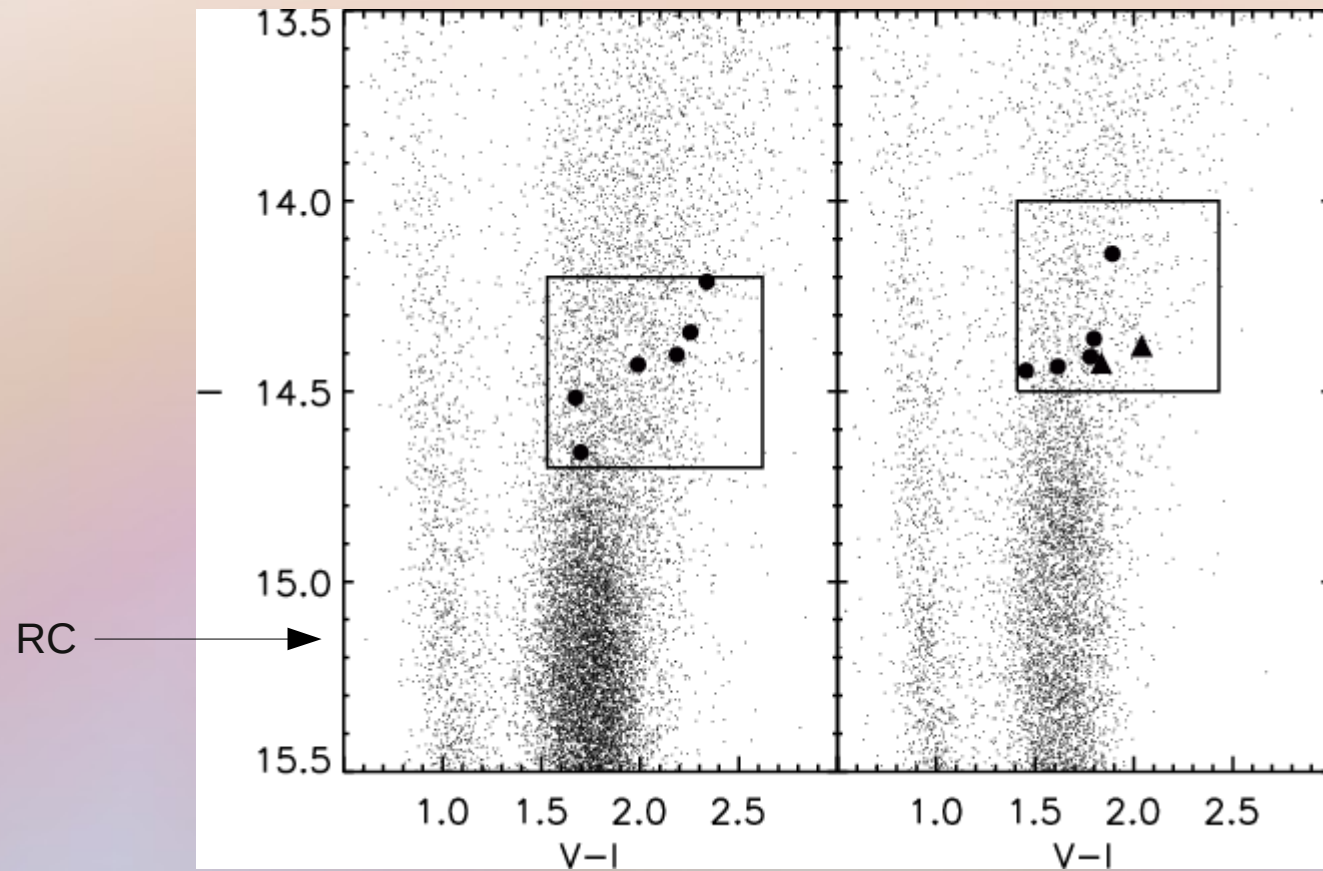
# No particular Li-rich phase found in recent studies



Monaco et al. (2011, Li-rich giants in the Thick Disk, 824 sample stars)

Ruchti et al. (2011, low-metallicity stars from RAVE)

No particular Li-rich phase found in recent studies



Gonzalez et al., 2009