

Hunting for brown dwarf binaries with X-Shooter

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EMIR postdoctoral fellow
Instituto de Astrofísica de Canarias



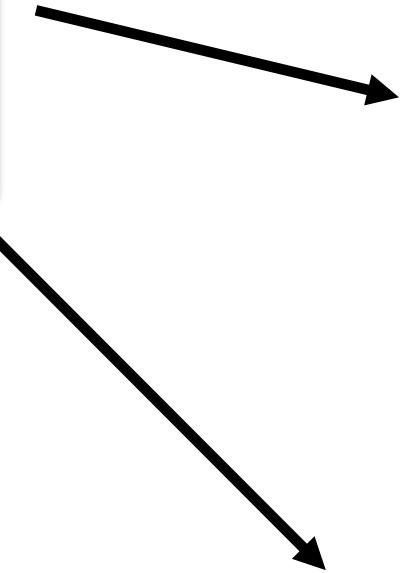
Brown dwarfs

Brown
dwarfs



Substellar objects
 $(13M_{Jup} - 75M_{Jup})$

Brown dwarfs



Substellar objects
($13M_{Jup}$ - $75M_{Jup}$)

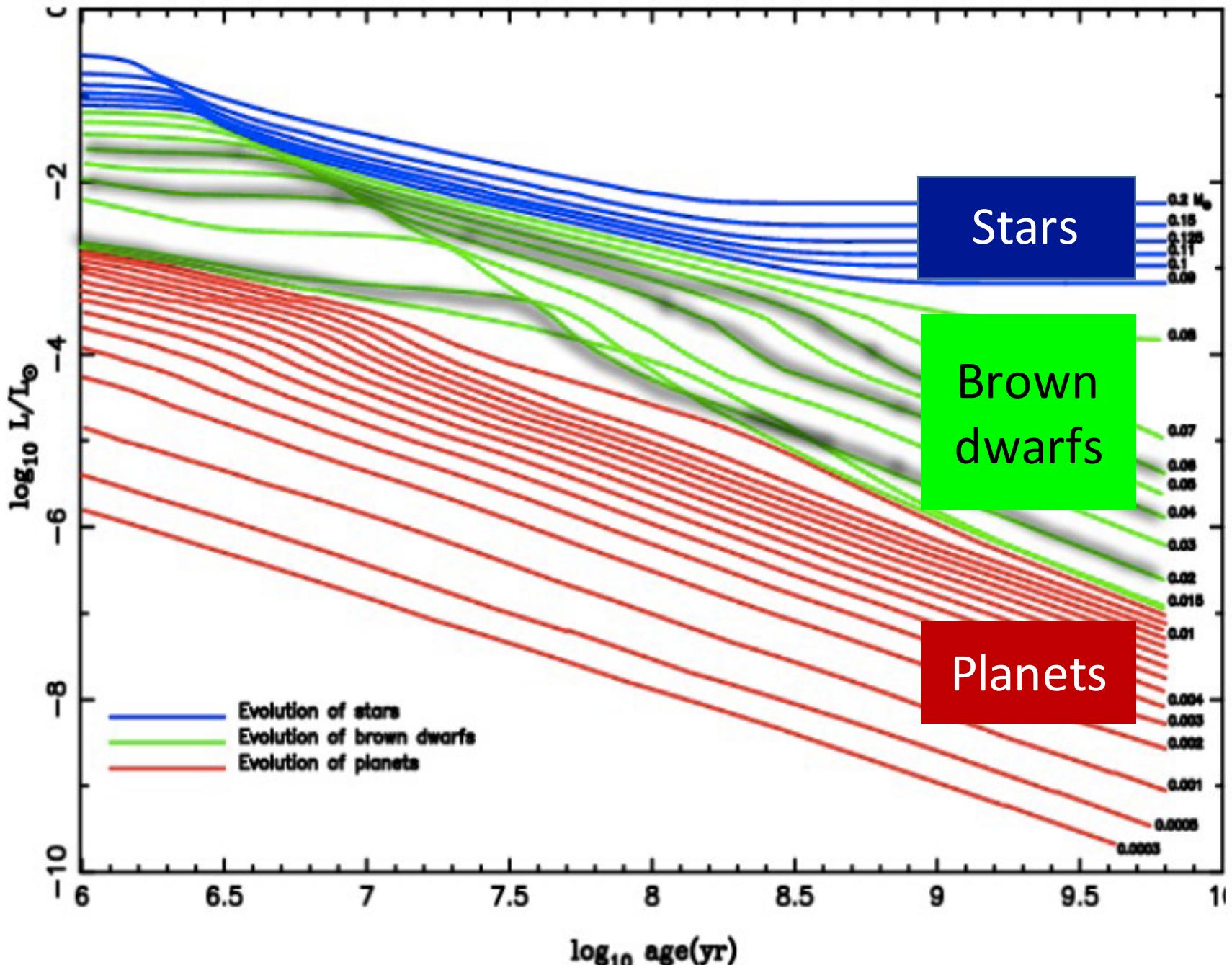
Do not sustain H
burning

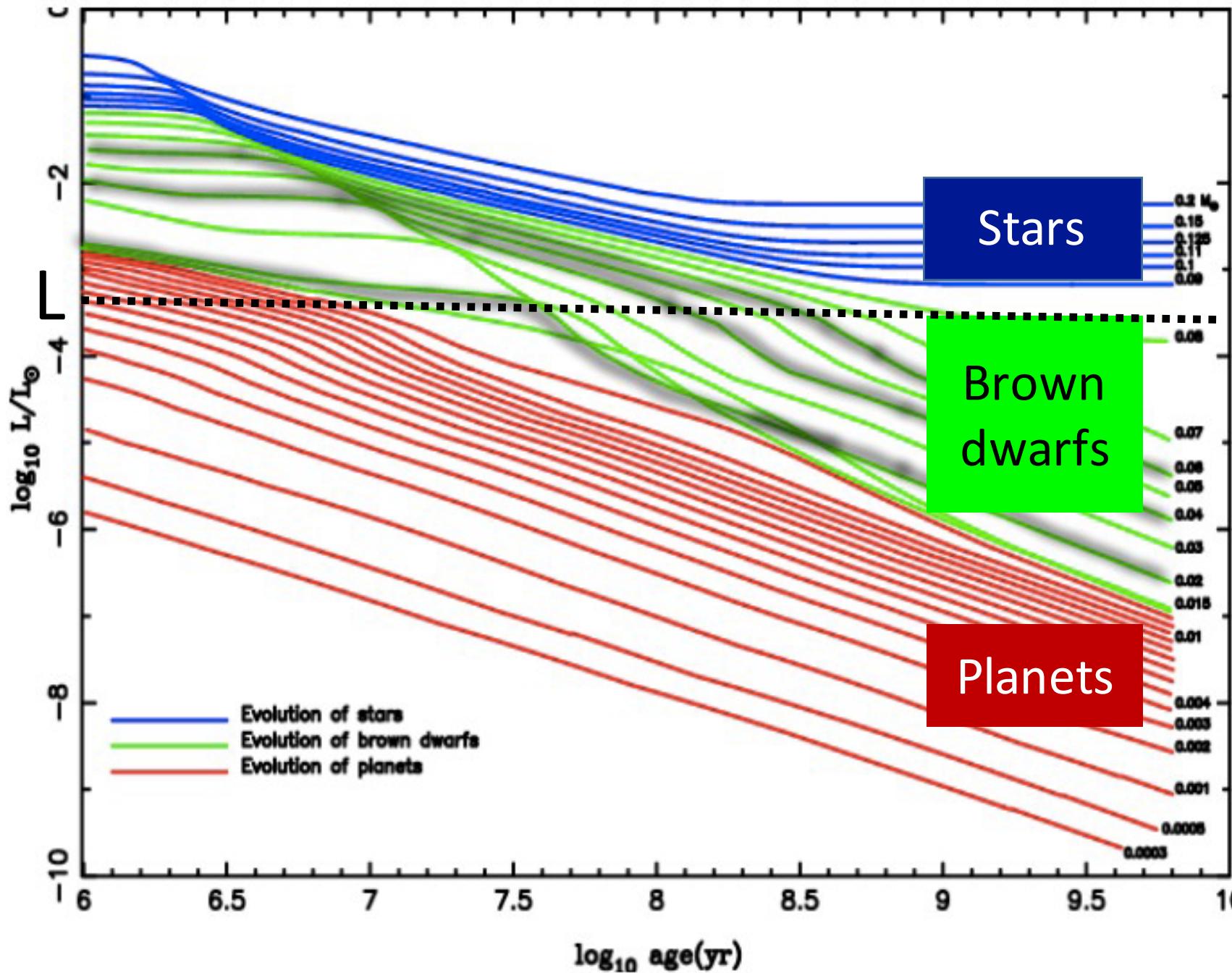
Brown dwarfs

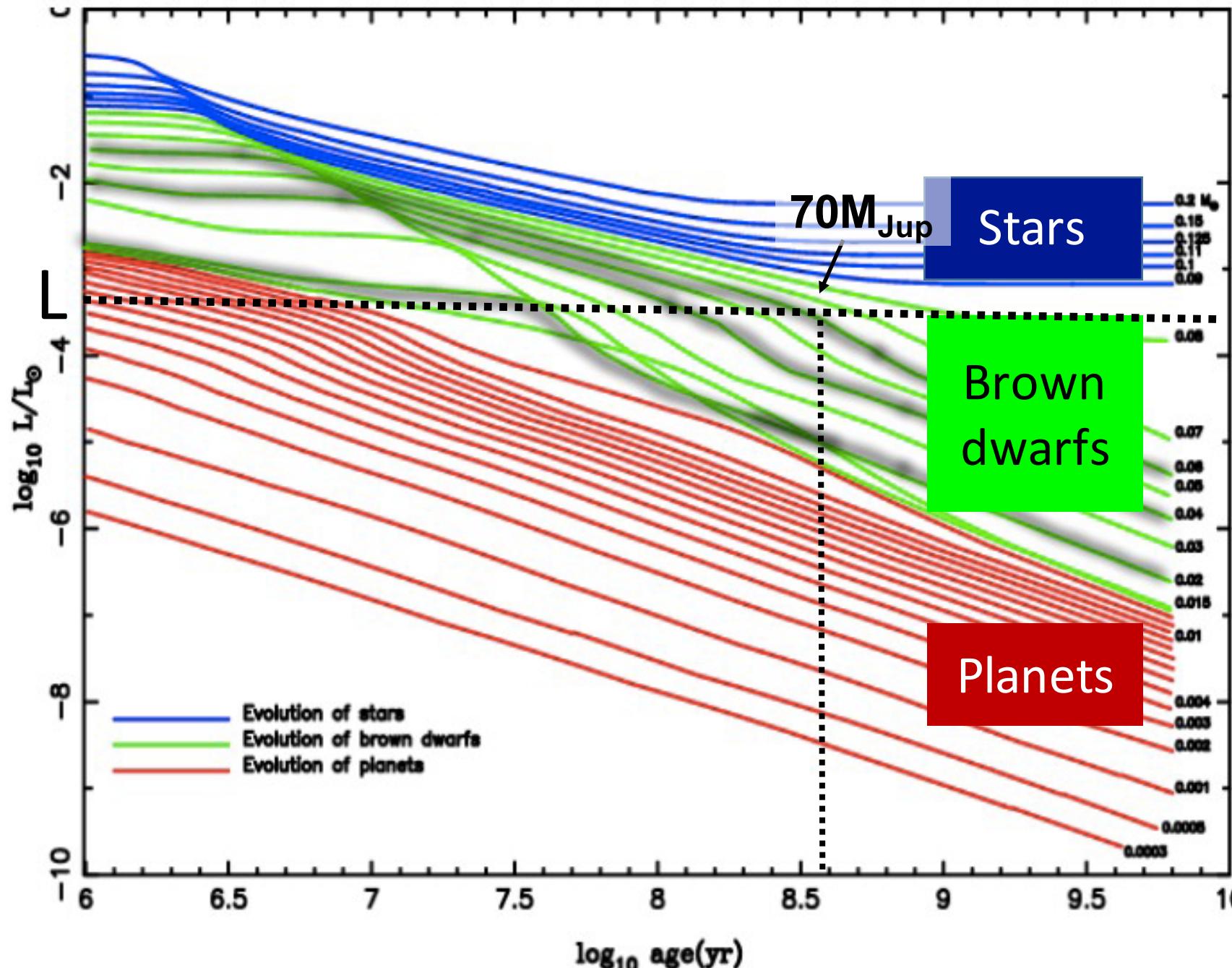
Substellar objects
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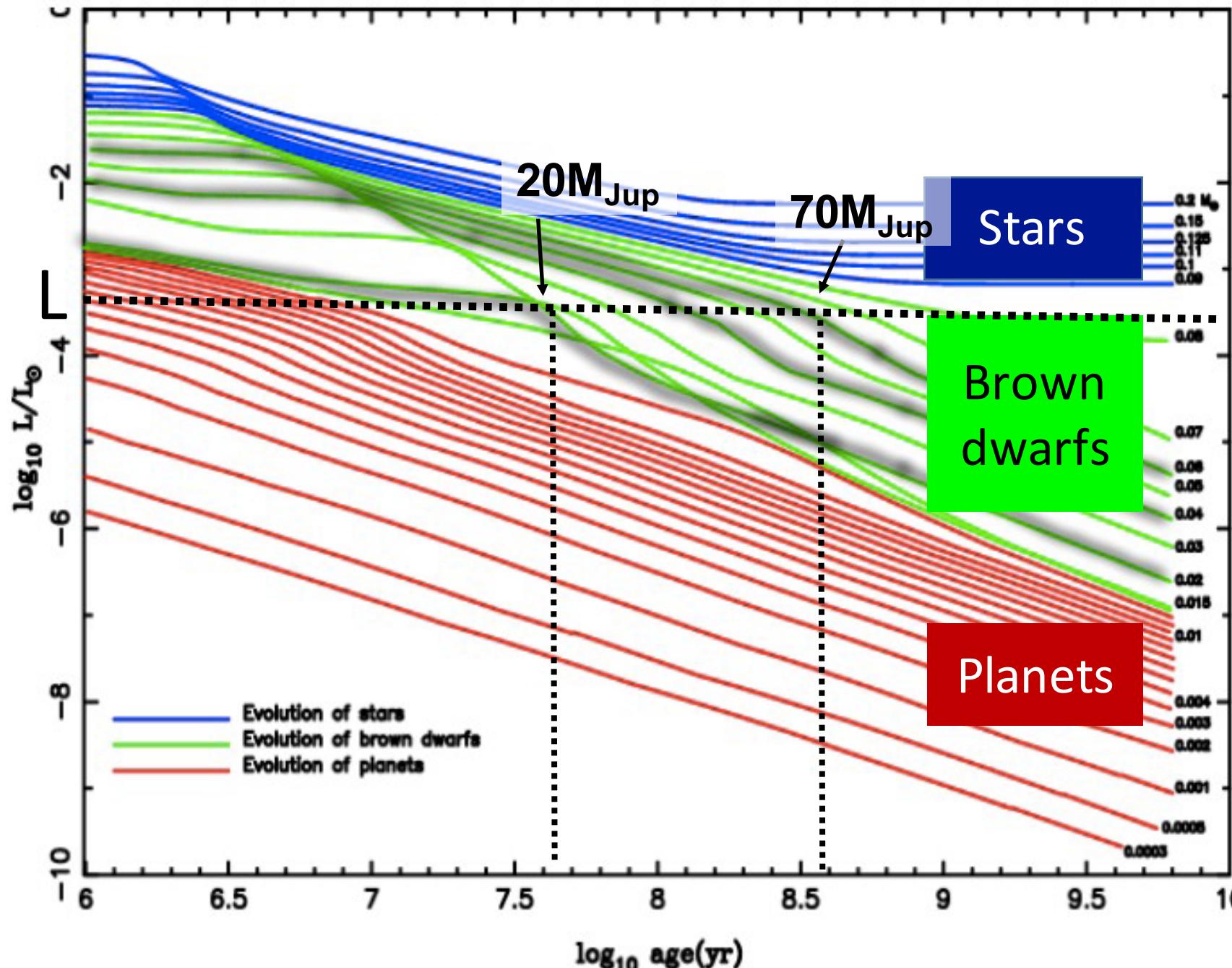
L - T - Y
2600 K \rightarrow 300 K

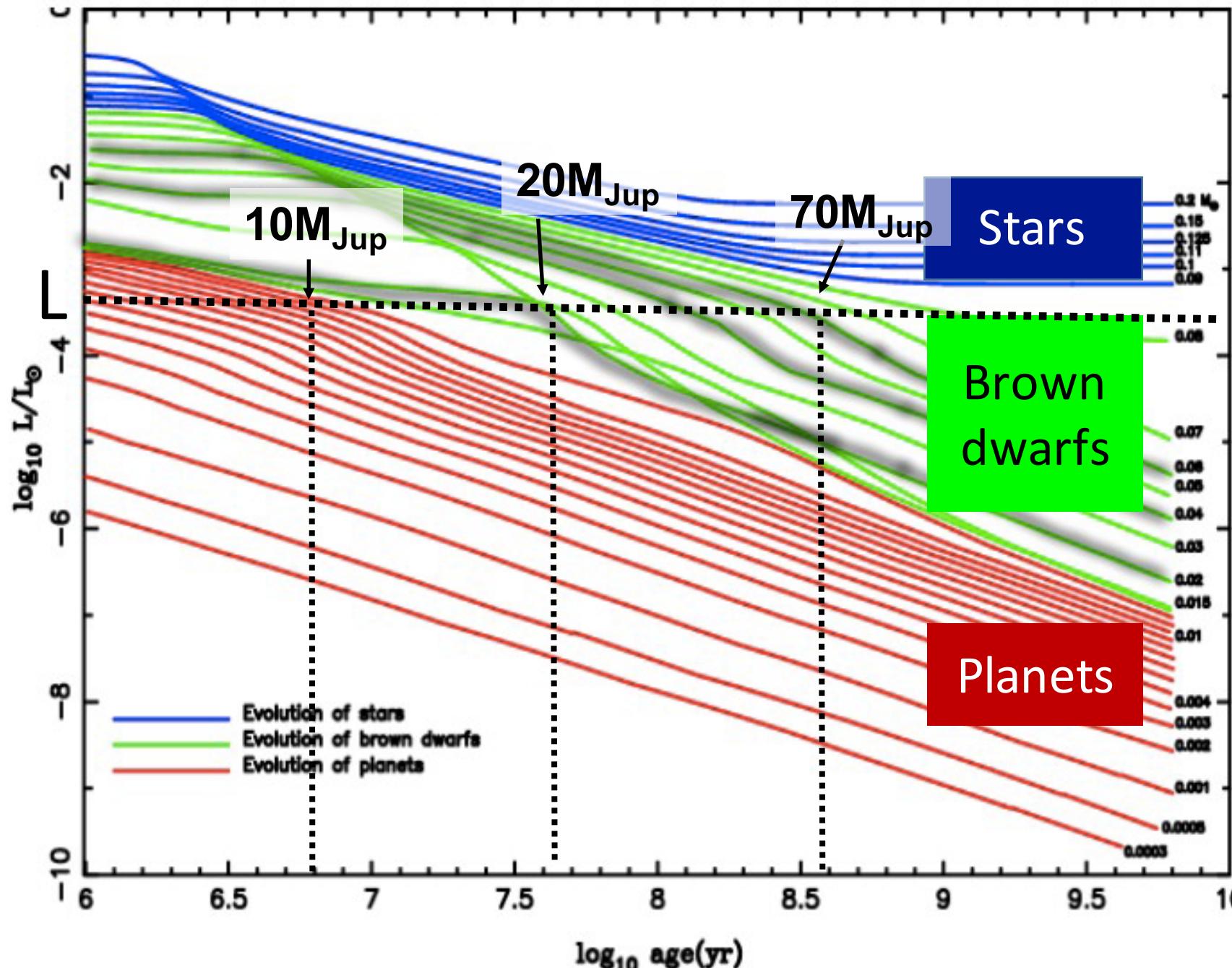
Do not sustain H
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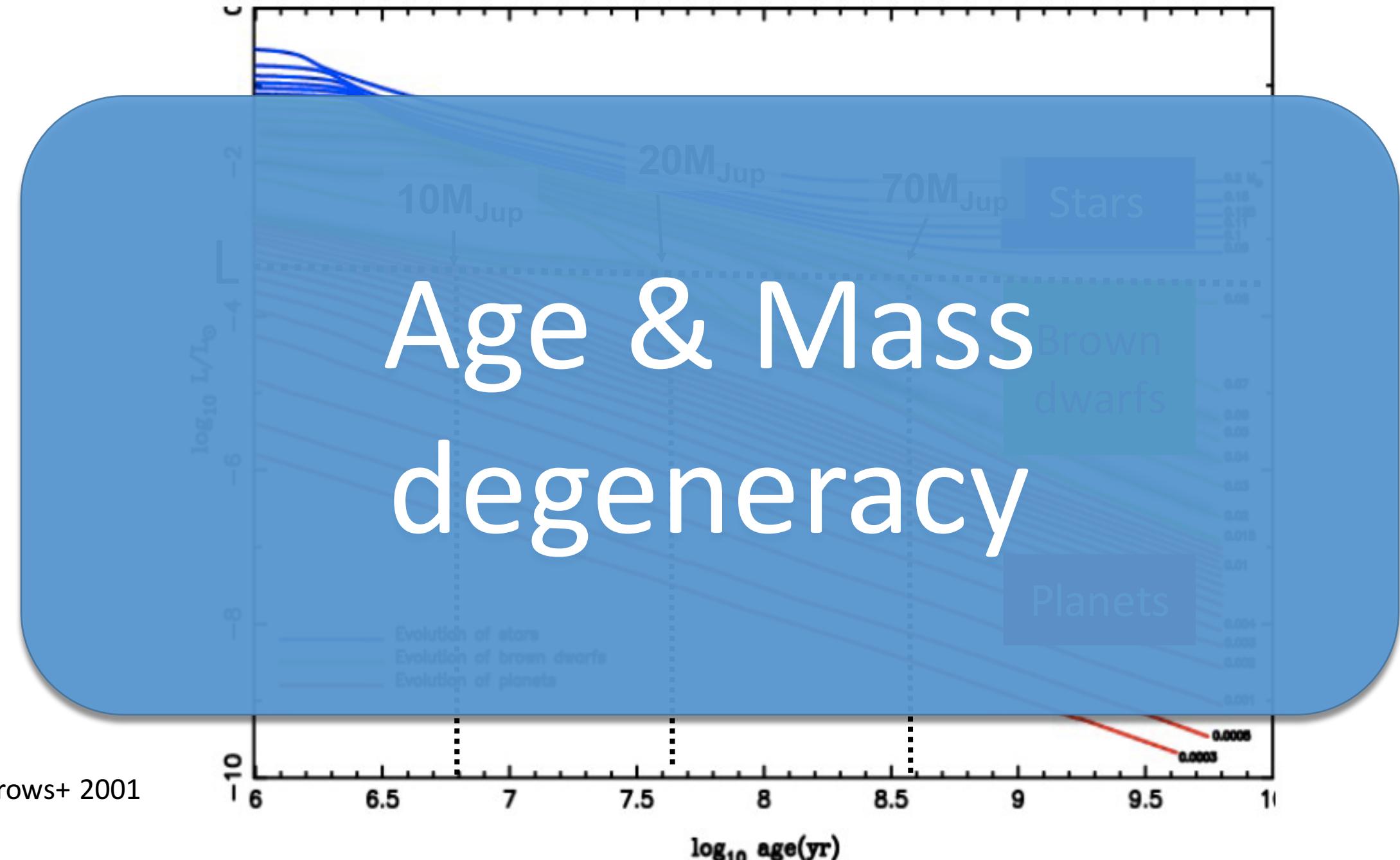












Why is important
to study brown
dwarf binaries?

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Estimate the BD
binary fraction

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Estimate the BD
binary fraction



Constraints BD
formation scenarios

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Estimate the BD
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Constraints BD
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Dynamical masses

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Estimate the BD
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Constraints BD
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Dynamical masses



Mass & age constrain

Brown dwarf binaries

Brown dwarf
binaries

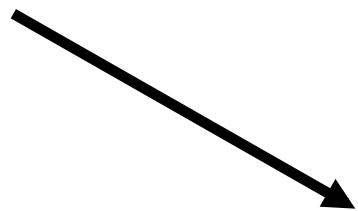


Estimated
20%

Brown dwarf
binaries



Estimated
20%



6-7% (Allen 2007)
are not resolved by
high resolution
imaging

Brown dwarf
binaries

Estimated
20%

Spectroscopy

6-7% (Allen 2007)
are not resolved by
high resolution
imaging

X-Shooter (500 nm-
2500 nm) spectra of
22 objects

1 L+L known binary
1 L+T known binary

X-Shooter (500 nm-
2500 nm) spectra of
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1 L+L known binary
1 L+T known binary

Different
classification in
OPTICAL/NIR

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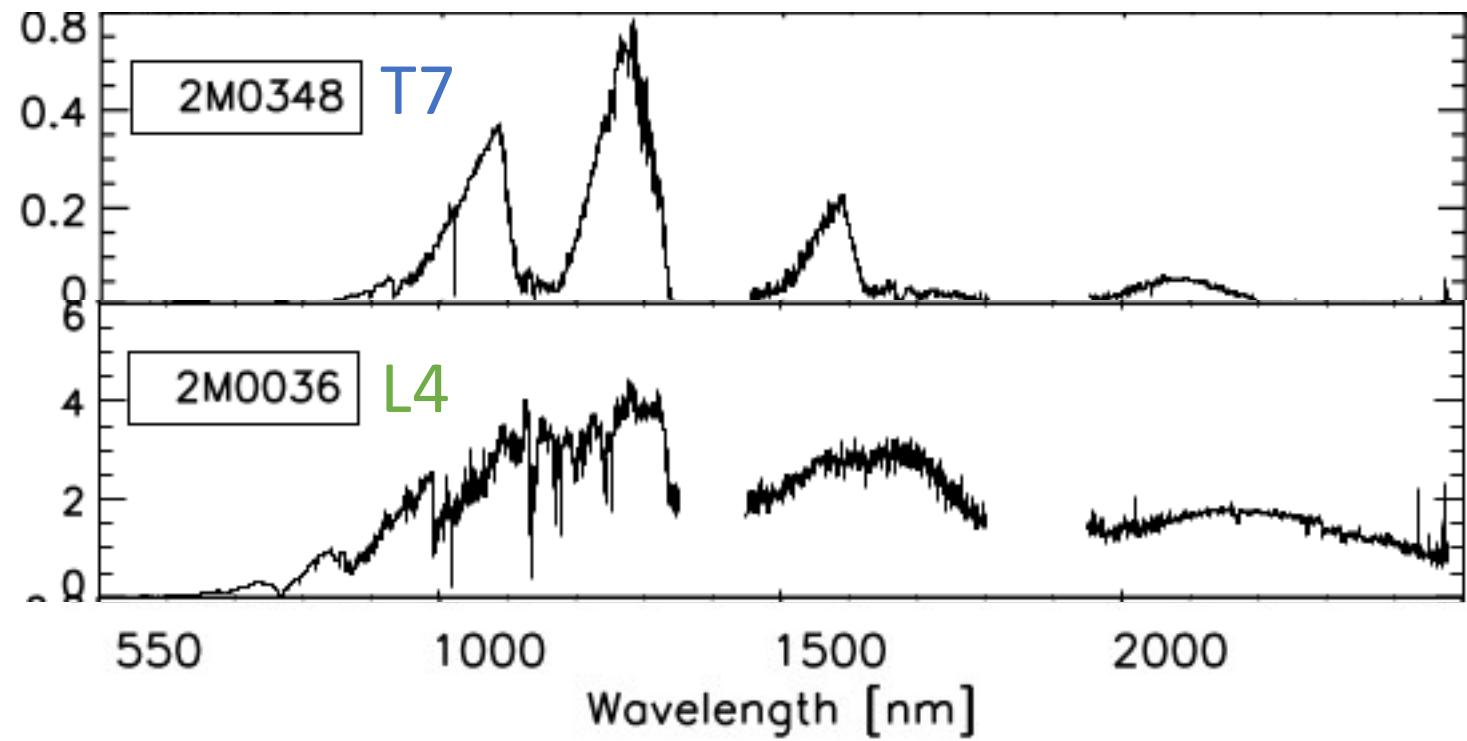
Different
classification in
OPTICAL/NIR

Peculiar

X-Shooter (500 nm-
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Different
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Peculiar



L+T



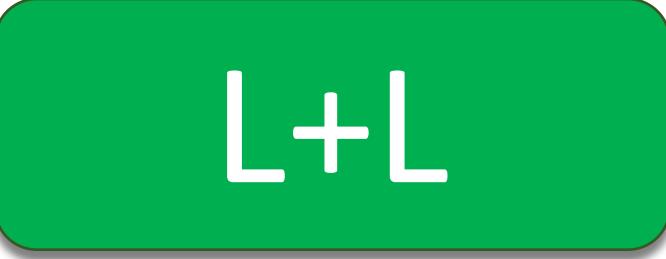
L+T



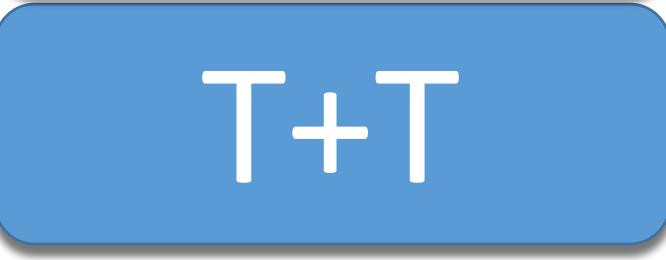
L+L



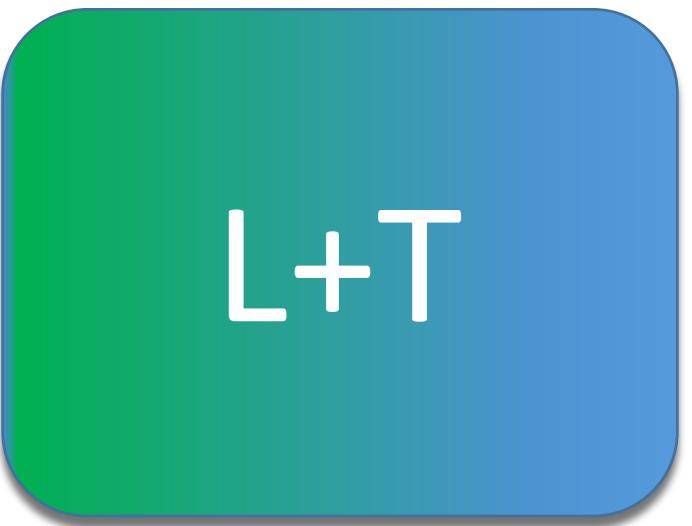
$L + T$



$L + L$



$T + T$



L+T

L+T



Spectral indices
(Burgasser+ 2006, 2010
& Bardalez-Gagliuffi+
2014)

L+T



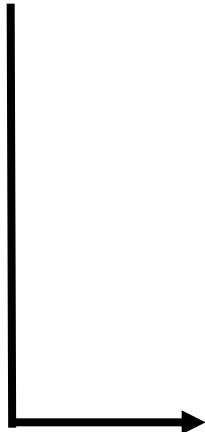
Spectral indices
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6 candidates/22 objects

L+T



Spectral indices
(Burgasser+ 2006, 2010
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2014)



Comparison to
BD SINGLE SPECTRA
&
BD SYNTHETIC BINARY
SPECTRA

6 candidates/22 objects

L+T

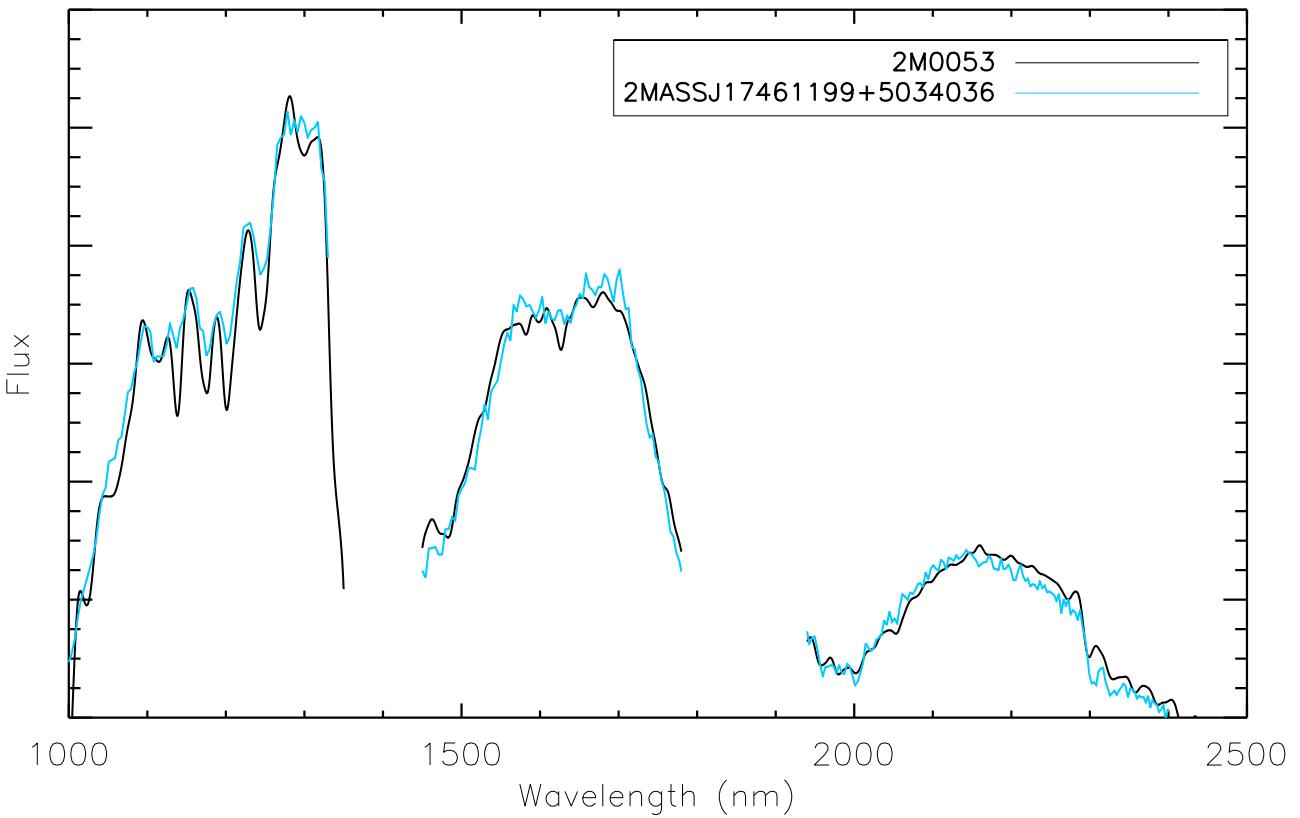
L+T

BD SINGLE SPECTRA

L+T

Min χ^2_{single}

BD SINGLE SPECTRA

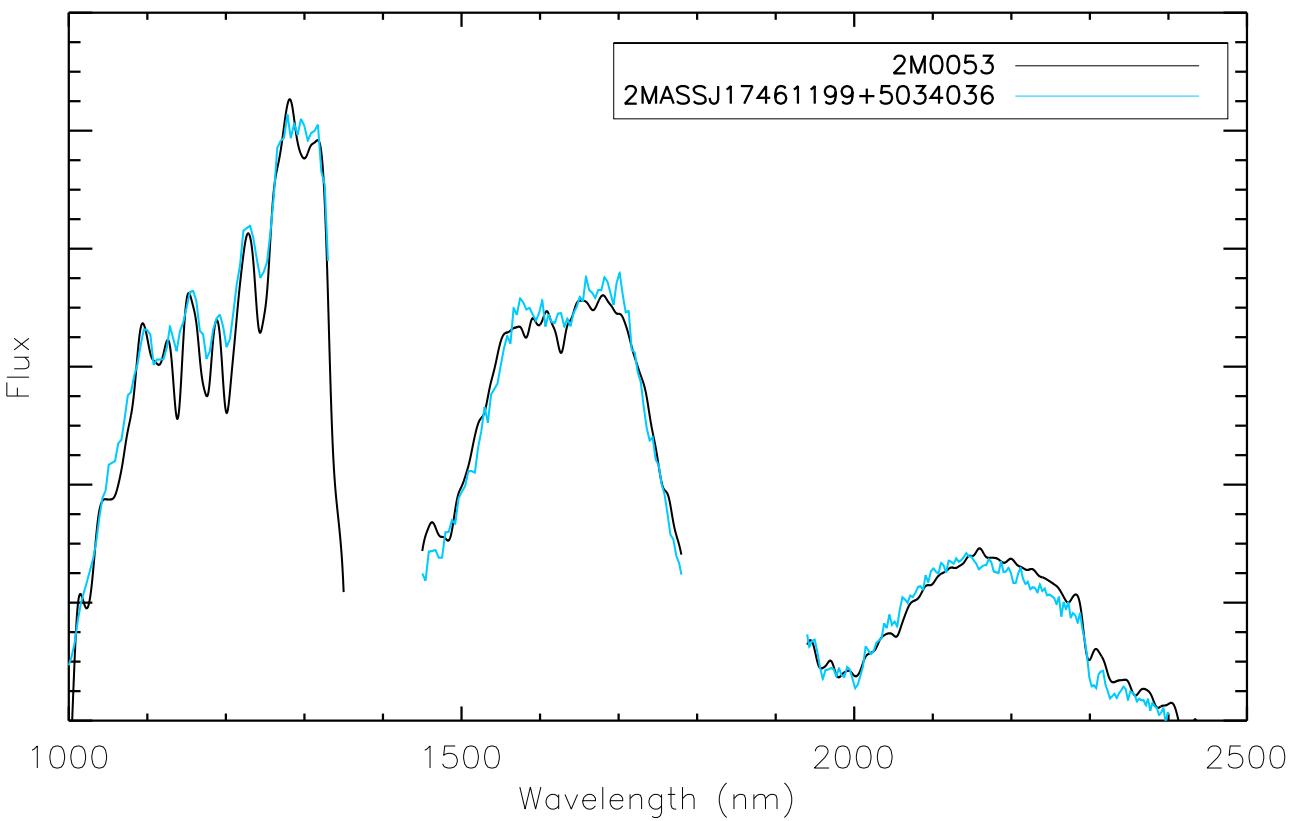


L+T

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BD SINGLE SPECTRA

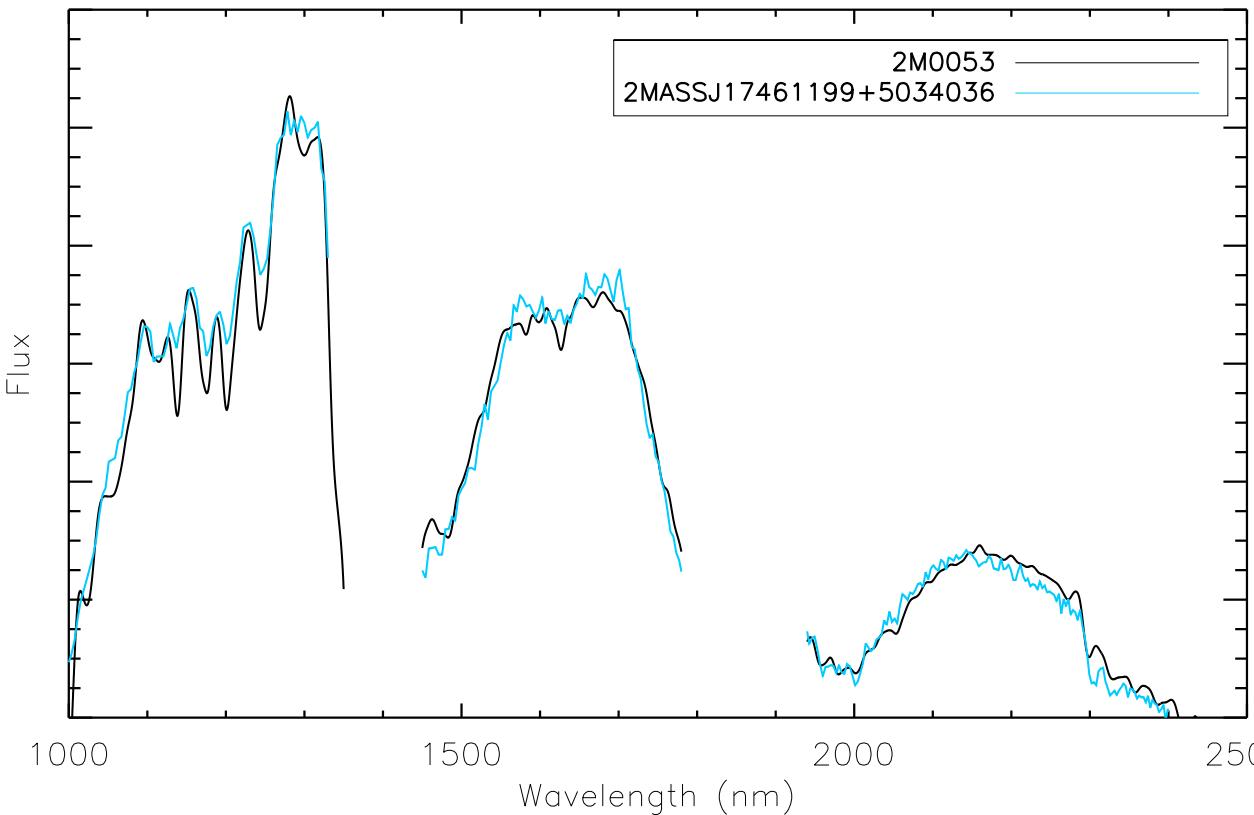
BD SYNTHETIC BINARY
SPECTRA



L+T

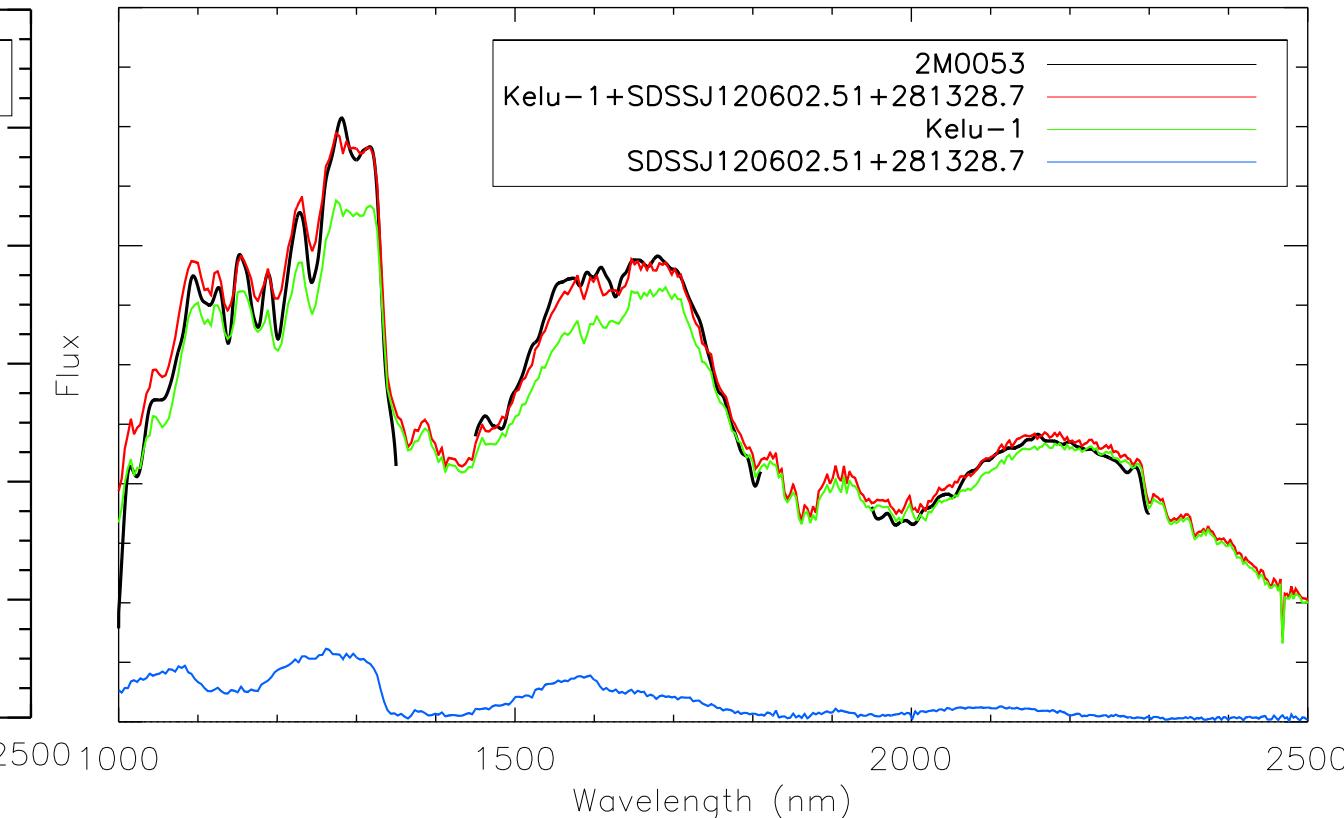
Min χ^2
single

BD SINGLE SPECTRA



Min χ^2
Synthetic
binary

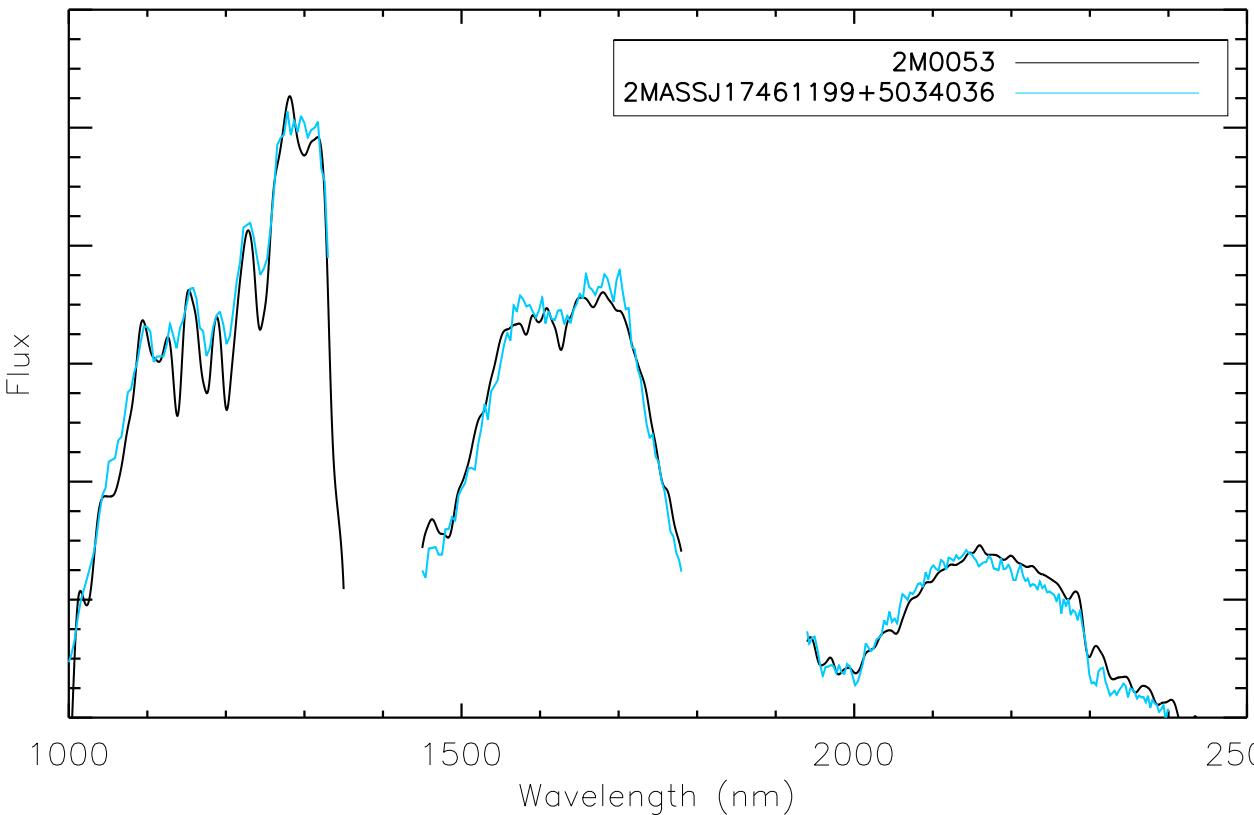
BD SYNTHETIC BINARY
SPECTRA



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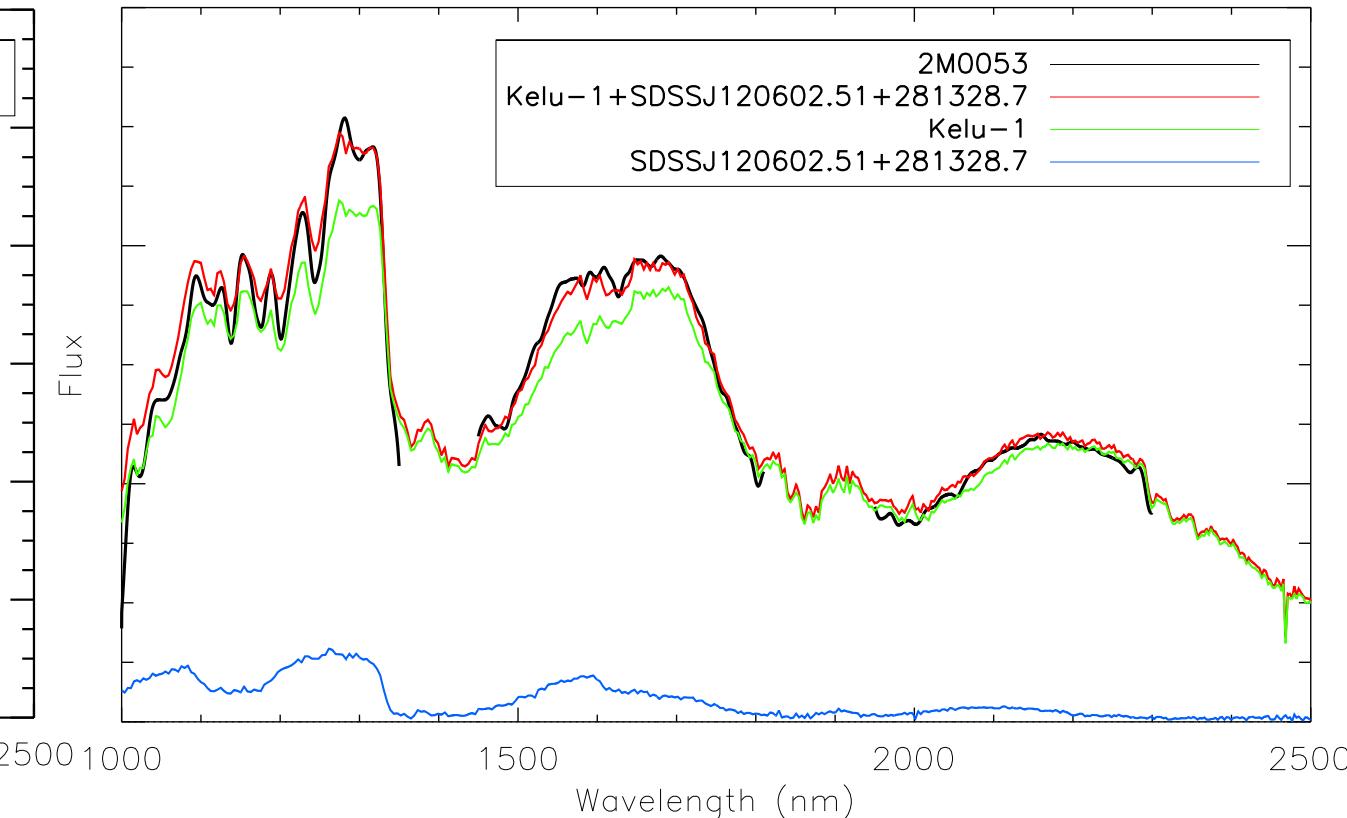
Min χ^2
single

BD SINGLE SPECTRA



Min χ^2
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BD SYNTHETIC BINARY
SPECTRA



η

$$\eta = \frac{\text{Min}(\chi^2)_{\text{Single}} / \text{dof}_{\text{single}}}{\text{Min}(\chi^2)_{\text{Synthetic binary}} / \text{dof}_{\text{Synthetic binary}}}$$

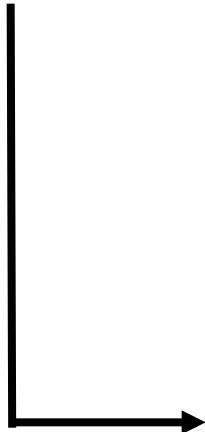
$$\eta = \frac{\text{Min}(\chi^2)_{\text{Single}} / \text{dof}_{\text{single}}}{\text{Min}(\chi^2)_{\text{Synthetic binary}} / \text{dof}_{\text{Synthetic binary}}} > 1.31$$

99%
Binary

L+T



Spectral indices
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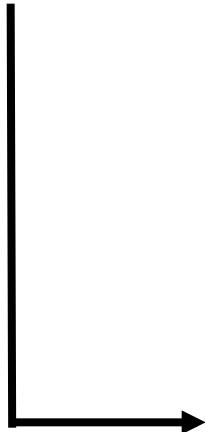
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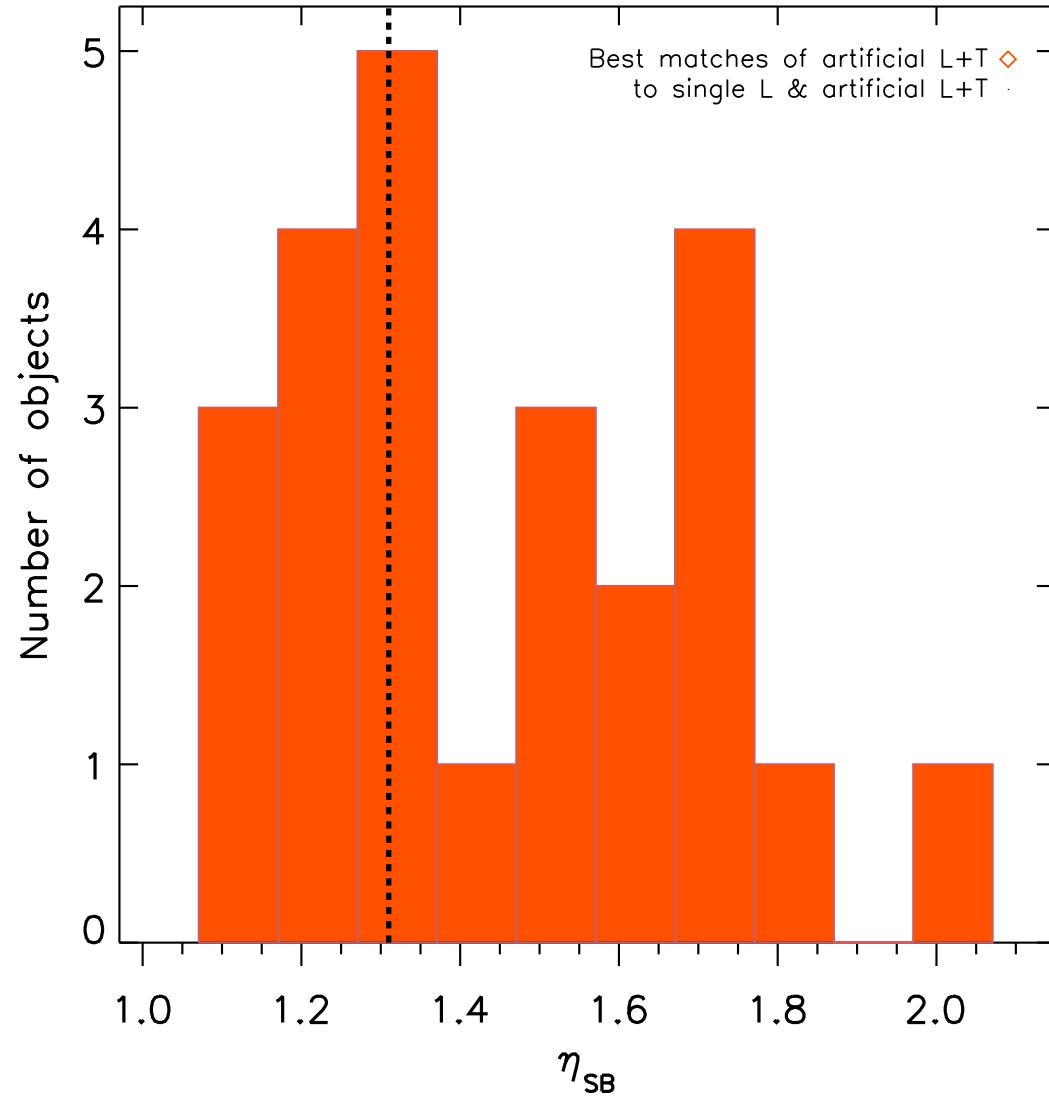
3 / 6 candidates

L+T

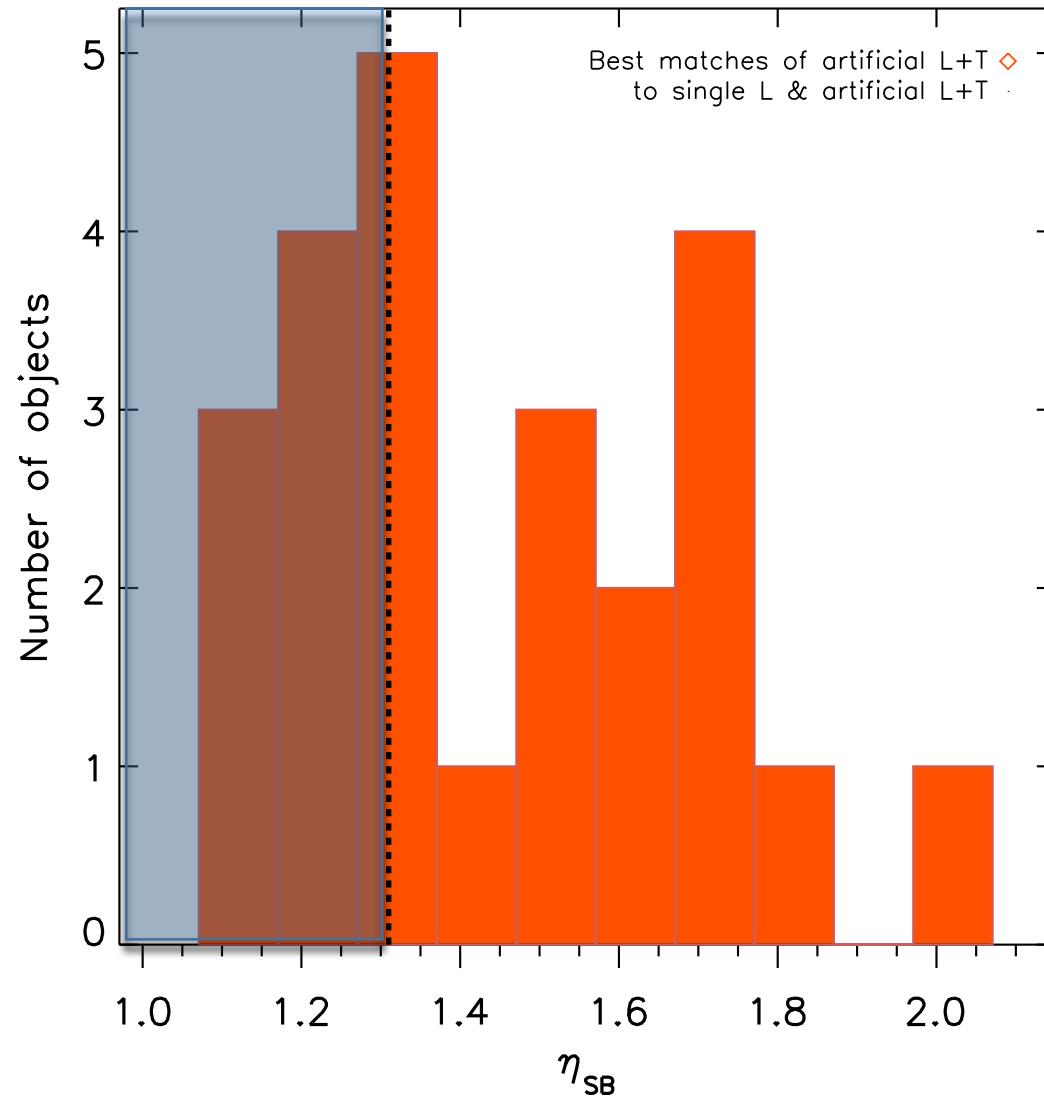
L+T

Fraction of L+T binaries missing?

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Fraction of L+T binaries missing?



L+L

T+T

L+L

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Comparison to
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SPECTRA

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Comparison to
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&

BD SYNTHETIC BINARY
SPECTRA

Can we differentiate between L & L+L spectra?

L+L

T+T



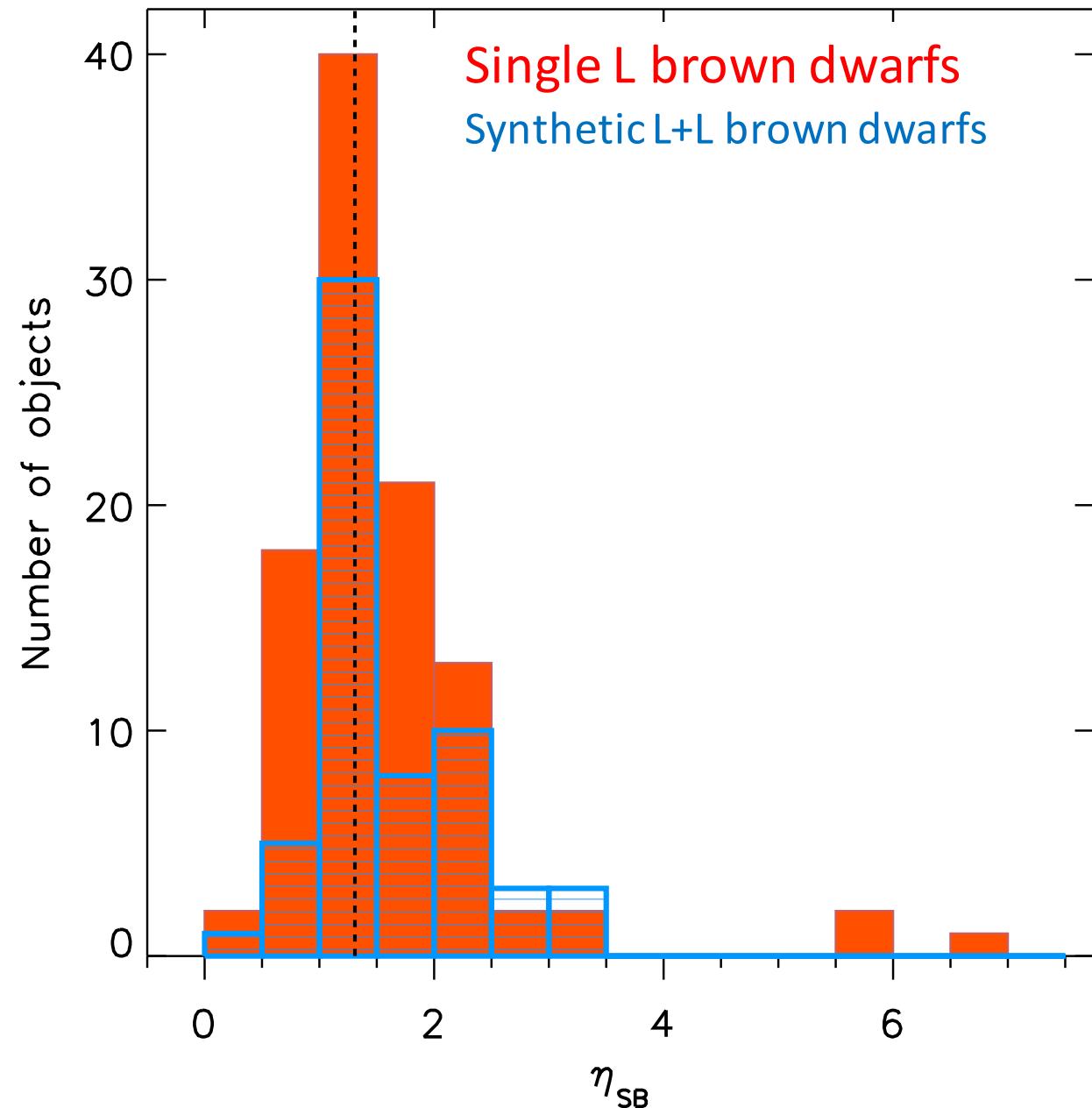
Comparison to
BD SINGLE SPECTRA

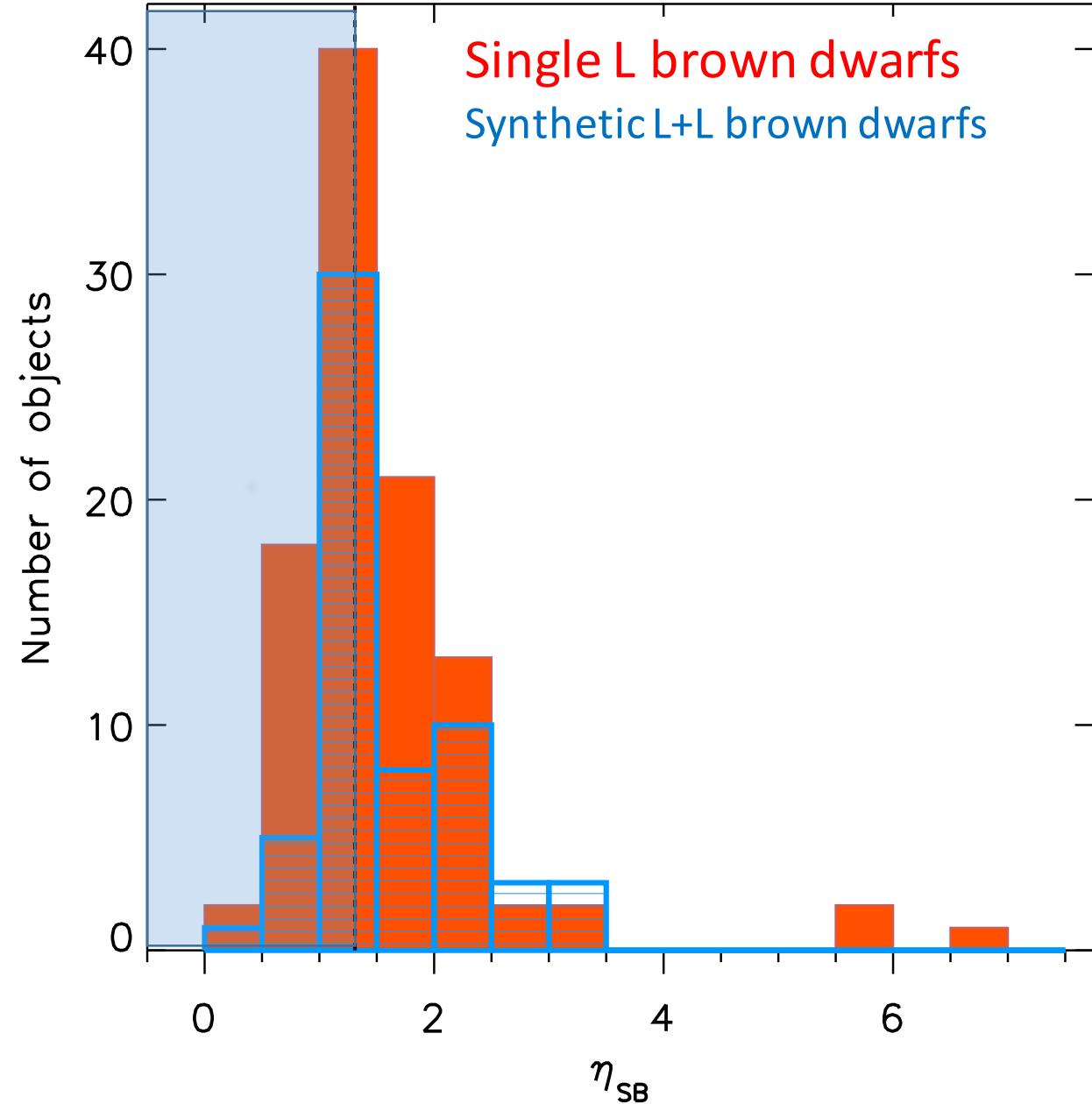
&

BD SYNTHETIC BINARY
SPECTRA

Can we differentiate between L & L+L spectra?

Can we differentiate between T & T+T spectra?





Conclusions

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We found a **min L+T binary fraction for our peculiar sample between:**

$4.5^{+9.1}_{-1.4}$ -- $13.6^{+10.4}_{-4.3}$ % (1 object/22 – 3 objects /22)

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We cannot distinguish equal spectral type binaries from single BDs
(Single L & L+L binaries & T & T+T binaries)